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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XII NO. 258 BOMBAY SATURDAY NOVEMBER 1, 1924. TWO ANNAS.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are required to be in possession of Passports.

Date.	Steamer.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1st Nov.	DONGOLA	MOREA*	10,911
8th ,,	NARKUNDA		16,227
15th ,,	DONGOLA	MOOLTANx	10,874
22nd ,,	NALDERA		15,993
29th ,,	DEVANHA	MALWA*	10,941
6th Dec.	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
13th ,,	DONGOLA	MALOJAx	20,837
20th ,,	CHINA		7,952
27th ,,	DEVANHA	MANTUA*	10,902
1925 3rd Jan.	CALEDONIA		7,622
10th ,,	DONGOLA	MONGOLIAx	16,385
17th ,,	NARKUNDA		16,227
24th ,,	DEVANHA	MACEDONIA*	11,089
31st ,,	NALDERA		15,993
7th Feb.	DONGOLA	MOLADAVIAx	16,277
14th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
21st ,,	DELTA	MOREA*	10,911
28th ,,	CHINA		7,952
7th March	DONGOLA	MOOLTAN x	20,847
14th ,,	CALEDONIA		7,622
21st ,,	DELTA	MALWA*	16,941
27th ,,	DEVANHA@	Extra Steamer	8,092
28th ,,	NARKUNDA		16,227
4th April	DONGOLA @		8,083
11th ,,	NALDERA		15,993
18th ,,	DELTA	MANTUA*	10,902
25th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
2nd May	DONGOLA	MONGOLIAx	16,385
9th ,,	CHINA		7,952
16th ,,	DELTA	MACEDONIA*	11,089
23rd ,,	CALEDONIA		7,622
30th ,,	DONGOLA	MOLDAVIA x	16,277

a * Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
@ Special reduced fares.

	London.	Marseilles.
First Saloon	£ 66 & £ 62	£ 60 & £ 56
Second ,,	,, 52	,, 48

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamer.	Tons.
14th Nov.	MANDALA	8,246
28th ,,	MANELA	8,303
12th Dec. 1925	MARGHA	8,258
1st Jan.	BOYNE*	4,445
22nd ,,	NARINGA*	6,607
19th Feb.	MORVADA	8,193
5th March	MANDALA	8,246
19th ,,	DOMALA	8,441
2nd April	MODASA	8,986
16th ,,	MATIANA	8,905
30th ,,	MASULA*	7,261

* Cargo vessel only, will not convey passengers.

P. & O. SAILINGS BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Date.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connects at Colombo for Australia with
11th Nov.	SOUDAN	6,696	MONGOLIA.
9th Dec. 1925	SICILIA	6,813	MOLDAVIA.
6th Jan.	SARDINIA	6,684	MOOLTAN.
3rd Feb.	SOUDAN	6,696	MALOJA
17th ,,	SICILIA	6,813	KHYBER
17th Mar.	SARDINIA	6,684	CATHAY

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about.	Steamer.	Destination.
1st Nov.	CHAKLA	Karachi via Kathiawar 9-30 a.m.
3rd ,,	VITA	Karachi viaKathiawar
5th ,,	BANKURA	Buseh via Karachi & P. Gulf Ports
7th ,,	VASNA	Buseh via Karachi.
12th ,,	KHANDALLA	East & S. Africa.

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Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Tokushima Maru.	K.Fukuda	5976	22nd Oct.	3rd Nov
*Tamba Maru.	J Fujisawa	594	1st. Nov.	11th Nov.
Morioka Maru.	S. Kameyama.	4469	17th Nov.	1st Dec.
Ceylon Maru.	T. Yamamoto.	4905	29th Nov.	13th ,,
Hakodate Maru.	S. Tokunaga.	5303	3rd Dec	17th ,,
Toba Maru.	S. Shibutami.	6995	16th ,,	30th ,,

* Passenger Steamer.

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ESTABLISHED 1895.

Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid up to 30/6/24	30,17,785
Reserve Fund	23,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Montgomery
Ambala City	Hyderabad (Sind)	Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Ambala Cant.	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Bombay	Jammu	Peshawar Cantt.
Cawnpore	Jhelum City	Patiala
Calcutta	Karachi	Quetta
Delhi	Kasur	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Lahore City	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Ludhiana	Simla
Gojra	Multan City	Srinagar
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Reserve Fund ..... Yen 77,500,000
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Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Peking	Tsinan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock.
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
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Bombay, [illegible]

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Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

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Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... £ 900,000
Reserve liability of Shareholders £1,000,000
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CAPITAL PAID-UP ... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND ... Rs. 74,00,000
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Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY.
Manager.

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	Rs.
Authorised and Subscribed Capital	46,00,000
Capital called up	35,50,000
Reserve Fund	44,50,000

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Benares	Jhansi	Nagpur
Bombay	Jubbulpore	Naini Tal
Cawnpore	Lahore	Patna
Cawnpore City	Lucknow	Rae Bareli
Chandausi	Aminabad Park	Raipur
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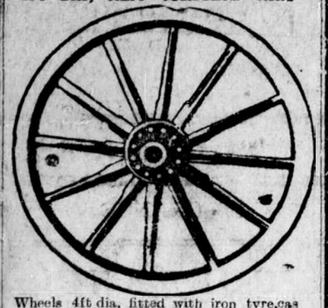

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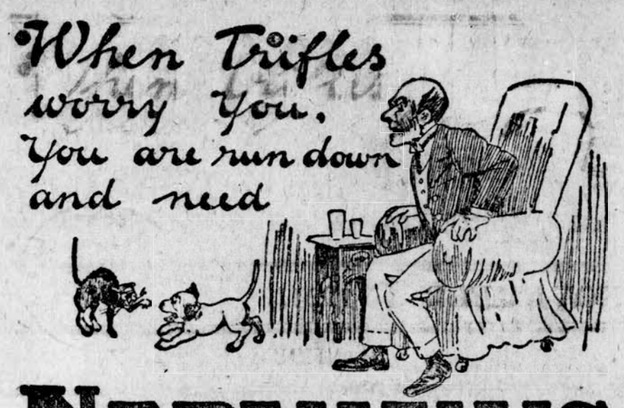

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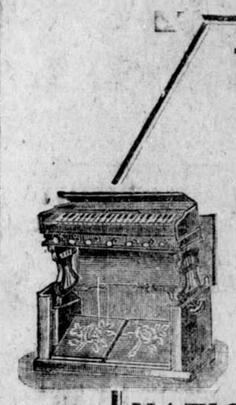

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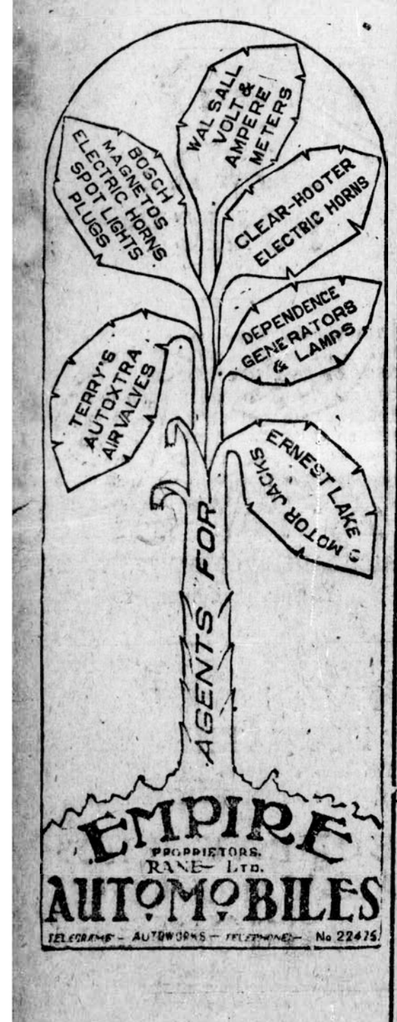

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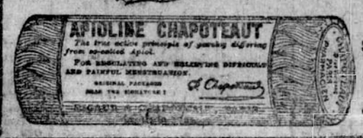

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Wickless Paraffin Stoves giving Universal Satisfaction throughout the World.
SOLD BY ALL STOVE DEALERS.
AGENTS :—
CLUBWALLA & Co.
10, Churchgate Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

HALF-WATT PHILIPS' LAMPS.
ELECTRIC
FANS
FIXTURES
ACCESSORIES
KETTLES, IRONS, ETC.
THE LONDON EASTERN & AMERICAN TRADING Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

Art Is Admired Everywhere.
ARAUJO FERNANDES & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS.
(Princess Street, BOMBAY.)
Have elevated their Tailoring to an Art.

"LATEST INVENTION"
ELECTRIC HEATERS AND CIGAR LIGHTERS
Have a Cup of Tea in 2 Minutes.
Light your Cigarette in a Second.
SAFE, RELIABLE AND NO TROUBLE.
America-India Export & Import Co.,
Lohar Chawl, BOMBAY.

See our New REDUCED PRICE LIST
SOLE AGENTS—
ABRECHT & Co.,
Opp: Whiteaway's, 28a, Hornby Road, Bombay.

"OMEGA"
The watch of matchless merit is appreciated in both
HEMISPHERES.
Discount 15 %

India Equitable Insurance Co., Ltd.,

HEAD OFFICE :—
1, LALL BAZAR STREET, CALCUTTA
UNDOUBTEDLY THE BEST LIFE INSURANCE Co.,
of about its age.
The last reversionary bonus declared to its policy-holders rises to Rs. 15 per annum for each Rs. 1,000 assured.
Mr George King, F F. A., F.I-A. (London)—one of the greates living Actuaries of London—in congratulating the Policy-holders and Shareholders of the Company on the result of the last Valuation says :—
"The very Satisfactory position which the Valuation discloses."
WANTED AGENTS on Commission and allowance on guaranteed business
For further particulars, proposal forms and terms of Agency, please apply to
THE INDIAN PRODUCTS SUPPLYING AGENCY, LTD.
Local Secretaries—79, Medows Street, Bombay.
P. CHAUDHURI Secretary, Head Office CALCUTTA.

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
The Ideal Cooker for the House: Apply for free catalogue —
ANNAPURNA COOKER CO.,
No. B. 01, P.O. Thalakwadi, Belgaum
Bombay agents: G. S. Ranade and Co. Girgaum Tram Road, opp. Govt. Stable

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AUCTION SALES.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT BHOIWAR LANE, WITHIN THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 3106 OF 1924.

Mangaldas Ranchhoddas ..... Plaintiff.

Versus

Hartal Nagindas Parekh ..... Defendant.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers will under instructions from Messrs. Kanga and Co., Attorneys for Sheth Mangaldas Ranchhoddas, the Plaintiff and on account and at the risk of Mr. Hiralal Nagindas Parekh the Defendant, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Consent Decree passed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 8th October 1924, in the above Suit, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immoveable property on WEDNESDAY, the 5th November, 1924, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Bhoiwar Lane within the Fort of Bombay in the registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 71 2/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 335 New No. 3280 Old Survey No. 1169 and New Survey No. 9038 and bearing Cadestral No. 352 of Fort Division and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property of Hirjibhai Hormusji Lord on or towards the South by the said Bhoiwar Lane on or towards the East by the property of Naoroji Pallonji Mistry and on or towards the West by the property of Dhunji Kika which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "A" Ward No. 1748 Street No. 66 New Street No. 22.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Kanga and Co., Attorneys for the Vendor at their office at Usuf Building, Esplanade Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF AN ICE FACTORY.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers will under instructions from Mr. Shankerbhai Vallabhdas Patel, Transferee of Mortgage and on account and at the risk of Hussein Ebrahim Achha, Dawood Husein Achha, Mussa Hussein Achha, Issa Hussein Achha, and Ahmed Hussein Achha, the Mortgagors, pursuant to the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 18th July 1922 made between the Mortgagors of the one part and Prabhudas Vallabhdas Patel of the other part and in the Indenture of second Mortgage dated 30th January, 1923, made between the Mortgagors of the one part and Vassonji Naranji of the other part sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 8th November, 1924, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the Ice Factory situated at Patel Wady, Love Lane, Mazagon including Loco Type Semi Portable Steam Boiler, Compressors, Steam Condensers, Double Cylinder, Water Heater, Tank, Injectors, sets of Amonia, Heaters, Oil Separator, Value fittings, Oil Pump, and all other articles pertaining the said Ice Factory.

The above Factory will be on view four days before the date of sale.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers

MEHTA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RAILWAY.

119, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 21285.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION SALE OF 21 MOTOR CARS, 17 MOTOR LORRIES, 2 MOTOR CYCLES BRAND NEW AND SECONDHAND MOTOR BODIES, MOTOR STORES, AND ACCESSORIES, ETC, TO GO TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

Under instructions from the Bombay Garage, 21 Motor Cars of different well-known makers such as Chevrolet, Ford, Oakland, Chandler, Morrs, Dodge, Vulcan, Benz, Maxwell, etc., and 17 Motor Lorries, such as Star, Alldays, Garford, Streker Squire, also some new and secondhand Bodies of Motor Cars and a large lot of stores and accessories besides two motor cycles will be sold by Public Auction by Messrs. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 2nd November, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at Chawpatti Branch premises the said Bombay Garage.

Catalogues are published and the Cars, Lorries, etc., are on view.

NOTE.—The Bombay Garage stipulate payment of 50 per cent deposit at the time of Auction Sale and they do not want to make any exception.

MEHTA AND CO.,
Auctioneers.

MISTRY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

Telephone No. 25152.

AUCTION SALE NEXT TO LABOURNUM HOUSE, LABOURNUM ROAD, GAMDEVI.

Messrs. MISTRY & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), at above address, very valuable artistic designed household furniture, such as oval dining table, chairs, handsome mirror, back sideboard, dumbwaiter, fancy teapoys, tapestry lined drawing room and Chesterfield suites, large handsome mirror back, cabinets, American glass, door book case, silver show case gramophone, Oliver typewriter, cash box, iron beds, mirror and panelled almyrahs, with drawers, cloths and gown press, dressing and washhand table, chest drawers, hat and boot stands, meatsafe, sewing machine, glass, crockery, platedware, etc.

Property of a European gentleman proceeding Home and others.

Property on view and catalogues are ready.

MISTRY AND CO.,
Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

Direction: Madan Theatres, Ltd.

TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT

For The First Time in India.
E. J. Carroll Presents

SIR HARRY LAUDER

The World's Greatest Entertainer
in
NEW SONGS and OLD FAVOURITES

THE ONE AND ONLY

HARRY LAUDER
HARRY LAUDER
HARRY LAUDER

The Supreme Genius of Character COMEDY.

Supported by a Company of

TEN INTERNATIONAL VAUDEVILLE STARS

including

Carne and Kellaway—The Hilo Duo
Eddie Gray———Harry Moore
Lydia Carne———Pauline Bindley

Specially Augmented Orchestra
Conductor——Chas. J. Aves.

BOX PLAN at ROSE & Co., Ltd., until 12 to-day—afterwards at the Theatre.

Prices Rs. 10 to Rs. 2.

General Manager for E. J. Carroll: Leo D. Chateau.

Personal Representative: Stewart Garner.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

On SATURDAY, the 1st November at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms the quantity of Grey and coloured piecegoods etc.

On account of the Insurance office concerned.

2 cases Woollen and Cotton piece goods.

AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.)

1 Secondhand rubber tyred Victoria.
1 secondhand rubber tyred Landau.
1 secondhand rubber tyred Office Shigram.
1 secondhand rubber tyred Brougham.
1 Waler Horse in saddle and harness.
1 Arab Horse in harness.

FURNITURE SALE AT WALKESHWAR ROAD.

Under instructions from the officers of Messrs. Yokohama Kitto Kaisha, Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SUNDAY, the 2nd November, 1924, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by public auction at "Kiitto" Lodge Walkeshwar Road next to Kurwa and Kajiji's Bungalow very valuable and handsome made to order household furniture, very rich glass crockery and plated ware, large sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, large and small mirror back side board and dumb waiters, fancy teapoys, Persian, English and Brushals carpets rich curtains, teapoys, Drawing room Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, silk lined suite of sofas and chairs, electric lamps and fans, wall and table clocks, fancy cabinets and corner stands, parian and marble figures, jardiniers, flower pots, sweet tone iron frame cottage piano by Willkilmann, pianola with records, 3/4 size slate billiard table with ball and cues etc., Goderej and Milners safe on stands, one musical box, cutlery cabinet, bicycle, baba-gari, small and large writing tables, book stands, glass door book cases, silver cabinets, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing and wash-hand tables, English bath tubs, dressing chest of drawers, reclining sofas, hatstands, Singapore cane furniture, Gymkhana cane chairs, ice box, filter, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

One "Berch" Motor Car 4 Cyl. 5 seater, in perfect running order.

The above is on view 4 days before the sale.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

FURNITURE SALE AT BANDRA

On SUNDAY, the 2nd November, 1924, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bandra Hill, Bandra, opp. the Captain Solicitor's Bungalow, very valuable and handsome up-to-date furniture, rich glass crockery, and platedware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, fancy teapoys, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, Chesterfield easy chairs and sofas, fancy cabinets, ornements, parian and marble figures, fancy jardiniers, rich Persian and English Carpets, wall and table clocks, electric fans and lights, black wood carved furniture, hatstands, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, dressing and wash hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses, folding arm easy chairs, large and small writing tables, office chairs, glass door book and silver cases, reclining sofas, iron safe, Baba-gari, large English ice-box, phonograph with records, cane furniture, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

The property of K. Thomasch, Esqr. and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

BENNETT & CO.,

AMUSEMENTS.

THE MANAGEMENT—CINE

MADELEINE

have the utmost pleasure to present
A Convincing HISTORICAL ROMANCE
OF
LOVE—HATE AND REVENGE
mounted with Rare Artistic Skill in
SETTINGS OF VENETIAN SPLENDOUR

"The BRIDGE OF SIGHS"

as described in the "CHILDE HAROLD"
BY
LORD BYRON
and adapted from the celebrated Novel
BY
MICHAEL ZEVACO

The BRIDGE OF SIGHS

FEATURING

SANSONIA

THE STRONGEST MAN IN THE WORLD.

And supported by a Selected CAST OF WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS.

In transferring the Thrilling work and passionate work of MICHAEL ZEVACO to the Screen, the producers have spared neither time nor money in the preparation of

INNUMERABLE SCENES OF ORIGINAL BEAUTY AND DAZZLING SPLENDOUR.
THE BEAUTY OF VENICE

appears in a studied reproduction, with the Grandeur of her palaces, the Scintillating mosaics, the enchantment of the lagoon, the soft calm of the Moonlit nights and the Charm of the Sunsets, all forming a Wonderful background to a story vibrating with

ROMANCE—ADVENTURE—HATE AND REVENGE.

SANSONIA

IN

"The BRIDGE OF SIGHS"

A HISTORIC MASTER-PIECE—A GREAT PICTURE
in 24 Amazing Reels of

Breathless Tale of Plot & Passion, told in a Series of Fast-moving incidents against a thousand backgrounds and DAZZLING SPLENDOUR OF ANCIENT VENICE.

SEE IT—and you will congratulate yourself for having Seen SOMETHING REALLY GREAT, GRAND & GORGEOUS.

This Week—The First 8 Parts.
3 Shows Daily, commencing—6-30, 8-15 & 10.
Extra Matinees on SATURDAY & SUNDAY at 4-30.

SPECIAL CHILDREN'S SHOW
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10 A. M.

When children under 15 will be admitted to *any class* for a nominal fee of *As.* 4 *only*. Family members accompanying & others at usual rates.

OUR POPULAR PRICES (INCLUDING TAX)
Rs. 1-8, 1, As. 12, 9, 6, & 3.
BOMBAY'S NEW PALATIAL PICTURE HOUSE

CINE MADELEINE

TRAM TERMINUS—GRANT ROAD.

AUCTION SALES.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
No. 13, Hummum Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 24083.

AUCTION SALE OF 34 BALES GREY WHITE AND TURKEY RED YARN.

Messrs. MENESSE AND CO. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 3rd November 1924, at 3—30 p.m. (S. T.) at their rooms by order of the Office concerned and on A/ct and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. Laloobhoy Kavaldass of Pydhowni the following goods:—

1367/75 9 Bales Turkey Red Yarn (Banana Gatherers) 2/40 S.
1389/95 10 Bales Turkey Red Yarn (Tiger and Cub) 40 S.
113/117 5 Bales American Grey Yarn 32s.
118/127 10 Bales American Bleached Sewing Yarn 2/30 S.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE MATERIALS AND STORES, AT THE G.I.P. RAILWAY STORES DEPOT, PAREL.

On WEDNESDAY, the 5th November 1924 at 1—30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. MENESSE and CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the G.I.P. Railway Company's Stores Depot Parel:—

A quantity of Old and Unserviceable materials and stores consisting of Empty Casks chunam pans, Drums, Paint kegs, Varnish Tins, G. I. Buckets; Forges; Bellows, Hoop Iron, Lamps of sorts, Staves of Cask, Trolly Wheels, Leather Cloth Cuttings, Canvas and Leather Pipes, I. R. Cuttings, and Scrap, Vacuum Pipes, Clocks and Watches Boxters; Hammers, Augers, Locks; Glass Scrap, Ink Bottles Tin Lining, Kerosine oil Empty cases, Battery boxes, I. R. Rolling Rings, Steel Files, Aluminium scrap; Empty packing cases, wooden crate; Hydraulic Cranes; Wells lights, A big lot old C. I. sheets; Dummies, Safety lamps, Typewriters; Cash safes; A big lot paint, and sundry other stores.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required when the lots are knocked down and the balance must be paid and materials removed within 14 days excluding Holidays from the day of sale failing which ground rent will be charged by the Railway Company.

MENESSE & CO.

A CONCERT

IN AID OF THE

MALABAR FLOOD RELIEF FUND

Bombay's talented Amateurs Mrs. Sabawala, Mrs. Teasdale, Mrs. Rigby, Mrs. Freny Cama, Miss Bapai Kapadia, Miss Hilla Wadia, Mr. Biggar, Mr. Adi Wadia, Mr. Naval Kapadia and Mr. Dhondi will entertain you with Indian and European Music.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

SUNDAY THE 2nd NOVEMBER
5-30 p. m.

Prices—Reserved Seats Rs. 5 & 3
Unreserved Rs. 2/-
Gallery Re. 1/-

IMPERIAL

presents
To-night & during this week

"SADEVANT SAVLINGA"

daily four shows:—
at 5-15, 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p.m.
Extra shows:—
on Saturday, Sunday & Bank Holiday at 3-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE CINEMA

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
TO-NIGHT AT 6, 8, and 10.
MATINEE TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4 P. M.
THE CRADLE OF THE WORLD.
Parts one and two

Remarkable picture of a great 5000 miles tour through the wild tracts of Central Africa. Thrilling adventures with jungle animals and strange people of an untamed land. A film which will stir you by its tremendous daring and danger.

RUTH ROLAND
IN
RUTH OF THE RANGE.

EPISODES FIVE AND SIX.

THE TEMPLE DUNGEON
AND
THE PITFALL

Ruth struggles on towards her goal. Her enemies determined to outwit her, trap her at every point, but she in turn defeats them counting her life for nothing. The adventure in the Temple of Sacred Fire is the most thrilling ever seen. Death seems certain—Can she be saved?

PATHE GAZETTE FINGER PRINTS
(Parrott Comedy).

Prices: Rs. 2-4, Rs. 2, Re. 1-8, Re. 1 As. 8 and As. 4 Including Tax.
BOOKING OFFICE IS OPEN AT THE THEATRE BETWEEN 9-30 a. m. and 1 p. m. and 3-30 p. m and 11 p. m.

SPECIAL HALF PRICE MATINEE.
on Sunday at 10 a. m. when the first nine parts of the Serial Ruth of the Range will be shown.

WEST-END

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK
"A MASTERPIECE PHOTO-PLAY"

"THE FIGHTING ADVENTURER"

5 Reels—featuring the popular Stars

PAT O'MALLEY
MARY ASTOR
and the celebrated "villain" of the Serials
WARNER OLAND

THRILL follows thrill, laugh follow laugh climax pounds hard upon the heels of climax in this staggeringly exciting story of one young man's adventures across the world on the trail of romance.

On land, in the air, on the sea and everywhere—he fights through sweeping situations which will bring you to your feet at their sheer daring, or make you settle back for a good hearty laugh! It is a different picture if there ever was one—a knockout cure for the blues, and a sure-fire thriller! DON'T MISS IT!

"THE FIGHTING ADVENTURER"

The Programme includes the International News and a Comedy.
To-Night: 3-30, 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. (S. T.)

WEST-END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

NO DOUBT

This Majestic's Production

HAS SURPASSED

All the Indian Films

BECAUSE

It has created a sensation

IN THE GENERAL PUBLIC

Hence for one week more
Second week from To-day

SHAH JAHAN
SHAH JAHAN

A lively picture of the Mogul Period

At

CINEMA MAJESTIC

GIRGAUM

Time: Sat., Sun., Holidays begins at 3 p. m.
Ordinary Days Begins at 5 p. m.

USUAL RATES.

THE EXCELSIOR

CINEMA AT 6-30 p. m.
"THE PRINCESS OF NEW YORK"
with DAVID POWELL.

EMPIRE THEATRE

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
"WHERE THE PAVEMENT ENDS"
with ALICE TERRY.

EMPRESS THEATRE

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 3, 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
"The DAREDEVIL"
with TOM MIX.

A FANCY SALE

in aid of the

ORPHANS IN ST. JOSEPH'S FOUNDLING HOME

Will be held on the premises
on the 6th at 5 p. m.
and
7th, 8th and 9th November from
9-30 to 7 p. m.

His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay has kindly consented to open the Bazaar.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

FIRST 20 WORDS ONE RUPEE.

Every additional word—ONE ANNA.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words 'apply Box No.....Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle"' to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED—A HINDU COMPOUNDER. See personally Dr. RAMASHWAR BHATT opp. Kalbadevi Telegraph Office, Chowk Bhuvan.
A R277

WANTED—MUNIMS, CASHIERS, Salary rupees 100, and 75. Cash Security Rupees four and three thousands. Apply PREMCHAND PANACHAND SONS, Bankers, Ratlam.
A R2-2

GUJARATI HINDOO CLERK for Household and Estate work, free boarding and lodging. Salary according to qualifications and previous experience. Apply Box No. 559, Advt. Dept. 'Bombay Chronicle.'
A R278

WANTED—PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS and AUDITORS to inspect Provincial Congress Committee's Accounts. Apply to SETH REVASHANKER JAGJIVAN, Hon. Treasurer, All-India Congress Committee, Khara Kuva, Javeri Bazar, Bombay with terms or personally.
A R281

WANTED for a Cotton Mill in China a FIRST CLASS MECHANICAL ENGINEER, with experience in Cotton Mills. Apply stating lowest terms required and with copies of certificates to Box No. 557, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 21026

SALARY Rs. 100—250 per month in 30 days. We can help you to these salaries. We have done this for others. Learn an absolutely NEW SHORTHAND in 30 days by post. Easiest, simplest and highest speed system in the world. Only 9 Characters and 3 Rules. Two days FREE trial. NO MONEY unless you are fully satisfied. Enclose 3 annas stamp. HAWAID COLLEGE. S. RAWALPINDI.
A S

WANTED—Educated (either graduate or under) smart and accomplished LADY as TUTOR and COMPANION for Two Princesses aged about 5 and 10 in a Native State in Gujarat. Knowledge of Sanskrit of Gujarati or Hindi is essential. Applications are invited sharply with testimonials and photo if available stating age, qualifications, salary required and terms if any to propose informing games and other arts known. Nature should be jovial with a liking for teaching children. Apply Box No. 536, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 20920

WANTED DISTRICTS and DIVISIONAL AGENTS on decent salary and commission for an established Insurance Company, having got 17 years' existence and which has paid a security deposit of 1,80,000 to the Government of India and is managed and controlled by a most influential and respectable Board of Directors (including one Maharajkumar) in every district, division and important town of the Bombay Presidency (including States). Security either in cash or Government paper not exceeding one thousand Rupees, varying according to Agents jurisdiction is essential with a view to ensure Company's money to be received by them by way of premiums. Also first class Organisers, Inspectors and Superintendents to organise, supervise and control all such establishments throughout the Presidency of Bombay. Gentlemen and Ladies of thorough Insurance experience and good education should only apply. Ladies are also insured. Very good prospects for devoted, earnest, hardworking and loyal persons already in the line. Apply to Box No. 554, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO BE LET in Oriental Buildings, Second Floor, West side, an Office of 778 square feet area with windows to South and West. Airy and central. Rent Rs. 225 per month. Apply to the MANAGER, Oriental Life Assurance Co., Ltd.
C21050

WELL ventilated and accommodated BLOCK, ROOMS, GODOWN, in Godhan Building No. 2, near West-End Cinema, behind Girgaum Police Court, Charni Road. Apply SETH GORDHANDAS, Sir Mangaldas House, Lamington Road.
C R285

BLOCKS suitable and airy for Anglo-Indians, Europeans, and Parsi gentlemen at New Nagpada, opposite Ricsard on and Cruddas. Apply on spot Tel. No. 41417.
C R173

TO LET—MARY LODGE overlooking the sea, situated at Hornby Vellard, Worley, next to the palace of H.H. The Maharaja of Gwalior. Decent flat or the whole with all modern conveniences including 4 Bedrooms, Drawing, Dinner and Eng. Baths. Commanding Sea-View with Garage and servants' quarters for inspection please immediately apply to NANU N. BHABUCHA, "Mehru-Manor", Hughes Road or Phone No. 40293.
C R265

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

WANTED—50000 Sft. of 3" SHAHABAD STONES. Lowest quotations F.O.R. or delivered Lower Parel, may be sent to G.S. CHANDEL & CO., Contractors, Andheri, BOMBAY.
G 21043

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITERS BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Corona Folding New Improved, Latest	207
Remington Visible	148
Underwood 3, Rs. 150, Oliver 3	75
Oliver No. 5 Rs. 110, No. 9 latest	175
Empire No. 1 Rs. 90, No. 2 latest	140
Royal No. 10 latest like New	165
Rex Visible latest 110, L. C. Smith	140
Hammond Multiplex Portable like New	185

Ribbons, Carbon Papers. Repairs to All makes.

GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., 24, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

UNDER instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and CO., will on SATURDAY, the 8th November, 1924, at 2—30 p.m. (S.T.) at Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Arthur Crawford Market, sell by Public Auction all the intestate and unclaimed properties such as new and old clothes, utensils, jewellery, etc etc. The above will be on view on the sale day. Cash will be required at the time of sale.
N 21044

TYPEWRITER—Corona latest Rs. 207, Remington 7, Rs. 65, Monarch Rs. 95, Oliver 3 Rs. 65, 5, 105, 9 Rs. 145, Remington Visible 10 and 11, 125 and Rs. 135, Remington No. 7 Gujarati or Marathi Rs. 145, Remington 10 factory Rebuilt very cheap.

STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., Century Building, 331, Hornby Road, above Bombay Perfumery Mart, Fort, Bombay.
N

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—Only a few Yost Typewriters left. Brand New. Latest Model No. 20. Original price Rs. 495. Foolscap Size. 540, Brief. 580, Policy. Now sold at Rs. 225 nett, any size. Rs. 275 for 25 inch, Rs. 300 for 30 inch Carriage.

	Rs.
Remington 7, Rs. 65, 8, 75, Empire 1	90
Underwood 5, 145, L. C. Smith 5, 125, 8	150
Yost 20, Rs. 85, 100, all new types	160
Oliver 3, 65, 9, 160, Rebuilt 5, 185, 9	215
Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 215, Brief 160	215
Mahrati Remington 9, Rs. 125, Visible	240
Gujerati Remington 9, Rs. 160, Visible	280
Remington Portable with Case, New	224
Corona No. 3, Rs. 90, 100, 110, 125	135
Corona Portable, Improved Model, New	267

NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 21223.
N W

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES

FOR RELIABLE SECOND-HAND CARS that have been Overhauled and Repainted, call and see us We always have a good selection at bargain prices. FRENCH MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., New Queen's Road, Bombay.
JA 20991

PROFESSION.

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY.

(UNDER SPECIAL DIET.)

Free sample packets of the infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy. Postage As. 6 per V.P.P. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Nocturnal emissions, Dyspepsia etc., etc., and catalogue of Ayurvedic Medicines free. One anna postage stamp required for a reply or pamphlets.

PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy) 8, Nandibagan Lane, Salkhia, (Howrah.)

N.B.—"Leprosy and its treatment" a guide to cure Leprosy! Price Rs. 2. Postage As. 5 extra.

Correspondence strictly in English.

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L R283

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L R281

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L R287

THE NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE, BOMBAY—Will RE-OPEN as usual for the second term on the 15th of November. Matrics of any Indian University are admitted. Progressive Medical Science, along with Ayurveda is taught. Rumours are afloat that the College has lost its independent character and that Ayurveda is given up; but they are without any foundation, the only change is in the executive and in the staff, which in some respects is better. Hostel accommodation is available for about a hundred students. For further particulars, apply to Dr. V. H. BHADKAMKAR, Superintendent, or to Prof. M. G. KALE, Secretary.
M21051

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE—Have you noted our results in BOOK-KEEPING and ACCOUNTANCY Examinations of 1924.

LONDON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE 35 p.c.
NATIONAL UNION OF TEACHERS 70 p.c.

We stand first in Bombay Presidency in LONDON Chamber of Commerce Examination in BOOK-KEEPING and ACCOUNTANCY. Apply for prospectus to PRINCIPAL, MR. BHARUCHA, Kalkadevi.
M S

MATRIMONIAL.

WANTED—A beautiful, educated, grown-up BRIDE, not orthodox, for a well educated Agarwala, having extensive landed properties, and also drawing good salary as professor. No sub-caste restrictions. Please reply Box No. 560, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R284

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers, from all parts of India for publication in the "Sunday Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Sunday Chronicle,"
Medows St. Fort, Bombay.

MACHINERY, TOOLS, ETC.

ONE 6½in. centre 6ft. bed SELSON SCREW CUTTING LATHE complete with access. Used about three months. Inspection invited. Rs. 750 F.O.R. Calcutta. A genuine bargain. Apply Box No. 558, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K21042

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

JEWELLERS LTD.

—JUST LANDED—

A FINE CONSIGNMENT OF

CHINESE CARVED IVORY NECKLACES

TREASURE HOUSE
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and subsequent insertion	... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil, advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance, and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

THE BANK OF MORVI LTD..

LOST OR MISPLACED.

A SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 335 for one hundred fully paid up shares No. 21390/21489 of the National Financing and Commission Corporation Ltd. (now converted into the Bank of Morvi, Ltd.) standing in the name of Mr. Krishnaji Ganesh Ajrekar is LOST or MISPLACED. People having any claims on these shares should lodge them at the registered Office of the Company No. 10/16, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay, within a fortnight from this date after which a duplicate share certificate will be issued to the registered share holder abovenamed.
21032

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE HEADQUARTERS, BOMBAY DISTRICT, will move from No. 4, Queen's Road, to Assaye Buildings, Colaba, at 1 p.m. on SATURDAY, the 1st November, 1924.

Postal Address:—
HEADQUARTERS,
Bombay District,
Assaye Buildings, Colaba,
Bombay No. 5.
21040

SALE OF SANDALWOOD.

ON 24th November at noon 380 tons of cleaned sandalwood will be sold in small lots in Public Auction at Fraserpet. For particulars apply to V. G. DARRINGTON, Esqr., I.F.S., ACTING CHIEF FOREST OFFICER, Coorg, Mercara.
21037

FINANCIAL

WANTED.

JOINT STOCK COMPANY or individual Capitalists to start Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mill at Gadgucha on Bombay Delhi Muttra line of B.B. & C.I. Railway. Fertile Cotton area, good labour supply; water level very much near the surface all time; no other Mill within one hundred miles radius. For further particulars and concessions negotiate with MINISTER, DEWAS 2, CENTRAL INDIA.
20867

MADRAS RACES 1924-25.

OWNERS and TRAINERS are reminded that First Entries for the Madras First Meeting will close at 3 p.m. on TUESDAY, 11th November, 1924. Entries for the 1st Extra Meeting will close at 3 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 26th November, 1924. Full particulars and Prospectus of the Meetings, may be had on application to the Secretary, Madras Race Club, Saidapet, P. O., Madras.

H. A. HILDEBRAND, Major,
Secretary,
20931 Madras Race Club.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we have REMOVED our Office from 65 Esplanade Road to READYMONEY MANSION, 43, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

RELE & CO.,
Attorneys-at-Law.
30-10-1924 21045

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that the Municipality has available certain vacant lands in the following parts of the City:—

Colaba, Dalal Street, Palton Road, Valpakhady, Chandanwadi, Mussan Tank, Byculla, Soparibag Road, Golanji Hill Road, Matunga, Old Purbhadevi Road, Dadar Kumbharwada Dadar Road, Dadar Overbridge, Nardulla Tank Road, DeLisle Road Extension Road, Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim Station Road.

It is proposed to let them out on short term leases for business purposes. Applications should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Bombay Municipality, from whom particulars may be obtained.

N. MAUGHAN.
Ag: Executive Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 31st October, 1924.
21049

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS, CO., LTD.

LOST ALLOTMENT LETTER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ALLOTMENT LETTER No. 2285 in respect of 24 Preference Shares Nos. 135530 to 135553 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, Limited, standing in the joint names of Bai Kharshedbai Khaikhusro Nariman and Messrs. Bahadur Kaikhushro Nariman, Rustom Kaikhushro Nariman and Jehangir Kaikhushro Nariman has been lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company, at their registered office, Tramway Building, Post—Fort Bombay No. 1, within 15 days from the date hereof otherwise a duplicate Allotment Letter will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated, 31st October, 1924.
21048

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per "Osaka Shosen Kaisha's steamer "Shunko Maru" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 29th of October from Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, and Colombo and are requested to send their Bills of Lading to the Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge and for cargo in bags within three days after discharge. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunny. Messrs Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyor will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey. The Bills for claim are requested to send this office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. JACKERIA ADAM, who carried on business as a Millinery, Hosiery and Piecegoods Merchant at No. 177, Chukla Street, Jackeria Masjid in the name of Jackeria Adam and Co., has this day taken his sons Messrs. Suleman Jackeria and Mahomed Jackeria as partners in the said business which will hereafter be carried on in the name and style of Jackeria Adam and Sons.

Dated this 1st day of November, 1924.

VRAJLAL & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. Jackeria Adam.
21047

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2083 of 1924.

(1) NASSERWANJI MANECKJI POWVALA and (2) HORMASJI MANECKJI POWVALA ... Plaintiffs.

v/s.

(1) ABDULHAMID HABIBHOY and (2) MIRZA MAHOMED CASSAMBHOY ..... Defendants.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Sale of the moveable property, which was to be held on 30th October, 1924 as advertised in the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Jame Jamshed", on the 22nd instant and 29th instant, respectively, has been POSTPONED to and will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of November 1924, at 3—30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Ripon Theatre.

The whole of the said property together with Theatrical dresses etc., will be open for inspection on Monday, 3rd November, 1924, from 12 noon to 4 p.m.

Dated this 31st day of October 1924.

ISHWARDAS LUKHMIDAS.
Sheriff of Bombay.
21046

ASOKA SWADESHI STORES, LTD.

LOSS DUE TO TRADE DEPRESSION.

An ordinary general meeting of the Asoka Swadeshi Stores Ltd., was held on Thursday at the Asoka Buildings, Mr. Tricumdas Dwarkadas being in the chair.

The directors' report for the year ending March 31, 1924 stated that the working of the Stores showed a net loss of Rs. 95,516—8—0. That was due to the continued depression in trade and the continuously falling prices which adversely affected the prices of the large old stocks which had to be disposed of at a heavy sacrifice to avoid further loss. The report further stated that the major portion of the old stock had been disposed of and the small portion of the old stock that was left would be disposed of in the current year.

Mr. Tricumdas Dwarkadas, after reading the notice convening the meeting, proposed that the report and the audited statements of accounts be adopted. To this one of the shareholders took an exception and said that he, for one would not vote for the adoption of the report as he did not receive the notice in due time. He complained that he received the notice on the 24th instant and that he had sent a letter for the auditor's report which was not sent to him. He wanted to know what steps were taken to recover the debts due by the various directors which amounted to Rs. 44,026—8—6. He then asked a number of questions and said that it was high time that the Company went into voluntary liquidation.

Mr. Tricumdas Dwarkadas said that he was very sorry that the notice was not sent in due time but then that was due to an unhappy incident. He assured the shareholder that every information including the auditors' report would be available to him at any time and that it would not be advisable in the interests of the Company to postpone the meeting since if they did not submit their report by the next day they were liable to be fined. As for the recovery of debts a committee was appointed to look into the matter and they expected to recover them in due time. It was not advisable to go into voluntary liquidation at the present time, and that a committee had been appointed to look into the working of the Stores. He thought that the shareholders would gain in the long run if the liquidation was postponed. He requested the shareholder to see his way to support his motion for the adoption of the report was then adopted.

ALL-INDIA LADIES' CONFERENCE.

The following resolutions of the Karnatak Prantik Bhagini Mandal were passed at the meeting of the Mandal held at Hubli on the 10th October, 1924:—(1) That the Karnatak Prantik Bhagini Mandal shall arrange to hold at the time of the next Congress at Belgaum, an Akhil Bhartiya Mahila Parishat or an All-India Ladies' Conference and that Shrimati Janakibai Bhatakhande of Dharwar and Shrimati Shantabai of Bijapur shall take the necessary measures towards the same at an early date. (2) That the presidentship of the Parishat shall be offered to Shrimati Kasturibai Gandhi, and that correspondence in this connection shall be commenced immediately.

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

There was slight but beneficial rain in parts of the Presidency proper. Standing crops are in good condition. Harvesting of kharif crops continues. Rabi sowing is progressing in parts. Picking of cotton has commenced in places. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally sufficient. Supply of fodder is generally adequate. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Prices of food grains were fluctuating. The quatities purchasable per rupee were as follows:—

	Percentage below normal.
Sind	... 20 to 67
Gujarat	... 8 to 48
Konkan	... 29 to 52
Deccan	... 30 to 57
Karnatak	... 44 to 73

Daily average number of persons on relief for week ending 18th October 1924 was—On gratuitous relief—Ahmednagar 33 and Bijapur 128.

At the anniversary of the Anjuman Himayat Islam, Lahore, on Monday, about Rs. 70,000 were collected for promoting a scheme of technical and industrial education among the Mussalmans. Sir Muhammad Shafi, who attended the meeting said after five years' separation he would be back again among his own people and would be glad to bear any burden which the community would entrust to him.

WORLD'S GREAT PREDICTOR.

Gained world wide fame in ASTROLOGY. Simply send your time and date of birth or writing letter. Special five years' life reading with character, Map of Heavens, Longevity, Finance, business prospects family, etc. Rs. 4/8/-. One year's with the above details Rs. 2. Whole life Rs. 10. Answers for any three questions with miraculous accuracy Rs. 1/4/0. Satisfaction guaranteed. Trial will convince. S. S. REUBEN, Karachi writes:—Your predictions are admirable. You really deserve the title ASTROLOGER OF ASTROLOGERS. Apply to:—THE BHARATA ASTROLOGICAL ASHRAM, Kasimkota, Vizag Dt. S. India.
M 218

PRICE REDUCED.

Prof. R. D. KARVE'S BOOKLETS
(1) Morality & Birth Control, and
(2) Morality & the Prevention of Venereal Diseases
NOW EIGHT ANNAS EACH.
Any bookseller or
RIGHT AGENCY, Girgaum, BOMBAY.

Re INCOME-TAX AND SUPER-TAX

Please Consult

Sharangdhar & Co.

whose accounting experience extends over 25 years at

79, Medows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

B C RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 15/16
Bank's selling D D 1/5 31/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/6
Bank's selling D D 1/6 1/32
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 5/16
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/16
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32
PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs 617
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 677
Bank's buying D D Frcs 667
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 114
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 109
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 163
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs.
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 157½
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 297
CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol. 4.52-1/8
London—Paris Frcs 86.23
London—Switzerland Frcs 23.40
London—Brussels Frcs 94.00
London—Rome Liras 104.00
TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Quiet market. Exchange market closed quiet with sellers at 1/6d

London, Oct. 30.

Tele. Transfers 1/6 1/16—firm.
Bar. Gold £4-11-9—quiet.
Bar Silver Spot 34 15/16—steady.

LOCAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

	Bombay Oct. 31. Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/5 31/32
Bank Demand	1/6
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1/6 9/32
Fcs. Demand	617
American Dollars	296
Hongkong Dollars	163
Shanghai	231
Japan	115 1/4
Singapore	157 1/2

Market Steady.

London, Oct. 30.

Rentes 3 per cent 49 3/4.
Bar Silver (Spot) 34 15/16.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 34 7/8.
Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet but steady.
Interest day to day loans 21/2.
Interest 7 days market loans 2 3/4.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4 per cent since 5/7/23.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES

MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, Oct. 30.

Stockholm 254 3/4.
Amsterdam Oct/Nov sellers £24 3/8.
Tendency easy—Practically nothing doing.
Belgium Oct/Dec. sellers 45/.
Athens Jan/Apl. done buyers 45 1/8.

London, Oct. 30.

Exchange on London in Paris 4 1/8 Mar.
Exchange on London in Germany 4 1/4.
Exchange on London in Italy 4 3/4.
Rentes 5 per cent. 22 7/8.

New York, Oct. 30.

Demand Bills Feb. 3 13/16.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, Oct. 30.

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £90 1/2 plus 1/2.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £92 7/8 plus 1/8
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 £100 15/16 plus 3/8.
Conversion Loan £79 3/16 minus 5/8.
Indian Loan 5½ per cent £102 1/2 plus 1/2.
Indian Loan 7 per cent £ 113 plus 2.00
Consols 2½ per cent £57 5/8 plus 1/4.
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent 48 nominal unchanged.
Indian Stock 3½ per cent (Sterling Loan) 65 1/4 plus 1.00.
Govt. Securities 3 per cent 57 1/4 plus 1/4.

BULLION.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 14/10
Sovereigns forward Rs. 14/9/6
Bar gold ready Rs. 22/13
Bar gold forward Rs. 22/13
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 22/13/9
Bar silver ready Rs. 76/13
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 76/15
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 77/4

London, Oct. 30.

Bar gold ready s. 91-9
Silver ready d. 34-15
Silver forward d. 34-14

TONE OF SILVER—

Dull. Small business, conditions remain unchanged. Market closed with sellers at the rate.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Three months 3-15/16 per cent.
Six months 4-5/16 per cent.
Bank of England rate 4 per cent.

MONEY.

Call 2 per cent nominal.
One month 2½ per cent nominal.
Three months 3½ per cent nominal.
Six months 5 per cent nominal.
Tone of money market—easy.
Imperial Bank of India rate 6 per cent.

GOLD

Bombay, Octob 31.

Ready:—22—13—6

Vaida.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	A 6 p.m.
Kartak	22-13-6		22-12-6	22 13-6
Magsar	22-14-6		22-13-6	22 14-6

Teji Mandi:—
Kartak 0—4—0
Magsar 0—8—0
Tone—Market Quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay Oct, 31.

Ready:—76—14—0

Vaida.	Opening	Highest	Lowest.	At 6 p.m.
Kartak	77-4-0		76 14 0	76 15-0
Magsar	77-8-0		77-3 0	77-4-0

Teji Mandi:
Kartak 1—0—0
Magsar 1—0—0

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 65/12
4 per cent Conversion Loan Rs. 84/8
5 per cent War Loan Rs. 93
5 per cent Loan due 1933 Rs. 97/4
5 per cent Loan due 1945-55 Rs. 97/2
5½ per cent Bonds due 1925 Rs. 102/10
5½ per cent Bonds due 1928 Rs. 103/8
6 per cent Bonds due 1927 Rs. 100/10
6 per cent Bonds due 1930 Rs. 102/4
6 per cent Bonds due 1932 Rs. 103/4
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 Rs. 106/8
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 74
6 per cent Port Trust due 1930 Rs. 99
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 73/8
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 95
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 72/8.

SHARES.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Market closed quiet with small business. The following are the closing rates:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1412/8, India 75, Central Bank 22 and Eastern Bank 76 xd.

COTTON MILLS.

Ahd Advance 420; Bombay Cotton 550; Bombay Dyeing 812/8; Bradbury 550; Century 380; Central India 510; Colaba Land 161/4; Coorla 180; Crescent 242/8; Currim 410; Edw Sassoon 180; F D Sassoon 1/14; Fazulbhoy 846/4; Gokak 102/8; Ind Bleaching 217/8; Indore Malwa 411/4; Kastoorchand 160; Khatao 190; Kohinoor 1300; Luxmi Cotton 4550 xd; Madhowji 331/4; Mathuradas 240. M Petit 2800; Meyer Sassoon 130; New Great 390; Pearls 556/4; Phoenix 520; Simplex 256/4; Swan 1012/8; Swadeshi 603/12; Tata Mill 190 and Vishnu Cotton 1625.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 172/8; B Burma 302/8; B Burma N I 61/4; Bt Burma Pet 5/8. Bombay Tramway 88/2; Bombay Steam 63/12; Bundi Cement 9/8; Katni ord 60 xd. Katni defd 170; New India Insur 13/4; Shivrajpur 42/8; Tata Iron ord 8/6; Tata Iron defd 40/10; Tata Hydro 677/8 and Scindia Steam 7/13.

London, Oct. 30.

Hongkong Bank	£136
Chartered Bank	£ 20 1/8
National Bank	£ 44 1/8
P. & O. Bank	£ 10 3/4
Eastern Bank	£ 5 3/4

London, Oct. 30.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results.
Total Bullion £128,500,000 no change.
Public Deposits £14,000,000 decrease £800,000
Other Deposits £111,000,000 decrease £1,500,000
Govt. Securities £41,800,000 decrease £700,000
Other Securities £76,200,000 decrease £900,000
Notes & Gold £24,600,000 decrease £700,000.
The Bank Reserve is 19.7 per cent of the Liabilities.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 30.

Jutes section opened rather quieter than at the close yesterday but as the day progressed strong buying power has been felt and all shares registered a further advance.

Coals remained quiet but steady with a fair business passing.

Teas were firm with demand for most of the usual favourites at higher rates.

Miscellaneous uninteresting with only a small business has been reported.

Government securities were steady with a fair demand for all dates.

Following were closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—5 per cent Loan 1945/55 97/7 s.l., 5½ per cent War Bonds 1928 103/6; 6 per cent Bonds 1930 102; 1932 102/12 s.l.

Banks:—Central 22/8; s.l., Karaani Industrial Bank 5/6½.

Cottons:—Agra United 1/12; Dunbar 189, Kesoram 4/4.

Railways:—Earasot Basirhat Light Railway 64; Sarasera Jgani Railway 73.

Jutes:—Anglo-India 420; Auckland 280 s.l. Baranagore 172, Bally 240, x.d.i.v., Belvedere 590, Birla ord 9/12; Dor Pref. 81; Budge Budge 458; Champdany 188, Cheviot 89 s.l., Clive 46/12; Dalhousie 457/8; Fort Gloster 1005; Hooghly 77/8; Howrah 47/6; Huckumchand ord. 12; Do Pref. 77 s.l., Kamarhatty 665, s.l., Do. Pref. 102; Kankinarrah 485; Kelvin 804 s.l., Lawrence 670/8; Lansdowne 374, Lothian 444/8; National 318; Northbrook 62/8; Orient 219/8; Presidency 8/8, Reliance 65/12 s.l., Sobrah 50; Union 628.

Coals:—Bansjorah 16; Bolompore 1; Burrakur 30; Equitable 17/13; Huntodih 4/8; Jainty Central 5/6; Neotooria as. 8; New Beerbhoom 35/8; Standard 52; Talchers 6.

Miscellaneous:—British India Corporation ordy. 4/9; Burma Finance and Mining 2/12; Indian Cables 2/4; Purnea Rice 2/12; Lever Brothers Pref. 10; Marshall and Company 3/6.

Teas:—Balcherra 510; Basmatia 16/12; Bateli 4; Bishnauth 33 s.l., Chandypore 246/8; Darjeeling Tea and Chinchosa 266/8; Daurracherra 11/14; Gobnur 8/4; Joybirnara 31; Kalacherra 122; Loobah fully paid 15/8; Naga Hills 18/8; New Purupharj 12; Orang 10/12; Rajabari 18/10; Roopacherra 24/8; Rutema 19/4; Sarugaon 18/2 Seajult 48; Sinnell 86; Soom 20; Teen Ali 16/12; Tukvar 38/8.

Debentures:—5½ per cent Chowringhee property 80/8; 5 per cent Howrah Mills 94.

Exchange:—Bank telegraphic transfer is one shilling six and one-thirty-second pence and demand is one shilling six and one-sixteenth pence.

MOCATTA'S SILVER REPORT.

London, Oct. 30.

Market exhibited rather weaker tendency at lower level touched on Tuesday. Sales from China which have been the chief feature of market have ceased and some good buying orders from the Continent were received. Market then recovered to 34 15/16ths. This induced a little bear covering from China but America offering freely, the requirements have been easily met. Market closed with uncertain tendency. As American offerings were mostly for near delivery and Continental buy-

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, October 31.

To-day Reuter reported 7 to 11 points down in New York futures. The market advanced at the opening on trade buying, but closed easier on same selling Liverpool has been reported 1 to 4 points down. The tone of the American market is quiet.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden & Co. cable under date 30th instant as under:—

"Market featureless. General feeling moderately bullish."

With New York reporting a slight decline the Marwari Bazar here opened this morning for F.G.M.G. Broach April/May at Rs. 462 and on steady buying by Commission Houses and several offices the rate advanced to Rs. 465 1/2. Since then on profit taking and Jobbers selling the rate declined to Rs. 464 at which rate the market at Marwari Bazar closed. At the Cotton Depot, Sewri the market opened at Rs. 464 and going down to Rs. 462 on selling by Commission Houses and a Japan House closed at Rs. 463 1/2 at 6-30 p.m. on buying by Jobbers and on Indore Operator.

Fine M.G. Oomra for December/January delivery after having opened at Rs. 441 and on offices and a Marwari operator buying the rate improved to Rs. 444 1/2. After some fluctuations the the market closed at 4-30 p.m. at Rs. 443. Whilst Oomra for March opened to-day at Rs. 434 and in sympathy with the rise in Broach and Oomra December/January. Contracts, the price recovered to Rs. 437 and closed at the same rate at 4-30 p.m. F.G.M.G. Bengal for December/January was in the beginning quoted at Rs. 393 and on general buying the rate steadily improved to Rs. 395 but closed easier at Rs. 393 at 4-30 p.m.

After remaining closed for three days, the ready Market opened yesterday with a good enquiry and as Moohrat day a number of transactions in new crop was put through with the result that nearly 2,000 bales changed hands.

COTTON GREEN—CLOSING QUOTATIONS, at 6-30 P.M.

Bombay, October 31.

Fully Good Broach April/May	463 1/2
Fully Good Bengal Dec./Jan.	394
Fine Oomra Dec./Jan.	441 1/2
„ March	434 1/2

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay October 31.

	Fine.	Fully Good.
M. G. Bengal	515	496

E. I. COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, October 31.

Fully Good Broach	April/May	464
„ „ Bengal	Dec./January	394
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan.	443
„	March	436

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, October 31.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 27 hours ending 6 p.m. on 30th October 1924.

Cotton	742 Bales
Wheat	4486 Cwts.
Linseed	16775 „
Rapeseed etc.	1257 „
Gingellyseed	4447 „
Poppyseed	Nil „
Groundnuts	964 „
Castorseed	82 „
Rice	2589 „
Myrabollams	539 „
Cottonseed	7589 „
Mowraseed	Nil „
Gram	4268 „
Juwar	304 „
Masur	Nil „
Barley	1159 „
Bajri	14 „
Oats	377 Tons

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants Association.)

Bombay, October 31.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Khadi:—			
Textile	1	2	9
E. D. Sassoon	1	2	3
Elphinstone	1	2	3
Long Cloth (Full weight)34-40 inches.			
Standard per lb.	1	7	6
Century per lb.	1	7	0
Hindustan per lb.	1	7	6
Fazalbhai per lb.	1	7	3
Textile per lb.	1	7	0
Phoenix per lb.	1	7	0
Pearl per lb.	1	6	9
Manekji (Gau Mukh) per lb	1	5	6
Jacob (Four Minar) per lb.	1	6	9
Long Cloth (Light weight, No. 32-32 52-52):—			
Rachael per lb.	1	7	6
Pearl per lb.	1	6	9
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1	7	6
Long Cloth × Quality			
Rachael per lb.	1	7	3
Fazalbhai per lb.	1	7	3
Swan Finlay per lb.	1	7	6
Long Cloth Satin Calender, 34 40			
Textile (Hand) p lb.	1	6	6
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1	6	3
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1	5	0
Diamond Chula	1	5	0
Pahelwan	1	5	0
Salita.—			
Pebaney per lb.	1	6	0
Spring (Merchant) per lbs.	1	6	6
Dhoties 7, 8 and 9 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	8	9
Jacob E. D. per lb.	1	7	0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	8	3
Dhooties 10 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	7	3
Textile (Bicycle per lb.	1	6	9
Check Grey Drill:—			
Standard per piece	6	10	0
Phoenix per piece	6	6	0
Swan Finlay per piece	6	8	0
Hindustan per piece	6	14	0
Bleached Check—			
Kasturchand per piece	7	10	0
Bombay United per pie e.	7	10	0
Back Check—			
Textile per piece	8	8	0
E. D. Racheal per piece	7	0	0
Gabrun No. 5124 Proof			

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

New York Market 30th Oct. 1924.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since previous Close.
23.41	Dec.		23.40—01	23.32	—09
23.55	Jan.	23.66+11	23.54—01	23.48	—07
23.86	Mar.			23.75	—11
24.07	May			24.00	—07
23.75	Jul.			23.68	—07

On 29th Oct., New York Spot 24.20 —; New Orleans 23.55 plus 10.

Telegraphic market advices:—Local operators all against the market. Trade is buying moderately. Dull market.

January highest 23.66 (at the opening), lowest 23.40 (10.27 a.m.), range .26 points.

Liverpool Market 30th Oct. 1924.

Previous Class.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Prices at 11 a.m.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
13.42	Oct.			13.38	—04
13.33	Jan.	13.40+07	13.42+09	13.30	—03
13.37	Mar.	13.45+08	13.48+11	13.36	—01
13.37	May			13.36	—01
13.23	Jul.			13.21	—02
	Egyptian				
22.90	Nov.			22.85	—05
21.20	Jan.			21.15	—05

Telegraphic market advices:—(1) No precipitation. Much warmer.

Forecast:—Western belt partly cloudy. All balance belt generally fair.

New York sales futures on Wednesday last estimated at 225,000.

(2) Market quiet and local. Weather is good. American Cross Rate 4.52 1/4.

COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 30.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	5,000
Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	200
Total Day's Sales of East Indian	500

Mid Americans pot Universal Standard 14.76
Fair inquiry.
Egyptian F.G.F. Sakellaridis 25.85
NEW YORK 11 A.M.:—
(As known in Liverpool at closing time).

January	...	23.59
March	...	23.86
May	...	24.16

NEW YORK NOON CALL:—

January	...	23.43
March	...	23.75
May	...	23.98

NEW ORLEANS 10 A.M.:—

January	...	23.45
May	...	23.81

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 30.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—		7
October	...	13.15 plus .9
November	...	13.48 „ .10
January	...	13.43 „ .10
March	...	13.50 „ .13
May	...	13.50 „ .13
October	...	12.67 „ .4
EGYPTIANS:—		
November	...	22.75 —.15
January	...	21.15 —.5
March	...	20.30 —.5

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 30.

COTTON DELIVERY MID. UPLANDS		
G.O.C. LIVERPOOL:—		
October	...	13.38 —.4
November	...	13.33 —.5
December	...	13.29 —.4
January	...	13.30 —.3
February	...	13.31 —.3
March	...	13.36 —.1
April	...	13.36 —.1
May	...	13.36 —.1
June	...	13.28 —.1
July	...	13.21 —.2
August	...	13.01 —.2
September	...	12.74 —.2
October	...	12.51 —.2

Tone:—Quiet.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 30.

M. G. Bengal, Good	...	11.90
M. G. Bengal, Fully Good	...	12.30
M. G. Bengal, Fine	...	12.70
No. 1 Oomra, Good	...	11.95
No. 1 Oomra Fully Good	...	12.45
No. 1 Oomra, Fine	...	12.95
M. G. Broach, Good	...	12.20
M. G. Broach Fully Good	...	12.60
M. G. Broach, Fine	...	13.10
M. G. Scinde, Good	...	11.80
M. G. Scinde, Fully Good	...	12.20
M. G. Scinde, Fine	...	12.60

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 30.

October	...	23.98 —.5
November	...	22.85 —.5
December	...	21.75 —.5
January	...	21.15 —.5
February	...	20.75 unchanged
March	...	20.35 „
April	...	20.20 „
May	...	20.00 „
June	...	19.80 „
July	...	19.60 „

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 30.

COTTON:—		
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports		53,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain		5,000
Day's Exports to Continent		25,000
FUTURES AT NEW YORK:—		
January	...	23.48 —.7
March	...	23.75 —.11
May	...	24.00 —.7
July	...	23.63 —.12
Spot Cotton at New York	...	24.10 —.10
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	...	23.40 —.15

SHARE BAZAR.

Bombay, October 31.

	12 to 1 O/C.	1 to 2 O/C.	2 to 3 O/C.
Ahmedabad Advance ex-divi.	440	..	420
Bombay Cotton	555	..	550
Bombay Dyeing	812-8-7-8	812-8	811-4
Century	382-8-80	381-4	80-81-4 380
Nagpur ex-divi.	508-12-5	511-4	10-11-4-510
Colaba	162-8-61-4	161-4	62 8-161-4
Crescent	246-4-45	242-8	242-8
Indore	412-8-10	411-4	411-4
Kohinoor	1325	..	1300
New Great	392-8-90	392-8	91-4 390
Pearl	558-12-55	555	556-4
Phoenix	520	..	520
Bharucha	101-4	..	101-4
Simplex	258-12 52-8	255	256 4
Swan	1012-8	..	1012-8
Swadesh ex-divi.	603-12-5	605	2-8-605
Pabni	357-8	..	357 8
Fazal	852-8-47-8	847-8	846-4
Mathuradas	240	..	240
Tata Mill	190	..	190
Globe	67-8	..	67-8
Mysore	125	..	115
Madhavji	333-12-32-8	332-8	331-4
Finlay ex-divi.	770	..	770
Gokak	103-12	..	102-8
Edward Sassoon	180	..	180
Meyer Sassoon	130	..	130
Alcock	170	170	172-8
Bombay Burma Old ..	302-8	..	302-8
Bombay Elec. Tram ex-divi.	88-2	..	88-2
Bombay Steamer Ordy ..	63-12	..	63-12
Bundi Cement	9-12	..	9 8
Central E. Mining	27	..	27-4
Indian Cement	40	..	40
Tata Steel Ordy.	8-4	..	8-6
Tata Steel Defd.	36-4	37-8	40

March ... ... 23.58 —.7
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 22 7/8.
Silver Foreign Mined 70 1/8.

London, Oct. 30.

At the meeting of the Committee of International Federation of Master Cotton-spinners to-day, in London, resolution was passed expressing view that reversion to system of publishing one cotton condition report monthly is preferable to fortnightly reports in view of necessity of adjusting prices so frequently to over numerous condition reports. According to reports as to state of trade, received from various representatives present, whilst conditions have shown some improvement, business practical in all countries is far from normal.

WHEAT.

London, Oct. 30.

Barletta Russo—63½ lbs. Cargo Jan/Feb sellers 62/.

Rosario Santa Fe—63½ lbs. Cargo Jan/Feb sellers 63/-.

Tone:—Market was inactive, election being predominant.

Australian Jan/Feb sellers 63/-.
Choice White Karachi Dec/Jan. buyers 61/6.
Soft Red Karachi Oct/Nov. value 60/6.
Tone:—Market was inactive, election being predominant.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, October 31.
(6-30 p. m.)

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by The Bombay Grain Merchants' Association:—

Ready	Bazar Terms. Rs.	a.	p.	Rail. Delivery Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	52	0	0	8	4	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	52	0	0	8	4	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	57	0	0	8	6	0
Rapeseed, Brown Etawa	12	8	0	13	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	12	8	0	13	0	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	13	8	0	14	0	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	13	12	0	14	4	0
Linseed, Brown Thin	13	8	0	14	0	0
Teelseed, White 85-15	82	0	0	17	0	0
Teelseed, Gujar 75-25	78	0	0	16	8	0
Teelseed, Gujar 50-50	74	0	0	16	0	0
Teelseed, Black	72	0	0	15	8	0
Poppyseed, White	14	0	0	14	10	0
Groundnuts Khandas	81	0	0	16	0	0
Mowraseed	10	6	0	10	6	0
Barley	47	0	0	6	10	0
Castorseed	75	0	0	15	14	0
Cotton Seeds Ready Delivery	42	0	0	6	4	0

Forward.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat, May	8	1	3
Linseed, May	14	0	0
Groundnuts D.-J	72	0	0
Gujarat Castor Seed Visakh	68	5	0
Teelseed, Gajar, 85-15 Dec.-Jan.	16	9	0
Cotton Seed Dec.-Jan.	5	15	6
Cotton Seed F-M.	5	13	0
Cotton Seed G-F.	5	14	6

METALS.

London, Oct. 30.

English best Selected Copper	...	£ 66 3/4
Standard Copper G.M.B.	...	£ 63 3/8
Copper Braziers	...	£ 84
Yellow Metal	...	£ 7 7/8
Hard Spelter	...	£ 28 1/2
Corrugated Sheets	...	£ 17 1/2

BRASS.

Bombay, October 31

	Per md	Rs	a.	p.
Brass English	3/4	57	8	0
Do	1	60	0	0
Do	1 1/4	60	0	0
Do	1 1/2	60	0	0
Do	1 3/4	57	8	0
Do	2	57	8	0

COPPER

Bombay, October 31

	Per md	Rs	a.	p.
Copper, English	2/4	63	8	0

Copper, American	1 1-2	66	0	0
Copper	1 3-4	66	0	0
Copper	2	66	0	0
Japanese Copper Bars		62	0	0
Panchteka Joint		29	0	0
Copper, English Bars		61	0	0
Brass Bars		41	8	0
Pat Klai		65	8	0
Lead, Country		23	0	0
German Brass, Metal 3-4 to 1		57	8	0
„ „ 1 1-4 to 1 1-2, 1 3-4 to 2		57	0	0
Eng. Copper 1 1/2 to 1 3-4 to 2		63	8	0
American Copper 3-4 to 1, 1 1/4		66	0	0

RAPESEED.

London, Oct. 30.

Ferozepore Real Bold £24 1/4 sellers for Oct/Nov. shipment.

Toria £25 sellers for Oct./Nov. shipment.

Brown Cawnpore £23 3/8 sellers for Oct./Nov. shipment.

London, Oct. 30.

Linseed La Plata Argentine was steadier in tone but trading was slow and closed at £22 1/8 buyers for Oct./Nov.

Cottonseed Bombay was steady and closed at £11 5/8 paid for Oct/Nov shipment.

Castorseed Bombay £29 3/4 sellers for Oct/Nov. shipment.

RUBBER.

London, Oct. 30.

Para Up River Fine, Spot Dec/Jan. 17 1/2.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot Nov. 17 3/8.

Tone:—Very steady and not much doing.

BARLEY.

London, Oct. 30.

Karachi Barley Oct/Nov. sellers 46/-.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Oct. 30.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Nov/Dec. nominal 22/-.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jan/Mar. sellers 22/-.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jun/Jul. sellers 19/10½.

Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay Jun/Mar. sellers 22/2.

Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi Jan/Mar. sellers 22/2.

Tone:—Remains quiet.

SUGAR MARKET.

Bombay, Oct. 31, 5 p.m.

Ready prices are easier to-day by 4 as. per cwt. with limited purchase enquiries. So also Transhipment rates. To-day's clearance including local requirements amounts to 3760 bags, showing not a satisfactory record of offtake.

Our Forward Market is also easier by 2d in Java Forward Positions, by 6d. per cwt. in B E B Beet November/December shipment and by 2d in Mauritius Crystal Sugar Prices Forward Delivery in Prices prevailing yesterday.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 19/8 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 14/8 per cwt.
Shipment September Sh. 21/6 per cwt F B H.
Shipment October/December Sh. 21/7 per cwt F B H.
Shipment January/February/March Sh. 21/9 per cwt F B H.

Continental Beet Sugar:—
Shipment November/December Sh. 20/7 per cwt F B H.

B E B Beet Sugar:—
Shipment November/December Sh. 21 per cwt F B H.

Mauritius Crystal Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 18/13 per cwt.
Shipment October/November/December Sh. 20/6 per cwt F B H.
Shipment January Sh. 20/8 per cwt F B H.

FOR SALE
CHEAP, HIGHLY PERFUMED,
INCENSE (DASANG DHOOP)
sweetens the air, for rich and poor both.
Specially for temples. Ask
KASALCHAND M. DHANGADHARAWALA
Kalupur 88-89, AHMEDABAD.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 31.

Chinkoa, Hemings, Calcutta.
Dongola, Cooper, Aden.
Aquileia, Gaetono, Genoa.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 1.

Cracovia, Quarantotto, Trieste.
Dongola, Cooper, Aden.

LOADING.

Oct. 31.

Steamer Risaldar for Calcutta.
Steamer Vasna for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Ambistine for Hull.
Steamer Zayani for Persian Gulf.

S S Chinkoa:—The B I S N Co's steamer Chinkoa, 2339 tons, Captain Hemings, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Aquileia:—The M Italiana steamer Aquileia, 4085 tons, Captain B Zoppo Gaetono arrived in harbour yesterday from Genoa with a general cargo and 177 passengers.

S S Dongola:—The P and O S N Co's English mail steamer Dongola, 4729 tons, Captain C P Cooper, arrived in harbour yesterday at 5 p.m. from Aden, with the outward mails of the 16th ultimo, a general cargo and 190 passengers.

S S Cracovia:—The Lloyd Triestino Co's steamer Cracovia, 4566 tons, Captain G Quarantotto, will sail to-day from harbour for Trieste, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Dongola:—The P and O S N Co's English mail steamer Dongola, 4729 tons, Captain C P Cooper, will sail to-day from Ballard Pier Station at 2 p.m. for Aden, with the homeward mails a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(FRIDAY, October 31.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Shed.
2 Narkunda 9699 London, 8/11 M M & Co.
3 City of Nagpur, 6289, Glasgow, 5/11, F Nixon.
4 Fiume L, 3890, Trieste, 31/10, L Triestino.
5 Simla, 3810, Colombo, 1/11, Graham Tdg Co.
6 Morvada, 5120, London, 31/10, M M and Co.
7 Scindia, 3247, Glasgow, 14/11, Graham Tdg Co.
8 Arcturus, 3816, New York, 3/11, Volkart Bros.
11 Cracovia 4672 Trieste, 1/11 L Triestino.
12 Nordkyn, 2936, Karachi 3/11 L Edward Ltd.
13 Dictator, 3149, Dunkirk, N.F., T M and Co.
14 City of Madras, 3048, Hull, 11/11, J Finlay.
15 Padua, 3678, Antwerp, 3/11, M M and Co.
16 York Castle, 3458, N.F., N.F., Graham Tdg. Co.
17 Marie Maerek, 3037, Dunkirk, N.F., Grahams Trading Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Shunko Maru, 5027, Kobe, 9/11, O S K.
4 Varela 1923 Basrah 31/10 M M & Co.
5 Umona, 2388, Dunkirk, NF, Grahams and Co.
7 Cl. Macbride, 2009, Malabar, 2/11, J F and Co.
8 Gange, 1938, Trieste, 2/11, L Triestino.
9 Takushima Maru, 4257, Kobe, 2/11 N Y K
10/11 Dara, 3083, Mauritius 10/11, T Morrison.
12/13 Jehangir, 2157, Jeddah, 5/11, T M and Co.
14 Chakla, 1727, Kobi, 1/11, M M and Co.
15 Ahmedi, 1331, P. Gulf, 31/10, S Hassum N Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Bankura, 1995, Basra, 5/11, M M and Co.
B Gamaria, 3232, Calcutta, 3/11, M M & Co.
D Nourjel-Bahr 199 Aleppy 30/10 M S N Co
H Magwe, 990, NF, NF, Bhajekar & Khopkar

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED IN BOMBAY.

BRITISH MAIL STEAMERS

Naldera due about 7th November, Agent P and O S N Co.
Devanha due about 13th November, Agent P and O S N Co.
Mongolia due about 14th November, Agent P and O S N Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind due about 21st November Agent P and O S N Co.
China due about 5th December, Agent P and O S N Co.

FROM LONDON

Manela due about 3rd November, Agent B S N Co.
Margha due about 17th November Agent B S N Co.
Naringa due about 15th December, Agent M M & Co.
Manora due about 5th January, Agent M M & Co.
Morvada due about 20th January, Agent M. M. and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Massilia due about 7th November, Agent W and A. Graham Co.
City of Paris due about 7th November, Agent Killick Nixon Co.
California due about 13th November, Agent W and A. Graham Co.
City of Genoa due about 14th November Agent Killick Nixon Co.
City of Cairo due about 26th November, Agent K N Co.
City of Manchester due about 6th December, Agent K N Co.
Circassia due about 12th December, Agent Graham T Co.
Olympia due about 22nd December, Agent Graham T Co.
1 Tiepolo (not fixed).

FROM HULL.

Vigo due about 23rd November, Agent J. F. Co.
Bassano (not fixed), Agent J F. Co.

FROM HAMBURG

Reichenfels due about 31st October, Agent L Edward and Co.
Trifels due about 6th November, Agent L Edward.
Werdenfels (not fixed) Agent L Edward.
Argenfels (not fixed), Agent L Edwards.
Crostafels (not fixed), Agent L Edward.
Hohenfels (not fixed), Agent L Edward.

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Hemland due abou t18th November, Agent Graham T Co.
Vinstra due about 7th December, Agent, Graham T Co.
Japan due about 31st December, Agent Graham T. Co.
Rena due about 20th January, Agent Graham T. Co.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Kondenkerk due about 3rd January, Agent E D Sassoon Co.
Bovenkirk due about 31st October, Agent E D Sassoon Co.
Ridderkirk due about 12th December, Agent E D Sassoon and Co.
Meerkirk due about 22nd November, Agent E D Sassoon Co.
Streefkerk due about 24th January, Agent DHANJISHAW—4 OCT 31

E D Sassoon Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Trieste due about 7th November, Agent Lloyd Triestino.
Orion due about 18th November, Agent Lloyd Triestino.

FROM GENOA.

Venus due about 1st December, Agent M

Agent F F Campbell Co.
City of Hankow due about 19th November, Agent F F Campbell Co.
Algic due about 16th November, Agent Volkart Bros.

FROM KOBE.

Tamba Maru due about 31st October, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Morioku Maru due about 17th November Agent N Y Kaisha.
Ceylon Maru due about 29th November Agent N Y Kaisha.
Hakodate Maru due about 3rd December, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Hoba Maru due about 16th December. Agent N Y Kaisha.
Ferin due about 27th October, Agent Lloyd Triestino Co.

FROM CHINA

Sicilia due about 15th November, Agent P and O S N Co.
Sardinia, due about 14th December, Agent P and O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN.

Khandala due about 1st November, Agent M M Co.
Karoa due about 15th November, Agent M M Co.

EXPORTS.

Oct. 31.

S S Scindia for Liverpool:—2941 cwts myrabollams, P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 13 bales wool, Indian Trades Ltd, Madras; 10000 cwts groundnut oil cake, 4000 cwts linseed oil cake, 2000 cwts gingelly seed oil cake, 1000 cwts kardi seed oil cake, N V Velmohamed; 5000 cwts linseed oil cakes, The Alliance Trading Co, 200 bales cotton, Latham Abercrombie and Co; 80 bales wool, Shamji Mal; 100 cwts kapock seed, J A Begbie and Co Ltd.

S S Scindia for Glasgow:—2225 cwts linseed oil cakes, A Bhanji and Bros; 1960 cwts myrabollams, P Mathradas and Co Ltd.

S S Scindia for Marseilles:—200 bales wool, Shamji Mal; 9 bales wool, Indian Trades Ltd Madras; 10 bales okund cotton, R Purshottam; 1000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

S S Scindia for Philadelphia:—286 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co.

S S City of Nagpur for Dunkirk:—55 bales cotton fly, Khimji Visram and Co; 440 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha Ltd.

S S Arcturus for New York:—50 tons sandalwood billets, Thos. Cook and Sons Ltd.

S S Gange for Genoa:—45 bales silk waste, Gorio Ltd.

S S Gange for Naples:—6000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

S S Nardkya for Hamburg:—30 bales cotton fly, M Chandulal and Co; 400 cwts poppy seed, E Behram and Bros; 200 bales cotton fly, C Piraj and Co; 1010 cwts weed seed, J Dayull; 2002 cwts myrabollams, P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 2000 cwts linseed, 3800 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

S S Nardkya for Antwerp:—4852 cwts crushed bones, Hollingshurst and Co Ltd.

S S Nardkya for Rotterdam:—100 bales cotton fly, C Peraj and Co; 1000 cwts poppy seed, 600 cwts teel seed, 6000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

S S Padua for Antwerp:—200 bales cotton, Vurdhman Bros Ltd; 200 cwts mustard seed, A Durst; 220 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha Ltd.

S S Umona for Dunkirk:—3200 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

S S Cracovia for Venice:—55 bales cotton, Vurdhman Bros Ltd.

S S Dictator for Dunkirk:—110 bales cotton, Arjan Khimji and Co; 200 cwts linseed, 2000 cwts castor seed, E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 10 bales goat hair, K Esmail

S S Narkunda for London:—2000 cwts groundnut oil cakes, J Permanand and Co; 1000 cwts wheat middlings, The Bombay Co Ltd; 30 cwts cardamoms, R S Tata and Co; 1 cwts mace, A Abdul Rahim; 4 bales sheep skins tanned, 3 bales goat skins tanned, Meyer Nissim.

S S Narkunda for Marseilles:—1000 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

S S York Castle for Dunkirk:—500 tons manganese ore, The Shivrajpur Syndicate Ltd.

S S Takushima Maru for Kobe:—200 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha Ltd; 800 bales cotton, Dossa and Co; 100 bales cotton, G V Banke.

S S Takushima Maru for Osaka:—400 bales cotton, C Damji and Sons.

S S Shunko Maru for Kobe:—260 bales cotton, Ozo Bafin and Co Ltd.

IMPORTS.

Oct. 31.

S S Gandara from Rangoon, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co:—7590 bags rice, 1053 pieces teak sleepers, 876 pieces teak planks, 1036 pieces teak tea board, 15653 pieces teak scantlings, 9478 bundles teak scantlings, 273 pieces teak posts, 93 pieces squares, 50 pieces block tin, 100 bars pig lead.

From Moulmein:—1167 pieces teak posts, 7597 pieces teak boards, 15950 pieces teak sleepers, 469 pieces squares ends, 2401 pieces squares, 6930 pieces teak planks, 120953 pieces teak scantlings, 21163 bundles teak scantlings, 1236 bundles jungle wood battens.

S S Dogra from Calcutta, Agents Turner Morrison and Co Ltd:—60 bales jute twine, 7 bales canvas, 368 bales paper, 10 bales hessian cloth, 38 packages jute gasketting, 20 packages jute spun yarn, 23 coils Manila rope, 5 bundles old gunny bags, 25 bags gunnies, 4 cases condiment, 42 cases port wine, 16 cases medicines, 12 cases 22 drums ink, 250 drums coal tar, 20 drums varnish, 19 drums black enamel, 66 drums linseed oil, 58 drums boat copping, 30 drums kiricide, 137 drums 879 kegs paint, 89 kegs red lead.

From Madras:—338 bags corandum stones.

From Calicut:—613 bags cocoanuts, 29 pieces jungle wood scantling, 208 pieces jungle wood planks.

From Badagera:—109 bags copra, 344 bags cocanuts.

From Tellicherry:—270 bags cocoanuts.

S S Barala from Koweit, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co:—1 tin pearls, 50 bags gum, 538 bundles dates.

From Bahrein:—18 tins pearls, 12 bags old copper, 19 bundles specie.

From Singah:—17 bundles specie.

From Busrah:—20 Nos. empty cylinders, 60 bags old scraps, 1250 bags dates, 6022 baskets dates, 25 packages old brass.

From Mahomerah:—24 bags almond kernels, 130 bags gum, 33 bags dates, 1354 bundles dates, 50 bundles tobacco.

From Bushire:—12 cases asafoetida, 10 cases intestines, 68 bags almond kernels, 107 bags gum, 32 bags raisins.

From Bunder Abbas:—97 jottas asafoetida, 24 jottas 7 bundles rose buds, 9 bundles attari, 7 bags pista, 154 bags raisins, 148 bags dates.

From Muscat:—820 bags sardines, 4110 bags 1158 boxes dates, 271 crates pomegranates, 7 bundles specie.

From Ormara:—40 bundles mats.

From Karachi:—240 bags sugar.

LATE MRS. BURNETT.

LONDON, October 30.

New York.—The death is announced of Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett.—Reuter.

(Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett was a novelist of some note. She was born at Manchester on 24th November 1849. She went to U.S.A. with her parents and there married Dr. Burnett of Washington. Among her important works are:—Surly Tim and other Stories, A Lady of Quality (1896) Esmaralda (a play which ran for three years in America.)

The C. P. and Berar Tennis Tournaments which were held at Yeotmal from 26th instant resulted in a fiasco. An unfortunate episode occurred yesterday morning when the semi-final match was being played between Messrs. Dastur and Desai of Akola on one side and Messrs. Desai and Shriniwasrao of Buti Qlub Nagpur on the other. The act

COTTON

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the week under review Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole show a moderate advance both in Liverpool and New York as compared with a week ago. Early the market declined on continued hedge selling on bearish Agricultural Bureau Report, but later improved on shorts covering and Commission Houses and trade buying.

The main feature of the week has been the publication of the Government Bureau Report showing the condition figure as on the 15th instant 54.7 per cent. and indicating a crop of 12,675,000 bales, whilst the total quantity of cotton ginned upto the 18th instant is 7,801,000 bales. In view of the bearish nature of the report, the sharp rise that followed on the very next day of the publication is rather astonishing, but we attribute this to reports of heavy frost in some quarters.

There is no doubt that the rapid issuance of the official documents is telling against the volume of business and is restricting operations to a very moderate extent, as no sooner one report is out of the way and its influence felt than the market is faced with the approach of a further official report. One of the outstanding features of the recent steadiness is the fact that there is very little selling pressure from the South which may be due to heavy early commitments which were made to the Continent, with the result that exporters are busily occupied in filling their requirements, and what little hedge selling is transpiring appears to be chiefly centred on the American Exchanges, as quite a small proportion is finding its way to Liverpool.

Trade reports from Manchester are somewhat of a reassuring nature, though actual business is held in check by the uncertainty of the future values of the raw material. A large enquiry from many markets still flows and spinners are gradually achieving a stronger position. Since our last report, the American spot demand shows no change of importance. The enquiry, however, continues on a fairly good scale but the actual turnover is not as large as indicated by the enquiry.

On the whole, with the possibility of a crop of nearly 13 million bales we believe it is a safer policy to effect careful sales than to make purchases, as we consider that the former will prove profitable transactions sometime during the next few weeks, for when the crop begins to move in greater volume, we feel sure that anything around existing levels will be very attractive to the former, who once in a way looks like having a good crop to market.

As regards the position of the local market owing to the intervention of the Diwali Holidays very little business passed during the week and trading was confined to small dimensions. The market at the moment is inactive with prices fluctuating within comparatively narrow limits, but with the commencement of the new season next week and with an approach of new arrivals of cotton we expect the market to ease, and therefore advocate the policy of making short sales in strong markets.

The demand for ready cotton during the week was on a small scale and the off-take very limited, local mills being the only buyers. Some business was, however, put through in delivery contracts for Fine M. G. Bener November/December delivery.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

	last week	this week	
New York December	22.82	23.32 plus	50
New York January	22.92	23.48 ,,	56
New York March	23.22	23.75 ,,	53
New York May	23.40	24.00 ,,	60
Liverpool October	13.19	13.38 ,,	19
Liverpool January	13.12	13.30 ,,	18
Liverpool March	13.18	13.36 ,,	18
Liverpool May	13.19	13.36 ,,	17
Liverpool July	13.06	13.21 ,,	15

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully good M. G. Broach April/May opened on the 24th instant at Rs. 459 and gradually advanced to Rs. 463¼ on buying by prominent Shroffs and Commission and Japanese Houses. On the 25th instant the Bazar opened easier at Rs. 459½ in sympathy with a moderate decline in America, and improved to Rs. 460½. Around this level Commission Houses sold which caused a setback and the prices dropped to Rs. 456½, but again improved to Rs. 459½ on buying by Bazar operators and Japanese Houses. On the 27th instant on receipt of further decline in New York futures the market opened weak at Rs. 452½ and gradually went up to Rs. 454½ on buying by Japanese Houses and Shroffs. In accordance with a substantial advance in New York futures the Bazar opened firm at Rs. 463 on the 28th instant. On selling by Bazar operators the prices gave wey to Rs. 460½ but again improved to Rs. 462 on general buying. On the 29th instant the market opened at Rs. 461½ and declined to Rs. 458½ on Bazar operators selling, but again recovered to Rs. 460 on Japanese Houses buying. On the 30th inst. the Bazar opened at Rs. 460 and advanced to Rs. 463½ on Shroffs and Commission Houses buying and closed at the same rate.

Fine Oomra December/January opened on the 24th instant at Rs. 437 and going up to Rs. 440 gradually declined to Rs. 431 on Commission Houses and general selling. From this level the prices improved to Rs. 443 in sympathy with the rise in New York. On selling by Commission Houses and Shroffs the market eased to Rs. 437 and after some fluctuations closed on the 30th instant at Rs. 433. Whilst Oomra March opened at Rs. 429 on the 24th instant and improving to Rs. 432 on scattered buying declined to Rs. 424½ on Bazar operators selling. Again going up to Rs. 434 the market eased to Rs. 429 and after some fluctuations closed on the 30th instant at Rs. 435. F. G. Bengal December/January opened on the 24th instant at Rs. 389 and closed on the 30th instant at Rs. 394 the highest being Rs. 394 and the lowest Rs. 384.

YARN MARKET.

NEW YEAR TRANSACTIONS.

Bombay, October 30.

Compared with the previous New Year transactions, transactions in the Yarn Market can be said to be quite disappointing and unsatisfactory; as a matter of fact, the dealers were not at all inclined to effect any heavy purchases even at lower rates as the demand continued very slack since some time and the buying orders from upcountry were comparatively very few. Besides, tight money, political and other disturbances in several consuming centres, heavy floods in some parts of Northern India, as well as in Madras and Malabar Coast, and last but not the least the declining tendency in Cotton position have all led to very restricted transactions—and this time on the New Year's Day there has not been even 1/3rd of the total business which was experienced in previous years.

English Yarns:—There was practically no business in English Yarns on the New Year's Day and their place was taken over by the heavy Japanese sales amounting to something like 1500 packages at rates lower by about 20 to 30 per cent for the similar English Counts.

Counts by different buyers. As the buyers looked for lower prices they were not prepared to buy in large quantities, and the Mills as a rule could not meet the buyers who proposed very low prices for large business.

Business for China was nil, and for Rangoon and Calcutta very small.

Generally speaking there was not much enthusiasm seen amongst the dealers at this time as in the past, because the result of the total working for the whole year seemed very unsatisfactory owing to the losses suffered by them due to continuous decline in prices and very slack demand especially during the last six months. Looking to the condition of Yarn Trade at present and the situation in the various consuming districts of this Country we do not hope for any substantial improvement in Yarn Trade unless rates decline further by about an Anna per lb. at least.

LOCAL YARN MARKET

Bombay, October 31.

		Rs.	a.	p.
6 1/2s	SECOND QUALITY.			
	Finlay	12	6	0
	Apollo	12	4	0
	Simplex	12	2	0
	Shapoorji	12	0	0
	Currimbhoy	12	0	0
6 1/2s.	FIRST QUALITY.			
	Edward Sassoon	12	0	0
	Apollo			
	Light house			
	David	11	6	0
8 1/2.	FIRST QUALITY.			
	Jacob (Seven stars)	13	4	0
	Edward Sassoon	13	0	0
	Apollo	13	4	0
	Bradbury	13	0	0
10 1/2s.				
	Shapoorji	14	0	0
	Apollo			
	Swadeshi	15	0	0
	Bradbury	14	4	0
	Asur Virji	13	12	0
	David (Flowerman)	14	2	0
	David (Cockatoo)	14	2	0
	Indo China			
12 1/2s.				
	Elphinstone	14	12	0
	Currimbhoy	14	4	0
	China	14	0	0
	Moon	14	2	0
	Apollo	15	4	0
	Dawn	14	0	0
14 1/2s.				
	Kilachand	15	0	0
	Apollo	15	8	0
	City			
	Colaba Land	16	0	0
	Fazalbhai	14	12	0
20's.				
	Kilachand	17	2	0
	Edward Sassoon	17	4	0
	Elphinstone	17	4	0
	Phoenix	17	8	0
	Dawn	17	8	0

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS

DAILY QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, October 31.

	per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kilachand	No. 14 1/2	0	15	0
Kilachand	No. 20 1/2	1	0	0
Currimbhai	No. 12 1/2	0	14	4
Elphinstone	No. 12 1/2	0	15	0
David	No. 10 1/2	0	14	6
Shapurji	No. 10 1/2	0	14	0
Trikamdas	No. 10 1/2	0	14	3
Sattara	No. 10 1/4	0	14	6
Shapurji	No. 6 1/2	0	12	0
Light-house	No. 6 1/2	0	11	9
Japan	No. 40—1	1	8	0
,,	No. 42—2	1	11	0
,,	No. 20	1	1	9
,,	No. 32	1	5	9

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSN. LTD WEEKLY REPORT.

Bombay, 31st October, 1924

Description	Spot prices 23-10-24	16-10-24.
Bengals F. G.		
S/Punjab F. G.		
Broach F. G.		
Oomras Fine		
Muttia F.		
Khandesh F.		
Southerns. G.		

Futures Settlement Rates.	30-10-24	23-10-24.
Hedge Contracts		
Bengals Dec/Jany.	392	389
Broach, April/May	462	460
Oomra F. Dec./Jan.	441	437
Oomra F. March	434	428
Oomra F. G.		
Southerns G.		

Receipts for the week ending 30th October 1924 and corresponding period last year.

	Bales. 1924	Bales 1923
Bengals	1113	4634
Oomras	1072	2017
Dholleras	105	825
Broach		224
Southerns	1869	4144
Persians	34	64
Americans		
Egyptians	20	
East Africans	255	740
Other sorts	310	
Total	4778	12648

Exports for the week ending 30th October 1924.

	Bales.
United Kingdom	
Continent	1235
China	
Japan.	3827
Coast Ports.	270
Total	5332
Afloat in harbour—Europe	3574
China, Japan and Coast Ports	1700
Total	5274

Receipts from 1st, September 1924 to 30th October 1924 and corresponding period in last 4 years.

1924-25	1923-24	1922-23	1921-22	1920-21
50837	48758	64788		

October 1924 and corresponding period in last 4 years.

	1924-25	1923-24	1922 23	1921-22	1920-21
United Kingdom.	1486	2979			
Continent.	20037	9616	66069	111778	130544
China	31 0	1405	1415	2 004	10093
Japan	993 8	83322	93407	19462	9214
Coast Ports	2660x	2678	3878	2848	2663
Total	18641	22700	164769	333092	152511

x Including Nil bales for U. S. of America

Total export by rail from 1st September 1924 to 30th October 1924 .. 3,890 Bales.

Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and Mills in Bombay on 30th October 1924. .. 2,83,011 Bales.

WEEKLY SUGAR MARKET.

Bombay, Oct. 31

During the week under review there were only four working days and even during these four working days the market has not witnessed any significant fluctuations. In the beginning of the week under Report conditions in the local market tended rather to an easier tendency, the next day witnessing a little steadier aspect. On Sunday the market enjoyed practically the tone of holiday making and the two succeeding days the market observed as Divali holidays with a cessation of all work. The market again resumed activity since the early morning hours of the New Hindu Year with quite a good amount of business doing both in respect of ready and forward transactions. The close of the week has seen a drop of about 2d per cwt in the prices prevailing the previous day. The highest and the lowest prices this week were Rs. 19/14 and Rs. 19/12 for Java Ready Sugar; Rs. 14/14 and Rs. 14/12 for Transhipment; Rs. 19/1 and Rs. 18/14 for Mauritius Ready Sugar; Sh. 22 nd Sh. 21/9 for September Sh. 21/11 and Sh. 21/9 for October/December. Sh. 22 and Sh. 21/11 for January/February/March shipment for Java Sugar; Sh. 20/11 and Sh. 20/7 for Continental Beet and Sh. 21/8 and Sh. 21/6 for B R B Beet Sugar November/December shipment; Sh. 20/9 and Sh 20/8 for October/November/December shipment for Mauritius Crystal Sugar. Daily Clearance this week averages 5600 bags, showing a moderate record of offtake.

Total Stocks inclusive of fresh arrivals of 86434 bags of Mauritius Sugar per s.s. Dara are estimated at 125000 bags of Mauritius Crystal Sugar and 15000 bags of Java Sugar.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 19/12 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 14/12 per cwt.
Shipment September Sh. 21/9 per cwt F B H
Shipment October/December Sh. 21/9 per cwt F B H.
Shipment January/February/March Sh. 21/11 per cwt F B H.
Continental Beet Sugar:—
Shipment November/December Sh. 20/7 per cwt F B H.
B R B Beet Sugar:—
Shipment November/December Sh. 21/6 per cwt F B H.
Mauritius Crystal Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 18/14 per cwt.
Shipment October/November/December Sh 20/8 per cwt F B H.
Shipment January Sh. 20/10 per cwt F B H.

CHEMICALS.

Bombay, October 31.

A fairly large volume of business was transacted during the Divali holidays. Prices kept firm, mainly due to great scarcity in certain chemicals. Sodium Sulphide, Farina, Dextrine and Magnesium Chloride continued to be in large demand, and the prices ruled with animation. Brown Sugar lead, Antimony Salt, Litharge and Acetic acid kept quite featureless with no lively inquiry. Chrome Alum, Oxalic acid and other chemicals had nothing further worth reporting. Epsom Salt and Farina are expected to arrive in large lots per S.S. Bovenkirk.

Quotations are:—
Epsom salt Rs. 5.
Antimony salt As. 7.
Potassium Chlorate As. 3/2
Caustic soda Rs. 21/4.
Magnesium Chloride Rs. 7/4.
Dextrine Rs. 23/4.
Sodium Sulphide Rs. 15/8.
Glauber salt Rs. 4/12.
Acetate lead Brown Rs. 36.
Bichromate potash Rs. 41.
Hydrosulphide soda As. 12.
Zinc Chloride Rs. 20.
Litharge flake Rs. 38.
Farina Rs. 18.
Bichromate soda Rs. 30.
Oxalic acid Rs. 26.

MILL STORES

Bombay, October 31.

There was practically no animation in the Mill Stores Market. Demand kept poor, and the consumers were almost quiet. Up-country inquiries were also practically nil, but are expected now as the Divali holidays have been over. Cotton Healds have declined to Rs. 1/9, and Reeds to As. 3. Bandings and Ropes also have shown easier tendency mainly due to the favourable rate of Exchange. Bobbins changed hands, but the rates have shown no improvement. English Bobbins are practically quiet. Woollen goods and Leather sundries have no interesting features.

Quotations are:—
Healds—15/40s Rs. 1/9.
Reeds As. 3.
Roller Cloth 16 oz. Kenion Rs. 8/4.
Scroll Bandings oldham Rs. 1/6.
Tubular Bandings oldham Rs. 2/4.
Ropes Rs. 2.
Fillets Emery As. 2/9.
Sizing flannel twill 62 inches Rs. 3.
Slubbing tubes Japanese Rs. 21/8.
Prins Conical 5 inches Enamel Rs. 8.
Prins Universal oily Jap Rs. 7.
Ring Rabbath 5 inches Enamel Rs. 8/6.
Warper Bobbins English Rs. 70.
Card cans Fibre Rs. 3/12.
Sizing flannel 72 inches Rs. 3/5.

COLOUR.

October, 31.

Good business passed in muhurat at the ruling rates. Most of the prices were favourable to the buyers. Alizarine Cow and Lunger had little fluctuations. I. P. is steady. Congo Red, Beszo Purpurine and Delta Purpurine are in poor demand. Magenta Crystals and Indenthrines are in fairly good demand. Miscellaneous section is quiet without much doing Sulpher Black has no further fluctuations.

Quotations are:—
Alizerine 20 per cent paste-Lunger Rs. 71-0-0
Alizerine 20 per cent paste-Cow Rs. 72-0-0
Alizerine 20 per cent paste-I. P. Rs. 70-0-0
Congo red Rs. 1-6-0
Nigrosene Xls Rs. 1-8-0
Methyl Violet Rs. 3-2-0
Victoria Blue Rs. 3-6-0
Sulphuric Black Rs. 0-15-0
Perpurine Benzo Rs. 1-12-0
Purpurine Delta Rs. 2-6-0
Melachite Green Rs. 3-4-0
Magenta Xls Rs. 5-0-0

TRADE AND FINANCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

MONEY.

Monetary conditions have remained easy during the three working days of the period under report with plentiful supplies of immediate funds, although reports from Calcutta indicate a better demand for money. Call money is available at about 2 per cent with no borrowers. The rate for fixed deposits for three months is about 4 per cent and for six months about 5 per cent.

The current statement of the Imperial Bank of India shows a decrease of Rs. 54.92 lakhs in the cash balance which now stands at Rs. 21,94,19,000, the percentage being 24.47 as compared with 24.34 of last week. The trade demand shows a further decline. Loans have decreased by Rs. 12.84 lakhs, Cash Credits by Rs. 118.39 lakhs and Inland Bills discounted by Rs. 50.77 lakhs. The Government deposits show a decrease of Rs. 45.16 lakhs and other deposits are Rs. 165.80 lakhs less. The Bank rate remains unchanged at 6 per cent.

Critics of the Government attitude on financial affairs and all others interested will be gratified to note that Government has at last issued fresh currency to the extent of Rs. 1 crore against sterling purchases and it is to be hoped that they will continue this policy and issue further amounts, without delay.

The gilt-edged market has been dull with only limited business passing. 3½ per cent Paper declined from Rs. 65/14 to Rs. 65/8 but closes at Rs. 65/12. 5 per cent. Loans due 1933 and 1945-55 are quoted at Rs. 97/4 and Rs. 97/2 respectively. Business was passed in 6½ per cent Bonds due 1925 and 1928 at Rs. 102/10 and Rs. 103/8. 6 per cent Bonds due 1926 and 1927 changed hands at Rs. 100/8 and Rs. 100/11. 1930 at Rs. 102/4 and 1932 at Rs. 103/4. 6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan is quoted at Rs 106/10.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange has been a steady market during the period under review. The rate for ready T T on London improved from 1s. 6d to 1s 6-1/16d. There was again a better showing of bills in Calcutta than in Bombay. The rate for November to January delivery is about 1/32d to 1/16d higher than the rate for ready T T. It is reported that the Imperial Bank bought £225,000 at 1s 6-1/16d both here and in Calcutta. At the close there were no sellers of ready T T higher than 1s 6d.

The dollar quotation has been steadier the rate improving from dol. 4.49-3/4 to dol. 4.52 3/8. Among the principal Continental exchanges, French francs close at 86.23, Belgian francs at 94 and the Italian lira at 104.

We give below the result of the last sale of Council Bills by the Secretary of State for India. Total amount applied for was Rs. 196.50 lakhs. Tenders were accepted as follows:—Immediates at 1s 6 1/16d (allotted in full) Rs. 1 lakh, Immediates at 1s 6-1/32d (allotted in full Rs 30.98 lakhs, Deferreds at 1s 6-1/32d (allotted in full) Rs. 11 lakhs. Deferreds at 1s 6d (allotted in full) Rs. 57.02 lakhs. Bills—Nil. Rs. 1 crore will be offered for sale next week.

GOLD.

The gold market was steady during the early part of the week but towards the close there was a reaction mainly influenced by the firmness in dollar exchange. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 92s 2d. and 91s. 9d. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 23/3 and Rs. 22/13/6 for ready Rs. 23/3 and Rs. 22/13/6 for 12th November settlement and Rs. 23/2/9 and Rs. 22/14/3 for 12th December settlement. The rate for sovereigns has declined further from Rs. 14/12/6 to Rs. 14/10 for ready and from Rs. 14/11/6 to Rs. 14/9/6 for forward. The average daily off-take is good and amounts to some 50,000 tolas a day and the stock is estimated at about 10 lakhs tolas excluding arrivals by the incoming mail which is expected to bring about 22 lakhs gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £7,36,000. The total import of gold during the week amounted to Rs. 41,62,877 in bar and coin. This week's shipment is expected to be for about £325,000.

SILVER.

The weakness reported in the silver market continued during the period under report with a sharp drop in the local rates due to weaker advices from both Shanghai and London. In Shanghai the rate for T T on London declined from 3s 5-1 to 3s 4-3/4d but closes at 3s 4-7/8d. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 35 7/16d and 34 15/16d for ready and 35-5/16d and 34-7/8d for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 78/7 and Rs. 76/15 for ready, Rs. 78/10 and Rs. 77/1 for 17th November settlement and Rs 78/15 and Rs. 77/6 for 16th December settlement. In spite of the lower level of rates, the off-take only averages about 125 bars a day while the stock is estimated at about 12 500 bars. Exclusive of the present week's shipment, the total visible supply from London to India is about £3,89,000 silver. The total import of silver during the week amounted to Rs. 3,23,499 in coin. This week's shipment is expected to be for about £35,000.

SHARES.

The Stock Exchange was open for three days during the week under report. Cotton Mill shares have again been generally easy and prices on the whole show a declining tendency. The nervousness reported last week among the holders still continues. On Monday the 27th, the market was open from 6-30 p.m. to 8 p.m. and in spite of the reports of about 25,000 bales of cloth being sold, a comparatively small business was put through in the share market. The following are the fluctuations in some of the principal cotton mill shares:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 816/4—813/12; Century Rs. 382/8; Central India Rs. 513/12—511/4; Crescent Rs. 250—246/4; Kohinoor Rs. 1325; New Great Rs. 392/8—393/12, Pearls Rs. 562/8—560; Simplex Rs. 258/12—257/8 and Swadeshi Rs. 605—603/12

A dull feeling prevails in the miscellaneous section and rates are again quoted lower. Alcocks are quoted at Rs. 170, Bombay Burma Rs. 302/8, Bt Burma Petrol Rs. 5/10 and Tata deferreds at Rs. 36/4. Cement and Manganese shares are quiet with very little business passing. Bundis are quoted at Rs. 9/12, Kathiawad Rs. 60, with deferreds at Rs. 170 and Shivrajpurs at Rs. 43/8. Railway shares are steady but quiet. Abd Prantij quoted at Rs. 795,

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

The s. s. "Dongola" with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

Phadke's Art Exhibition, from 3 to 11 p.m., at Rambag, C. P. Tank.

Protest meeting against arrests in Bengal, Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6 p.m., Mr. V. J. Patel to preside.

SUNDAY, November 2.

Phadke's Art Exhibition, Rambag, C. P. Tank, 3 to 11 p.m.

Concert in aid of Malabar Flood Relief Fund, Excelsior Theatre, 5-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, November 5.

Public meeting re Pherozeshah Mehta's Jayanti, Sir C. J. Hall, 6 p.m. (S. T.).

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

MIRANDA.—On Wednesday, 29th October, Olive Jane, darling wife of Mr. F. X. Miranda, Savantvadi, and beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. M. D'Souza, Bandra, of enteric. R280

POSTAL NOTICES.

Superscribed mails for Singapore, China and Japan per s. s. "Tokushima Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10-0 a.m. on Monday, the 3rd November, instead of on Saturday, the 1st November, as previously notified.

Mails from Australia via Colombo and Dhanushkodi are due in Bombay on the 2nd November

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Mr. V. S. Sohoni will conduct the weekly Divine Service at the Bombay Prarthana Samaj, Girgaon, to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.). All are invited to attend.

The morning Divine Service will be conducted by Mr. Y. V. Bhandarker, at 7-30 a.m. (S. T.).

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. mail steamer "China" arrived London on Thursday, the 30th instant.

The O. S. K.'s steamer "Alps Maru" left Majl for Bombay on the 28th instant and is due to arrive here via regular ports of call on 25th November.

The O. S. K.'s steamer "Amur Maru" left Singapore for Bombay on the 29th instant and is due here on 11th of November.

The O. S. K.'s European Line steamer "Paris Maru" arrived at Aden on the 28th instant and left for Europe on the 29th instant.

CITY'S HEALTH.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of 30th October to 6 a.m. of 31st October:—

Small-pox nil; Cholera nil; Plague nil; Influenza nil; total mortality (exclusive of stillborn) 100. Total mortality this day last year was 96.

DEPRESSED CLASS MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Somavanshiya Shri Guru Datta Prasadik Bhajan Mandali, a public meeting of the Depressed Classes will be held at 13th Kamatipura Street, to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m., when Mr. H. B. Clayton, Municipal Commissioner, will preside.

STAGING OF BENGALI PLAY.

The members of the Bengal Club, Parel, will stage "Kalor Kirti", a farcical comedy in Bengali to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Damodar Thackersey Hall, near Parel Station. All Bengalis are cordially invited to attend.

DAIWADNYA DEBATING SOCIETY.

The extraordinary general meeting of the members of the above Society will be held in the usual hall to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.), when the report of the Silver Jubilee Fund Committee and the suggestions of the Managing Committee thereon will be placed before the meeting.

PROTEST AGAINST BENGAL ORDINANCE.

PUBLIC MEETING AT MANDVI.

Under the auspices of the Mandvi District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 9-0 p.m. in Shree C. D. O. Jain Mahajan Wadi, Khadak, Mandvi, to protest against the Bengal Ordinance and consequent arrests.

Maulana Shaukat Ali Saheb, Sheth Chhotani, Messrs. K. P. Khadilkar, Jamnadas Mehta, K. F. Nariman, L. R. Tairsee, Joseph Baptista and others will speak. Sjt. Vithalbhai J. Patel will preside.

YOUNG MEN'S MUSLIM ASSOCIATION.

The usual weekly meeting of the Y. M. M. A. Education and Literary Society will be held in the hall of the Association, Muslim House, Ripon Road, Bombay 8, to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. Malik Allah Din will speak on "Swaraj and Muslimans", and Mr. Abdul Gani will preside. The lecture is open to the public.

UNIVERSAL HELPING SOCIETY.

Members of the Universal Helping Society will pay a visit to the Ice Factory and the Oxygen Factory, the Works of the Lightfoot Refrigeration Co., Ltd., situated at Byculla Bridge, at 10-0 a.m. (S. T.), to-morrow (Sunday), when the officers in charge have kindly consented to explain all methods of working of the said two factories.

A MAGIC LANTERN LECTURE.

At the request of "Kalyan Hemant-Vyakhyanamala", Dr. H. V. Tilak will deliver a lecture on "The Difference between Prevention and Cure" as illustrated by slides on 'Malaria and Guinea-worm' on behalf of the Bombay Sanitary Association at Kalyan to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 p.m. All are invited to attend.

MEETING OF BENGALIS IN BOMBAY.

The Bengalee residents of Bombay will observe a peaceful 'hartal' to-day (Saturday) to show sympathy to their "unlawfully depressed brethren of Bengal."

G WARD DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The fourth annual general body meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. in the Ollengalwadi, Lady Jamshedji Road, to adopt the annual report and audited accounts and to elect the Council members and the President for the new year.

THE CANARA GOUD SARASWAT BRAHMAN MANDAL.

Under the auspices of the above Mandal, a "Kirtan" programme has been arranged in Rambhaoo Bhajani", will perform kirtan in Hindi.

CONCERT IN AID OF MALABAR FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

A concert in aid of the Malabar Flood Relief Fund will be held at the Excelsior Theatre at 5-30 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday), when the following amateurs will entertain the audience with Indian and European music:—Mrs. Sabawala, Mrs. Teasdale, Mrs. Rigby, Mrs. Freny Cama, Miss Bapsi Kapadia, Miss Hilla Wadia, Mr. Biggar, Mr. Adi Wadia, Mr. Naval Kapadia and Mr. Dhondi.

ALL-INDIA SALAR JUNG FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

The second All-India Salar Jung Football Tournament will be held at Aligarh in December next and the teams from educational institutions only will be eligible for taking part in it. The first tournament was won by the Osmania University Football Club last year.

A DISCOURSE ON RAJA YOGA.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Swami Yatishwarananda of the Sri Ramakrishna Ashram (Khar Road) will give a public discourse on the "Eight Steps of Raja Yoga" at 9 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday) in the Brotherhood Hall, Arya Bhavan, Sandhurst Road. The Swami will conduct the weekly Gita Class in the Saraswat Hall, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi, at 6 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

PROTEST MEETING.

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Swarajya Party and the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.), to protest against the inauguration of a new era of repression in Bengal and the arrests of a large number of Congress workers under the Bengal Regulation No. III of 1818 and the Ordinance No. 1 of 1924 promulgated by the Governor-General in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Section 72 of the Government of India Act. Messrs. Jamnadas M. Mehta, Jayasukhlal K. Mehta, Balubhai Desai, K. F. Nariman, K. P. Khadilkar, Dr. Deshmukh and others will address the meeting. Mr. V. J. Patel will preside.

ILLUMINATION AT 'F' WARD DIST. C. C.

On the night of Tuesday last (the 28th instant) the office of the "F" Ward District C. C. put forth a gala appearance. At the eleventh hour the postman handed over in the office a letter, evidently from the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., disallowing on some technical grounds the use of extra electric current, in reply to the usual application of request for the same, to illuminate the premises. But the function did not fail for that. The organisers and conductors promptly made arrangements and a score of glass vessels with some Indian scented oils of various hues served the purpose the electric current and bulb, and a Swadeshi Office was illuminated by Swadeshi ingredients in a Swadeshi fashion on a Swadeshi occasion (like Diwali). At about 9 p.m. Maulana Shaukat Ali with Shaib Qureshi arrived. The party was entertained with music. At about 10-30 p.m. the function came to a close with vociferous cries of Mahatma Gandhi-ki-Jai, Maulana Shaukat Ali-ki-Jai, Hindu-Mussalman-ki-Jai, etc.

CITY'S HEALTH.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of 29th October to 6 a.m. of 30th October:—

Small-pox nil; Cholera 1 attack and 1 death; Plague nil; Influenza nil; total mortality (exclusive of still-born) 132. Total mortality this day last year was 89.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. mail steamer "Caledonia" with the mails from Bombay of the 25th instant arrived at Aden at 9 p.m. on the 29th instant and left there at midnight the same day.

The P. and O. mail steamer "Moldavia" with the mails from Bombay of the 18th instant arrived at Port Said at 11-30 p.m. on the 27th instant and left there at 6 a.m. the following day.

The P. and O. mail steamer "Naledra" with the mails from London of the 23rd instant arrived at Port Said at 1 a.m. on the 29th instant and left there at 1 p.m. the same day.

The N. Y. K. steamer "Tamba Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 28th instant and is due to arrive here by day-light of the 1st November.

S. S. "Aki Maru" (homeward bound) arrived at Kobe on the 26th October.

S. S. "Sado Maru" (homeward bound) arrived at Singapore on the 25th October.

TRAGEDY AT A PLATFORMLESS STATION.

A COMPLAINT FROM DAVIER.

A correspondent from Davier (via Umbargaon Road) writes under date October 25:—

A Parsi gentleman, named Mr. Limjibhai Merwanji Wadia (47), a resident of Davier, met with a fatal accident on the night of the 20th inst. at Umbergaon Road station, on the B. B. and C. I. Ry. It seems the deceased was a passenger from Bombay, by the 7-down passenger train which leaves Colaba at 21-40. The train arrived at Umbergaon Road after 2 a.m. There is no platform at the said station, and the deceased in trying to get down, at dead of night, from the footboard on to the ground—a height of several feet—fell down under the wheels of the carriage, and as the train stops there for a few minutes only it started just after the deceased fell down with the result that he was crushed to death. He was travelling alone and there was great difficulty in identifying the body. Mr. Dossabhai, the P. W. I. of the line, however, managed to insert notices in the Gujerati papers, through a telephonic message, sent word to residents of Davier which is a few miles off the station, and was thus able to identify the body at last. Great credit is due to Mr. Dossabhai and to the Stationmaster and the Mahalkari of Umbergaon Road who rendered yeomen service in rendering every assistance in disposing of the remains of the deceased after a verdict of the jury had been given.

People of Davier are much excited at hearing this sad tragedy. They are firmly of opinion that it would never have occurred if the station had a platform. The station is over 50 years old, yet it has no platform to boast of, in spite of the fact year. Besides Umbergaon boasts of the offices of the Revenue, Police, Excise and Customs officials, and also a magistrate, and the passenger traffic is also not inconsiderable. It is a pity the Railway Company has not yet deemed it right to provide the station with a platform because people here have not properly agitated the question, and patiently put up with all hardships.

The relatives of the deceased may not perhaps drag the Company to a court of law for claiming heavy damages. It is interesting to note, somehow or other a verdict of "accidental death" has been secured. But people here are anxious to know what compensation the Company allows to the unfortunate relatives of the deceased. It is rumoured here that after the sad accident Railway officials paid a visit at the station to enquire into the matter, and it is rumoured that the Company intend to erect a small (low) platform (i.e. of a size smaller than the ordinary which we see at stations in Bombay.) If that is so, a warning voice needs to be raised betimes. The Company would be well advised to erect a good platform of

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

On Thursday morning Mr. H. Riley, European (40) and employed as a Spinning Master in the Mathradas Mill, formerly residing at Mahim was removed to the European General Hospital in a serious condition. He had a five-inch long wound on the throat which was apparently self-inflicted. Enquiries show that Mr. Riley had some difference with his employers and was not going to work for the last three months. On the 25th ultimo he was told that his services were dispensed with and that at the end of the month he would be stiled up with his passage to England. A few days ago he went to Ahmedabad but did not succeed in getting a job even there. On his return from Ahmedabad, he was staying with Mr. J. Powell at Hughes Road. At about 10 p.m. Mr. Powell wanted to take Mr. Riley to a dispensary to give him a sleeping draught as he was suffering from sleeplessness. He knocked at the door of Mr. Riley but getting no reply, he went to a side window and saw him staggering and falling down. On going close to him, he found that Mr. Riley had cut his throat. He was removed to the E. G. Hospital immediately where he has been detained for treatment.

"ACCIDENTIAL DEATH."

Mir Mohmed Irani (33) a Mahomedan came to Bombay from his country to learn dentistry. On Wednesday at about 8 p.m. he sat in a tram-car near Museum and his two friends sat in a trailer car. After the car had started Mir Mohmed looked behind and then got up and then went to the rear of the front car to join his frnends. He put one foot on the foot board of the car and the other foot on the board of the trailer car at the same time holding the stanchion of each of the cars. He lost his hold as he took off his foot from the foot board of the front car and fell on his back on the ground. The mud-guard at the side of the car struck him and he was dragged a little. The car was stopped and he was taken to the G. T. Hospital where he died subsequently.

At the inquest held by Mr. A. R. King, the Coroner, the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

UNLICENSED POSSESSORS OF COCAINE CONVICTED.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, two Japanese, Peibero Thawasaka and Yamoti Shibojozi were charged with possessing cocaine without license.

The facts of the case were that Mr. P. Damrr of the Excise Department found a packet of cocaine weighing about 900 grains in the bunk of Thakasaka on board the S.S. "Tokoshi Maru." The accused had no license. Accused No. 2 was searched by preventive officer Moore on suspicion while passing the dock gates. A big bundle of cocaine worth Rs. 2,500 was found on the accused's person hidden in the trousers. He too had no license to carry the drug.

Both the accused pleaded guilty to the charge.

The Magistrate convicted both the accused. Thakasaka was sentenced to four months' hard labour and fine of Rs. 200 or in default four months' rigorous imprisonment. Shibojezi was sentenced to six months' hard labour and a fine of Rs. 500 or in default four months' rigorous imprisonment.

CONVICTED OF THEFT.

Narayansing Hansraj was hauled up before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate on a charge of theft preferred against him by Santaram Vasava.

The facts of the case were that the complainant was the keeper of a "roti" shop in the Esplanade Maidan. The accused one day came to his shop and represented to the complainant that he was a poor man and begged for food. The complainant believing the accused's story gave him shelter in his hut for a couple of days. On the 28th ultimo at about 4-30 a.m., the complainant heard a noise and turning round saw the accused removing a purse from his bedding and a jacket. On the complainant's raising an alarm, the accused bolted away, but he was chased by the complainant and finally arrested by policeman near the Municipal Buildings.

The accused pleaded not guilty. His Worship on evidence convicted the accused and sentenced him to suffer six months' hard labour.

CONVICTED OF WRONGFUL RESTRAINT.

Mrs. Johnson, a European was charged with assault and wrongful restraint before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court on Thursday.

The facts of the case were that a Parsi boy aged 9 years was riding a tricycle along Grimiston Road. As he was troubled by a dog belonging to the accused, the boy threw a stone at the dog. That seemed to have put the accused out of temper. She went up to the boy, slapped him and took him to her house where she detained him for a time.

The accused pleaded not guilty but His Worship on evidence convicted the accused and sentenced her to pay a fine of Rs. 10.

REPORTED THEFT.

Manekbai Muncherji Mulla, a Pari lady residing at Bhoiwar Lane, Cowaspi Patel Street, reports to the police, that on Tuesday night, she went to see Divali illumination. On her return shortly after mid-night she found her cupboard rifled and jewellery consisting of diamond and pearl necklaces valued at Rs. one lakh stolen.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

SIR HARRY LAUDER.

AT EXCELSIOR THEATRE.—When he opens his Bombay season at the Excelsior Theatre to-night at 9-30 p.m., Sir Harry Lauder will introduce a number of new songs written and composed by himself. These include "Over the Hill to Ardintinney", a semi-American-Scottish ballad entitled "O, H. I. O., I Know a Lass out in Ohio", "The Sunshine o a bonnie Lassie's Smile", and "Bella the Belle of Dunoon." A particularly clever new character-sketch is "Donghie the Baker" which concerns the matrimonial troubles of a Scotch baker's man.

Sir Harry will be supported by a company of vaudeville stars, prominent among the newcomers being Carne and Kelleway, Al. Gray, The Hile Duo, Pauline Bindley and Harry Moore, The Royal Paper Tearer.

The Box plan for the season now open at Messrs. S. Rose and Co., Ltd., Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

Sir Harry Lauder arrived by the mail boat yesterday afternoon, and will open his Bombay programme at the Excelsior to-night. At matinees during the week, "The Princess of New York", a famous Players-Lasky production will be featured. It is a picturisation of Cosmo Hamilton's well-known novel of the same name and David Powell takes the leading role. Briefly, the story is one of the beautiful daughter of an American steel king, who is visiting London and while in the metropolis is imposed upon by a horde of fortune hunters. She gets into the clutches of an unscrupulous card sharper named Sir George Merstham, and it is only through the courage and persistence of her lover Geoffrey Kingsward that she manages to escape, though Sir George has succeeded in getting his grasping fingers on a great deal of her money. Many of the best known players of the British stage appear in this film, and the faithful reproduction of Oxford University and Bow Street Police Court are features that add interest to a production that is perfect in its details.

EMPIRE.—Commencing this evening and continuing throughout the week, "Where the Luyement ends" a delightful romance of the South Seas, will be the chief film. It is a photo-play of sunshine, laughter and tears, and there is a wonderful love interest throughout. There is a bizarre fascination about this picture, which by the way was produced by Rex Ingram, the maker of "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse." Matilda Spencer, the daughter of a Missionary on a lonely South Sea Island, falls in love with a native chief from a neighbouring island, but the obstacles in the way of their alliance are obvious and the situation is further complicated by the implacable hatred of the only other white man on the island, an unscrupulous trader. The lovers attempt to elope, and there is a death struggle between the handsome young native and the trader, at the end of which the latter dies from heart failure. It then transpires that the supposed young chief is not a South Sea Islander at all, but a white man who has been brought up from childhood among the islanders. The leading roles are taken by Ramon Novarro and Alice Terry with striking success.

EMPRESS.—Tom Mix, the dare-devil cowboy, is the hero of "The Daredevil", which is being shown at the Empress from to-day. His daring adventures can always be depended upon to delight cinema audiences and in this production he surpasses himself. Daring riding, hairbreadth escapes and thrilling fights crowd one another in the course of the picture until the spectator is left almost breathless. But at last he makes good by the capture of a band of outlaws who have long been the terror of the countryside, and the "daredevil" goes home with a beautiful bride to receive his father's blessing.

Stowing away on a China-bound vessel, the youth follows the girl he loves, but from whom he has become estranged. In China, the girl becomes a prisoner of the leaders of a revolution and with the aid of a general in the Chinese Army, a white man whom the youth had met in the United States and rescued from a policeman who had arrested him as a drunken tramp, rescues her after thrilling adventures that include a fight between two aeroplanes.

An all-star cast directed by Thomas Forman, includes, besides O'Malley, Mary Astor, Warner Oland, Edwin J. Brady, Taylor Carroll and Alfred Fisher.

PATHES.—The change of programme at Pathes Cinema this week has brought the first two parts of a most ambitious travel picture. It is called "The Cradle of the World" and is the record of a five thousand miles' tour through the wilds of Central Africa. Central Africa has always held out temptations to the explorer and big game hunter and in this film an idea is gained of the hazardous nature of a venture of this kind. Remarkable pictures are shown of animal life as it really is, wild animals in their natural haunts. The difficulties of procuring photographs of this type and the dangers which beset the people concerned can be easily imagined. Interesting, too, are the pictures of strange tribes which the party encounters. It is a most fascinating film and also extremely valuable from an educational standpoint. The programme also contains some further episodes of Ruth of the Range, "The Temple Dungeon" and "The Pitfall" which are the new parts of this exciting drama are easily the most thrilling yet shown and even hardened film viewers gaped at the incidents in the temple of the Sacred fire. There is no doubt at all that these two adventures of Ruth are absolutely the final word in sensation. There is also a bright little comedy called "Finger Prints" and a Pathe Gazette to wind up an all round strong entertainment.

WEST-END CINEMA.—Pat O'Malley, who plays the juvenile lead in "The Fighting Adventurer", Universal-Jewel production to be shown at the West-End Cinema (Nowrojee Chambers, Esplanade Road) to-night and this week, claims distinction because he is one of the very few actors given leading parts who has emerged from a fight a sadly defeated battler.

"That is as it should be", he said in laying claim to distinction. In real life no one man can possibly whip a mob."

"The Fighting Adventurer" gives O'Malley a chance to fight, and in each case he loses, except where it is a man-to-man affair.

This picture is the prize-winning screen story in the Carl Laemmle inter-collegiate scenario scholarship contest. It was submitted by William Elwell Oliver, University of California student, and selected from several thousand manuscripts.

The story is about a youth who is far more like his rough-and-ready grandfather, once a power in the trans-Pacific shipping business. The youth's father who desires that his son become a "cultured gentleman", much to the grandfather's disgust. The son is expelled from college and disowned by his father.

THE POONA RACING SEASON.

REFLECTIONS OF A "RECLUSE."

The Poona racing season, which began on Saturday, the 2nd August, came to a close on Saturady, the 11th October, during which, 16 meetings were held, as detailed below.—

Summer meeting	6.
Poona races-1st meeting	4.
Do 2nd Do	3.
Autumn meeting	3.

"Summer meeting" and Autumn meeting" are the new nomenclatures for "1st Extra meeting" and "2nd Extra meeting" respectively. During the 16 meetings, 139 races were run, against 146 in the year 1923, showing a reduction of 7 races. The reduction may, possibly, be accounted for by the less encouraging entries made, in particular by Arab owners, who are more attracted to other racing centres, such as Madras, where they are given better encouragement by way of Stakes and Cups, where they can freely enjoy the luxuries of book betting with Boogies, which taken by itself, is no mean attraction to Arabs, who are gamblers, as much by tradition as by practice. To an average Arab owner even Kolahpur and Gwaliar offer attractions by far better than those offered, be it in Bombay or Poona. If only the W.I.T.C could make the Arab stick to Poona and Bombay in preference to any other, there will be better entires and better income to the Club. The comparatively scanty support and encouragement given to third class Arabs as also to the newly landed Arabs must account for the fall in the number of races. If the present policy, of allotting commonplace Stakes of Rs. 1000 to Arab winners, be persisted in, there will, sooner or later, come a day when the W.I.T.C. will have to abandon Arab races altogether like the R. C. T. C., or it will continue to remain as a feeder to Madras and other racing centres. As W.I.T.C. is admittedly one of the richest of its kind in the whole world, it can conveniently afford to end Arab races in Bombay as well as in Poona. Be that as it may.

* * * *

The W. I. T. C. has been and is encouraging races for Country Breds in a manner commendable. In this respect it has stolen a march, a long and a great march, even over the premier Turf Club in this country, viz, the Royal Calcutta Turf Club. Rich and attractive Stakes and Cups have been provided for Country Bred races, but the entries, year after year, have been very disappointing, so much so that, unless the horse breeding industry is taken up by some enthusiasts, and unless the Club is given that measure of encouragement which it deserves, the funds now being budgeted for the purpose will have, in the nature of things, to be utilised otherwise. From a national point of view the situation far from being satisfactory.

* * * *

Baring that breeding establishment at Sirur, which is owned not only by an Indian Scotchman, Captain Crawford there is hardly any other in the Presidency which has been able to produce a "Steel Blue" or a "Zara." What a sad commentary on the Indian Industrial enterprise! A foreigner, like Captain Crawford, has set an example, but to follow it there is none. Even the distant Nepal has sent two of its sons, who are Graduates in Arts, to Sirur to learn the science and art of horse breeding Sirur to us is not as far off as it is to Nepalis and yet how strange that there is not a single Hindu, Muhamedan, or Christian or even the all enterprising Parsi who has as yet thought it worth his while to go to Sirur with a view to learn horse-breeding. Here is an industry which, if developed, can add to the wealth of the nation in more ways than one. First and foremost it will slowly but surely, put an end to the ever growing flow of India's money to foreign countries for the upkeep of their breeding establishments. What an enormous sum of money is spent year after year by Indian owners in the purchase of thorough Breds from England? What an enormous sum of money is spent in the purchase of Stayers from France? What an enormous sum of money is spent in the purchase of Arab horses?

* * * *

If only India takes to horse-breeding as an industry and if only India persists in encouraging races for country Bred as opposed to those for English and Arab horses, the evergrowing out let Indian money to foreign countries can in a measure be stopped.

Indians are far behind even the Arabs. An Arab breeds his horses. He brings them to this distant country. He competes for races. He wins races. He earns Stakes and Cups. And eventually he sells his horses for fabulous prices, prices, which he can never hope to get elsewhere. And what are Indians doing? They lay their hard earned money at the feet of the foreign as a penalty for their unholy spirit of gambling on the Turf. But for this gambling spirit there is no earthly reason why Indians should encourage racing. Racing is very essential to such countries as England and France. They have their national armies and they have to supply them with the best possible horses. They have therefore to encourage breeding of horses, and racing is only a means to an end and that end is breeding of the best horses. India has no national army, and she has no need for racing, except for gambling.

Of the 139 races as many as 73 were for Sprinters and the remaining 66 for Stayers. The details are:—

5 Furlong races	16.
6 Furlong races	43.
7 Furlong races	14.
1 Mile do.	31.
1 Mile and 1 Fr. races	19.
1½ Miles races	17.
1 1/2 do.	5.
1 Mile and 5 Fr. and 30 Yds races	2.
2½ Miles races	1.
Total.	139.

The above figures show that the W.I.T.C. is those for Stayers. Is that a step in the right direction? We are afraid it is not. Even in England there is a bitter cry for want of good Stayers. But for want of English Stayers French horses would have never come into that prominence to which they have already come. A great authority on the subject recently observed that "In view of the superiority which the French horses have manifested over the best Stayers in England it is not surprising that several owners are going to France in an endeavour to buy likely long distance performers there." To India it is very immaterial whether the W.I.T.C., encourages Sprinters or Stayers as long as Indian interest in racing is confined to gambling. A few years ago the W.I.T.C. introduced Hurdle races which from a military point of view is much more essential than flat races. No body except a few Military Officers would encourage the Hurdle races and the Club had to discontinue it. This is also in evidence to show that India has only one interest as far as racing is concerned and that is no other than gambling interest. There may be those who are in a way interested in racing as a sport, but they are few and far between to be sure. If there is any one who is bold enough to assert, the contrary he will find the race course as empty as a desert should races be run for the sake of sport and sport alone and with no money

Official and Personal.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Wilson visited the Queen Mary's Technical School for Disabled Indian Soldiers Kirkee on Thursday (the 30th ultimo).

Hon'ble Sir B. Narasimha Sarma paid a visit to Allahabad on Wednesday.

HOCKEY IN BOMBAY.

SPHINX LEAGUE.

The B.B.C.I. Rly team from Grant Road won by two goals against the Bombay Battalion on Tuesday evening in a first division game. The Battalion appeared with only six of the regular men and added 4 men just before the start and one more in the second half. The railwaymen were the better team and scored four goal. Pat Rogers opened the scoring with a hot shot but the railway soon equalised through Frontis. Fairman was responsible for the second and third goals. The Battalion made strenuous efforts to reduce the lead and Cumming scored their second goal. The railway forwards were far too quick for the H. F. L back and Fairman broke through again scoring the fourth goal.

The teams were:—

B. B. and C. I. Railway:—O'Neil; Fox and Rolling; W. Green, Lucas and Rosario; Frontis, Johannes, Aquino, Fairman and H. Green.

Bombay Battalion:—Hodgins, Carneiro and Cummings, Dukes, Sneddon and Marquis; Mitten, Rogers, Bilby and Kelly.

Referee:—Messrs. C. D'Souza and S. Bhattacharjee.

The Eastern Telegraphs who have not figured in local hockey for a good many years, played their first game in the Sphinx Hockey in the second division against the Portuguese Republican S. C. on Tuesday evening winning by a solitary goal. It was a close tussle and a clean game was witnessed. The Telegraphists had slightly the better of the attack in both halves scored their only goal through Noronha two minutes before the final whistle.

The teams were:—

Eastern Tel.—Mascarenhas, Extross and Consalves; G. Rozario, L. Fernandes and Havelock; Colaco, Lobo, M. Rozario, Noronha and C. D. Souza.

Portuguese Republican S. C.—Valladares; Michael and Vincent; Lobo, Saldanha and D'Souza; Alvarez, Diogo, Dias, V. D'Sanza and Sebastian.

Referees:—Messrs. Thornback and S. Bhattacharjee.

WEEK-END CRICKET.

TO-DAY (SATURDAY).

Bombay Gymkhana vs. Dr. Kanga's XI. (Two days.)

Hindu Gymkhana vs. Islam Gymkhana. (Two days.)

Cathedral High School vs. Bombay Battalion, A. F. I.

Y. M. C. A. vs. H. M. S. Colombo, Owl.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 2.

Bombay Gymkhana vs. Dr. Kanga's XI.

Hindu Gymkhana vs. Islam Gymkhana.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4.

Parsi Gymkhana vs. Aligarh C. C., at Kennedy Sea Face

CRICKET AT NASIK.

The third match of the Inter Club Cricket Tournaments was played between the Police Training School Cricket Club and the Hirman Cricket Club on 26th and 27th of October on the P. T. E. grounds. The P. T. S. C. Club scored 100 and 116 runs for the 1st and 2nd innings respectively. The Hiraman C. Club put in 82 and 72 runs for the first and second innings respectively. Thus the P. T. S. C. Club won the match by 62 runs. The P. T. S. will now meet the Garrison Officers' C. Club in the next round.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKE.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Bachelor's Fort was ridden by Wadsworth. Omit Pondoland Carry Duff and Brimstone from starters; otherwise runners were identical with the probables previously cabled.

DETAILS OF RACE.

Cambridgeshire was run in a showery weather and in the heaviest going for years. Pusha was kicked at the post by Re-Echo. Grave Fairy made a running from Dinkie, Moabite, Mignault, Lighthouse, Twelve Pointer, Dawson city and Jarvie with Bachelor's Fort and Verdict heading others for five furlongs when Mignault forced pace pursued by Twelve Pointer, Tranquillela and Live Wire. At the bushes Twelve Pointer dashed to the front, and resisting the challenges of Bachelor's Fort and Verdict in Abingdon Bottom won a good race. Dawson City came fourth and Dumas fifth. Time was one minute and 56 seconds.

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Dr. N. S. HARDIKER, Hubli

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The Bombay Chronicle

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1924.

LABOUR'S FIRST GOVERNMENT.

Labour's first essay in governance has come to an end. Brief as the life of the first Labour Government has been, its record in some respects can safely bear comparison with that of its predecessors, Liberal or Conservative, and has, on the whole, set a new pace to the progressive forces of England. But in order to measure its work fairly we should take into account not merely the conditions of parliamentary system that set a limit to many of Labour's aspirations but also the fact of the adverse circumstances, attending the formation of the last Administration. Indeed, we have felt all along that the advent of Labour to the helm was slightly premature, for if Mr. Ramsay MacDonald had not been in such a hurry to constitute a Ministry, he could have waited for a definite mandate from the country endorsing the true programme of Labour; such a course of action would have been politically more effective in the long run and morally stimulating. But Mr. MacDonald wisely or otherwise chose a different course and preferred to risk a trial in a contingency that was as unprecedented in British politics as it was menacing to the true principles of Labour. For Labour being without a majority in Parliament and having been returned on an issue that had little to do with Socialism was given only a qualified license to govern by the Liberals who meant to use it as a stepping stone to their own return to power. Thus political initiative had passed from the Labour Government which had to abandon or modify large parts of its programme rather than offend the susceptibilities of the Liberals and the Tories and be turned out of office. Labour, therefore, in its first and only session set out to reconcile the nation to a novel experiment by demonstrating its ability to carry on the daily work of government while pushing through mild measures of reform that would mitigate social evils without rousing Liberal opposition. Before it could attend to the more vital task of social reconstruction, it has been driven out.

In spite of the difficulties of the situation, the achievements of Labour, particularly in the sphere which the Premier had made his own, were not merely satisfactory but such as any Government with a long experience of office and a huge majority at its command would be proud to have to its credit. Indeed, the legacy left by Mr. Lloyd George and Lord Curzon was anything but helpful to Mr. MacDonald's endeavours at the restoration of peace in Europe. Yet by recognising Russia, reestablishing cordial relations with France, bringing back Germany within the comity of nations, at the London Conference, and liberating the Ruhr, Mr. MacDonald has secured a great place for himself in the history of England. Nor is this all. He has disentangled the awkward knot of reparations and has succeeded in making the principle of compulsory arbitration accepted by the League of Nations which has been markedly revivified by his presence and efforts at Geneva. In its domestic policy, however, Labour was not equally successful partly because of parliamentary exigencies and partly because its energies were concentrated on foreign problems. But even there Mr. Snowden's Budget conveyed genuine relief to the masses and would, if he had another chance, have been succeeded by a Socialistic measure next year. On unemployment and housing, Labour action was still less adequate but it is necessary to remember that those who taunted Labour on its failure were precisely those who had themselves tied down the Labour Ministry to a Liberal programme. But it was in the field of imperialism that Mr. MacDonald really failed to set any decisive or even great mark. The solitary negative achievement that is to the credit of the Ministry is its abandonment of the Singapore Naval Base which would have been performed even by a Liberal Government. That apart, neither in India nor in Egypt nor in Iraq, has the Labour Government acted in any manner different from that of any of its predecessors. It has been bellicose as with Zagoul over the Sudan and jingoistic as with the nationalists in India. It is useless to pretend either that this is due to ignorance or to the mere limitations of a Minority Government: because Labour leaders are unusually well-informed about the real state of Indian feelings and because Labour could have gone much further in the way of reform even without incurring the displeasure of the Liberals.

The pendulum, has, however, swung for the moment and the forces of Conservatism are again in the saddle with progressive forces in retreat. For this result the responsibility is of the Liberals who have played into the hands of the Conservatives and have strengthened the forces of reaction; though one or two blunders made by Labour in form as well as tactic have undoubtedly helped the Conservative coup. The effects of the elections on Indian policy will not be very material since the new Government will merely continue the dilatory enquiry into the reforms with a view to postponing any substantial concession to nationalist demand and accentuate the policy of repression. In fact, Labour even in opposition will not be able to make a bold and statesmanlike stand against the policy of coercion since it has seriously compromised itself by acquiescing in that policy while in office. That, indeed, was the last gift to India of Labour whose accession to office was hailed with such enthusiasm and hope in some quarters. And the Conservatives will argue that they are merely carrying out a policy that had to be initiated even by such fervent believers in self-determination and individual liberty as their predecessors in office who like Lord Morley have made up for all their previous indiscretions by their assent to arrests without warrant and imprisonment without trial or charge, *lettres de cachet* and all the other paraphernalia of "law and order."

WANTED—A FRANK STATEMENT.

The correspondence between Maulana Shaukat Ali and the Home Department of the Government of India on the question of granting passports to the Khilafat delegations, which we published the other day, reveals an attitude on the part of the Government which hardly redounds to their credit and which is certainly not calculated to inspire confidence among the Indian Muslims that their religious sentiments are duly respected in Simla. It is eleven months since the Khilafat Committee first applied to the Government for passports for the delegations it desired to send to various Islamic countries in order to hasten a satisfactory settlement of the Khilafat question. The Government of India refused passports to certain prominent members of the delegations on grounds which constituted not only an unwarranted interference with the religious affairs of the Muslims but also an arbitrary restriction of an elementary right of a British subject. Recent events in the Hedjaz have made the despatch of delegations to that country and to Nejd, the ruler of which has now occupied Mecca, absolutely essential. In fact, the notables of Hedjaz have sent pressing invitations to the Central Khilafat Committee to send its representatives and Ibn Saud has publicly declared that he will leave the question of the custody of the Holy Places to the decisions of the Muslims of the world of which the Indian Muslims form an important section. Time is thus an important factor in this connection and one expected that the Government of India, representing the biggest Muslim Power in the world, would be most anxious to give every facility to [illegible] ing to proceed to the Hedjaz and Nejd in order to settle the dispute between two Muslim States and make suitable arrangements for the administration of the Holy Places in consultation with their co-religionists, of the Hedjaz, Nejd and the rest of the world. But Lord Reading's Government evidently have not yet realised the imperative character of the religious duty which prompted Maulana Shaukat Ali to ask for passports for the Khilafat Delegations to the Hedjaz and Nejd. Not only have they refused to remove the embargo on the inclusions of some of the most respected Muslim leaders but they have also informed Maulana Shaukat Ali that his applications will be referred to the Secretary of State. This amazingly unsympathetic attitude has naturally led Maulana Shaukat Ali to declare:

"The undersigned notices that in your letter referred to above you mention that the undersigned's application will be referred again to the Secretary of State for India. If the undersigned is made to wait again for another period of eleven months, then it will be more fair and honest to say at once that the Government of India is powerful and the Mussalmans of India are helpless and that the Government of India does not wish to allow any deputation to go."

In view of the fact of which the Government are well aware, that the mission of the proposed Khilafat delegations is one merely of peace, "quite unconcerned with any political object other than that of restoring the security of the pilgrimage and finding in consultation with Arabs and other Muslims a solution of some problems vital to the Muslim world," there will be general agreement with the conclusion to which Maulana Shaukat Ali has been driven. It is for the Government of India, by a frank statement of their attitude, to convince the Muslims of India that it is a wrong conclusion.

Notes of the Day.

New Brooms.

Sir George Lloyd was fortunate in the time of his retirement from India. After nine months' rest and recuperation he finds himself in Parliament, with every prospect of a place in the Ministry. The itch he has for amateur engineering may fit him for the post of Commissioner of Works, but he will probably prefer to be associated with imperial development. The Secretary of State for India is likely to be chosen from the Upper House; there is Lord Peel, the old lodger of the India Office, and if they want a man with recent experience of India, there is Lord Ronaldshay to spot. Sir George Lloyd's stature does not justify any claim to high office, but we shall not be surprised if he becomes Under-Secretary of State for India. Earl Winterton's aspirations will soar above the Under-Secretaryships. If Sir George Lloyd is Under-Secretary for India and gets a noble lord as his chief, we may expect experiments in resolute government. He has "knowledge of India" and is interested in many development concerns in our Presidency, and he will be a jealous watch-dog of vested interests. After five years of experience, Sir George Lloyd confided to the Associated Chamber of Commerce his conviction that India was waxing rich, while the Civil Servants were in the throes of penury. A man of such penetrative insight and endued with natural gifts of commercial engineering, he is bound to be an imperial asset in the Ministry. Before Sir George Lloyd became Governor of Bombay, he spoke in Parliament in favour of India's fiscal freedom. We hope he has not amended his opinion. The Baldwin Ministry will be all for imperial trade and imperial development. When the Iron and Steel Industry Protection Bill was discussed in the Assembly, Mr. Baldwin sounded a note of warning against the imposition of barriers to British goods. Mr. Baldwin himself is a member of the famous iron and steel firm which bears his name. Resolute government by the Conservatives will include the intensive "development" of India.

"New India" Mobilising.

"New India" has stoutly supported Lord Reading's Ordinance without wasting a tear for the inveigling of the innocent. Yesterday we quoted some of the sentiments of Mrs. Besant five years ago on the practice of Rowlattism, pointing out that, according to the Government in 1919, anarchism was not a remote contingency but a current danger. We left it to our readers to see the divagation of views and judge for themselves. Having dared to be in the right with two or three—Lord Reading, Lord Lytton and the Commissioner of Police—"New India" is scanning the horizon for corroboration. It offers this constructive suggestion: "In this connection we would suggest to the Government of [illegible] as to why it is necessary to give powers of arrest without warrant to all police officials above the grade of sub-inspectors." This is the knotty problem that perplexed "New India", all else being comparatively clear. Then it quotes the "Leader" for support, but the "Leader" has come out with an article in the course of which it repudiates the enthusiasm of the whole-hogger from Madras. It politely dissents from Mrs. Besant in the following terms:—

> Convinced advocates as we are of the supreme necessity of peace and order, support the Government as we are ready to do in special measures restricted to the limits of proved necessity and carried in fairness and reason in order to put down all exhibitions of lawlessness, we find it impossible to accord our support to the measures actually adopted now, notwithstanding what Dr. Besant has to say in their behalf in all good faith and earnestness.

The "Leader" declines to oblige Lord Reading in his call for the support of Indians, while "New India" has given it in the fullness of its uncritical ardour. Stand up, Parantapa!

Gandhi Caps Again.

Visitors to Cawnpore who wish to see the monuments of the place will do well to burn their Gandhi caps before entering that holy place. There is an official at the Memorial Well Gardens in whose eyes a Gandhi cap is an outrage and a desecration. What offends him may be its shape or colour or size; the point is he detests it with a full heart. Recently Mr. J. S. Anasthi applied to the Secretary of the Memorial Gardens for the admittance of some pupils from Shri Marwari Vidyalaya, Cawnpore. The Secretary, who is also the individual agitated at the sight of Gandhi caps, pondered deeply, and after much delay and circumlocution gave a permit to the students to see the Gardens. On the pass was written in red ink: "Persons wearing caps are not admitted in the Gardens." The memorial was built with Indian money and it is maintained at the cost of the tax-payer. People who go in trousered dignity have free access, and if they are hatted gentry, whether white, brown or dark, they enjoy a welcome. The hat gives one a certain British character, while the Gandhi cap is the symbol of the discontented savage. That is why Mr. Ryan, Secretary to the Memorial Well Gardens, keeps a strict eye on people wearing Gandhi caps. You can go in wearing a conical foolscap, but a cap made of homespun material, well it is impossible. After all, one has to think of the British Empire How they must be wishing that the Viceroy had extended his Ordinance to Cawnpore as well to suppress the revolutionary scandal!

Bombay Fever.

We hope that November will witness an advance in the health of Bombay. Dr. Sandiland's weekly reports give us the death-rate and the birth-rate, together with figures of the incidence of cholera, small-pox, plague and influenza. If the municipal figures are scrutinised, the health of the people is improving, but if houses are visited there is the rage of fever inside. People are sick by turns and the doctors had such a rearing time in October that they can rest a bit collecting bills, while the mosquitoes prepare for them larger practice. When fevers break out in the Fort area, they are put down as malaria which seems to be the only thing in Bombay that is not affected by the trade-depression. The Ballard Pier sector is notoriously malarial and if Sir Lawless Hepper were a thought-reader, he would swoon over the uncharitable opinions of the public. If the fever epidemic of October becomes normal, Bombay will prove uninhabitable, but we are assured that it was a seasonal malady. Even in relatively healthy quarters like Lamington Road, there was the family quota of the sick. There was nothing fatal about it. The fever is on and the patient attains a temperature of about 104, shivers rhythmically and after a few hours perspires. He is weak and can go to office afterwards heedless of harsh rebuke from his superiors, since his ears are deafened by quinine.

Railway Platforms

The letter, which is published elsewhere in this issue, from a correspondent from Davier on the B. B. & C. I. Railway, narrating the fatal accident that took place at Umbargaon Road Station on the 20th ult. reminds us once again of the lack of platforms at several mofussil stations on the line. If, as the correspondent alleges—and such allegations have been made in the Gujerati press without any refutation from the Company concerned,—that the fatal accident would never have taken place if the station had a platform to boast of, the responsibility of the Company is obvious in spite of the fact that a verdict of "accidental death" has been secured. Those who have been eye-witnesses to the hardships of passengers at a railway station which has no platform or a platform of insufficient length, know fully well the plight of children, women, and aged men in trying to alight from the footboard of a railway compartment on to the ground, a height of several feet, and of clambering in. Their hardships are aggravated in the monsoon when it rains at the time passengers get in or out. The provision of platforms at stations in India is not a costly affair, and yet the apathy of Railway Companies in this respect has become a scandal. Heavy damages have been successfully claimed by persons injured on several railways, and it is time the authorities of the B. B. & C. I. Railway took this warning and provided all stations with platforms of sufficient [illegible]

CONSERVATIVES WIN.

"UNBRIDLED REACTION" FEARED.

PREMIER TO RESIGN SOON.

LATEST ELECTION RESULTS.

	At Dissolution.	New Parliament. (Latest Figures).
CONSERVATIVES	258	398
LABOURITES	191	151
LIBERALS	158	40
INDEPENDENTS	8	8

The Conservatives have succeeded in obtaining a clear majority over all other parties in the elections, of which only 23 are still outstanding. They have gained no less than 158 seats, while they have lost only 6. On the other hand, the Labour Party has lost 96 seats and gained only 24. The Liberal rout is almost complete. The Party has lost 119 seats and gained only 9 and has so far succeeded in securing only 40 seats.

Well informed Labourites now express the opinion that Mr. Macdonald will resign before Parliament meets and thus allow time for the formation of a Conservative Cabinet which will submit the King's speech to the House of Commons.

The Liberals roundly denounce the Labourities for the responsibility for instituting the reign of unbridled reaction which, according to the "Daily News", the advent of a Tory majority undoubtedly signifies.

On the other hand "Daily Herald" is jubilant over the "Liberals' suicide." The paper declares that the three party system is a nuisance. It would have taken Labour long time to destroy it by gradually beating the Liberals. "Fortunately the Liberals saved us the trouble", says the paper.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Revised totals at 7—30 p.m. to-day are:—

CONSERVATIVES	 398
LABOUR	 151
LIBERALS	 40
INDEPENDENTS	 3

The outstanding results are 23.

Gains are:—Conservatives 158; Labour 24, Liberal 9.

Losses are:—Conservatives 6, Labour 65; Liberals 119 and Independents 1.—Reuter.

PREMIER'S ROBUST OPTIMISM

"WONDERFUL MANIFESTATION OF LABOUR'S POWER"

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Mr. MacDonald at Cardiff, while departing for London, said that Labour's poll of five million votes was a wonderful manifestation of its power.—Reuter.

"I DO NOT ENVY TORY PARTY THEIR JOB"

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Mr. MacDonald in a speech at Cardiff said that people sometimes found that defeat was finest thing that could happen to any party. In view of the state of trade and general outlook he did not envy the Tory Party their job.—Reuter.

PREMIER TO RESIGN SOON.

INQUIRY INTO "MOSCOW MYSTERY."

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Well-informed Labourites now express the opinion that Mr. MacDonald will resign before Parliament meets and thus allow time for the formation of a Conservative Cabinet which will submit the King's speech to the House of Commons. One objection to Mr. MacDonald's immediate resignation is his intention fully to inquire into M. Zinovieff's letter.—Reuter.

LABOUR NOT DISAPPOINTED WITH RESULT

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Labourites are not too disappointed at the result of the election. They point out the aggregate Labour vote has markedly increased, but luck in election was against them. As regards representation, they declare that Labour, as the only alternative Government, must, sooner or later, gain an absolute majority.—Reuter.

CONSERVATIVES IN ECSTASIES.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Conservative headquarters are in the highest spirits. It expresses the opinion that the results of the election are most satisfactory, fulfilling its anticipations.—Reuter.

BALDWIN'S MESSAGE TO ELECTORS

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Mr. Baldwin has issued a message to electors saying that the result of the election is more than justified the profound confidence he always had in the political judgment and commonsense of the British people when confronted with an issue of grave importance.—Reuter.

ROUT OF LIBERAL PARTY.

"A TEMPORARY ECLIPSE?"

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Nominated political circles. Even the Conservatives regret the eclipse of their historic opponent. But the Liberals staunchly declare the eclipse will be only temporary. They suggest the disaster is due not so much to the fact that the country voted against the Liberals as to the fact that it voted against Labour. Undoubtedly many voters who are normally Liberals, voted for Conservatives in order to keep out Labourites. The Liberals express the opinion that the informal pact has done more advantage to the Conservatives than to the Liberals, as the Conservatives have not voted for the Liberals so freely as the Liberals have voted for the Conservatives.—Reuter.

A PLEA FOR ELECTORAL REFORM.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

A high official of the Liberal Party declared that the returns have overwhelmingly demonstrated the need for such reform in the electoral system as would deliver the country from the peril of minority representation.—Reuter.

BLOW TO LIBERALISM.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

How great is the blow to Liberalism is shown by the fact that their old strongholds like Cornwall and Devan have entirely gone to the Conservatives. The triumph of the Conservatives is not confined to any area or type of seat. It is noticeable in the industrial as well as agricultural centres. It extends to Clyde and other parts of Scotland. Mr. Baldwin is receiving shoals of telegrams of congratulations. He is leaving for a short rest in country after the recent strain.—Reuter.

MR. LANSBURY REELECTED.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Mr. Lansbury has been re-elected.—Reuter

WOMEN M. PS.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Only four women have been elected out of forty-one candidates, namely Lady Astor, Duchess of Atholl, Mrs. Philipson and a new comer Miss. Wilkinson compared with eight of last year. The women secured 401,750 votes.—Reuter

MR. SIMPSON DEFEATED.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Mr. Hope Simpson (Liberal) who was the Chairman of the Colonies Committee which recently discussed the status of Indians overseas with Mr. J. H. Thomas and the Colonial Office, has been defeated in Somerset Thornton.—Reuter.

MR. ASQUITH NOT TO RETIRE.

LEAFIELD, Oct. 30.

Mr. Asquith, the Liberal leader, was recently declared by his daughter, Lady Bonham Carter, in a speech which she made, to have the intention of retiring from politics if he were defeated. On leaving Paisley today for London however, he told this

TORIES IN POWER.

"UNBRIDLED REACTION."

LIBERALS' GLOOMY FORECAST.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

A justifiable presumption that the country is faced with at least four years of stable government is received with complacent satisfaction by the Conservative press which is speculating on the composition of the first completely representative Cabinet, since before the War giving Mr. Baldwin the choice of Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Lord Birkenhead, Sir Robert Horne and possibly Mr. Churchill in addition to his last year's lieutenants.

The Liberals roundly denounce the Labourites for the responsibility for instituting the reign of unbridled reaction which in the words of the "Daily News" will come "when Mr. Baldwin establishes imperial preference and inserts wedge of protection for selected industries, when Col. Amery spends vast sums on fourteen new cruisers for a naval base at Singapore when the Lords' veto is restored, when Mr. Churchill casts his advanturous eye on the world in order to devise blood and thunder schemes." The Liberals cite the results as an argument in favour of reformation of the electoral system. They point out that with the combined poll of eight and half millions the Liberals, and Labourites secured under two hundred seats whereas the Conservatives get four hundred with seven and a half millions. The Liberal press seeks consolation in the predicament in their recovery from the previous debacles like those of 1900 and 1918. On the other hand "Daily Herald" is jubilant over the Liberals' "suicide." The paper declares that the three party system is a nuisance. It would have taken Labour long time to destroy it by gradually beating the Liberals. "Fortunately the Liberals saved us the trouble."—Reuter

CHINESE WAR.

A DECISIVE DEFEAT.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Shanghai.—The defeat of Wu-Pei-fu's army at the Shanhaiknan front is decisive. Wu-Pei-fu is in a perilous position with Feng-Yuh-Siang's forces barring the road to Peking. The Hankow-Peking line has been cut off, and Chan-Tso-Lin's divisions are rapidly advancing towards Tientsin. Wu-Pei-fu has decided to face Chang-Tso-Lin's pursuing army from Shanhaikuan before preparing for battle at Lutai in order to defend Tientsin forty miles off.—Reuter.

ATTACK ON WU-PEI-FU'S FORCES.

FENG'S PROCLAMATION.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Peking.—Feng-Yuh-Siang is rushing troops to Langfang with a view to launching a general attack on Wu-Pei-fu's forces. Feng has issued a proclamation offering a hundred thousand dollars for the capture of Wu-Pei-fu and fifty thousand dollars for his death.—Reuter.

DUTCH AIRMENS' FLIGHT.

LONDON, October 29.

Amsterdam.—According to newspapers workmen with new Rolls-Royce engine have arrived at Philippopolis to repair the damaged Tokker for flight to Java: It is expected that flight will be resumed on Saturday for Constantinople.

The Dutch airmen were held up at Philippopolis on October 6th.—Reuter.

WEMBLEY AND INDIA.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Dewan Bahadur Vijyaraghavacharya gave a dinner to the representatives of the courts of Provincial Governments and Indian States at Lucullus Restaurant, Wembley on 29th October. Many representatives spoke enthusiastically on the financial success of the participation of their States in the exhibition, as regards sales also the establishment of valuable business relations with the Empire, Europe and America. The hope was repeatedly expressed that India would be represented by Government or private enterprise if the Exhibition was re-opened in 1925.

The Commissioner, in reply, stated that while the Government of India itself did not look to make money out of the Exhibition, he was, gratified to hear the testimony that its aim had been accomplished. Exhibitors had been financially successful, and were satisfied that the greatness of India's future lay not in Non-Co-operation but in Co-operation. "One touch of Wembley makes the whole Empire kin". They were returning to their country which was still perplexed by political aims, and their mission, from their actual experience and contact with the English people in business and socially, was to preach by conviction the overwhelming advantages of Co-operation. It might require courage on the part of some but the truth was worth the effort and would ultimately prevail. England and India could not do without each other. Hand in hand they would achieve the greatest expression of their genius.—Reuter.

BRITISH SUBJECT KILLED IN PERSIA.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Teheran.—A British subject named Cox has been assassinated at Konartakhteh. It is al[illegible]

"RULE OF UNLAW."

"COMRADE'S" SCATHING CONDEMNATION.

MAHATMA'S FOREWARD TO FIRST ISSUE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Oct. 31.

To-day which is a fateful day for India because of the extraordinary success of reactionaries in England synchronizes with the re-birth of "The Comrade", the weekly journal of Maulana Mohamed Ali. Mahatma Gandhi has written a foreward to its first number and Maulana Mohamed Ali has written two full pages in commenting in his leading article on the Bengal Ordinance which he aptly characterises as "Rule of Unlaw." He also shows that the so-called defence of India Act which is proposed to be re-enacted was really an "Offence against India Act." He also mercilessly exposes the Government's pretension that the liberty of a private citizen would be respected and gives instances from his own career.

MAHATMA'S FOREWORD.

Mahatma Gandhi in the course of his foreword says, "India is like a bird whose wings are Hindus and Mussalmans but wings have become palsied and therefore disabled the bird from soaring high in the air and breathing the bracing pure air of freedom. Surely to leave us thus paralysed is not the essence of Hinduism nor of Islam. Is it religion for Hindus to weaken the Mussalmans and vice versa, for the one to refuse to help the other. Should religion be a destructive force destroying freedom and all that is best and noblest in man?

The "Comrade" and the "Hamdard" have been resuscitated to tell Hindus and Mussalmans that the only condition on which unity and freedom are possible is mutual toleration amongst all who call themselves Indians, be they Hindus, Mussalmans, Christians, Parsis, Jews or what not. In reviving his papers, "Comrade" and "Hamdard," Maulana Mahomed Ali is certainly taking upon his shoulders a great responsibility, but he is a God-fearing man. His trust is in God. And God makes clear what to us may be impenetrable darkness. I, therefore, add my prayer to his own that his mission may be blessed with success, that he may always have the right word for all, friend and foe, that he and his assistants may write nothing in anger or haste and that every word in "Comrade" and "Hamdard" may be a power for the good of our country and through it of humanity and that his papers may be promoters of peace and good will between the people in this land professing different faiths.

I have lost no occasion for advertising the friendship of heart that exists between the Ali Brothers and myself. They claim to be, as they are, pucca Mussalmans, I claim to be a pucca Hindu. That fact has proved no bar to real affection and perfect trust between us. And if it is possible for such friendship to exist between some Mussalmans and some Hindus, we may deduce by a simple rule of arithmetic that it must be equally possible for millions of Hindus and Millions of Mussalmans if only they will it. This friendship the "Comrade" and the "Hamdard" will, I am confident, seek to promote in every way, and chiefly by presenting what is best and noblest in Islam. May god grant them speedy success and grant it in full measure."

FIRST ISSUE OF "COMRADE" PUBLISHED.

MAHATMA'S FOREWARD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Oct. 31.

The first issue of the "Comrade" a weekly newspaper edited by Mr. Mohamed Ali, has been published to-day. Mr. Gandhi has written a foreword wishing success to the "Comrade" and the "Hamdard", a vernacular organ of Mr. Mohamed Ali, and laying stress on the promotion of Hindu-Muslim unity. The leading article of the "Comrade" comments on the Bengal situation at length under the heading "Rule of the Unlaw."

NO REMEDY TILL WE UNITE.

MAHATMA ON REPRESSION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Oct. 30.

A well attended public meeting presided over by Mr. Mahomed Ali was held this evening at the Pattodi House when a resolution similar to the one passed at Calcutta in reference to the Bengal Ordinance was adopted. Mr. Gandhi who could not attend the meeting in a message which was in Urdu stated that knowing the Government's policy the action taken by Government should not surprise them but he was sorry that they had lost the power to give a practical reply to a practical action. Finally he expressed hope that Hindus and Mussalmans would realise that as long as there was no unity between them so long they would be unable to find remedies. Messs. Shankerlal, Indra, Abdul Aziz, and Dr. Ansari were among those who spoke in support of the resolution.

PROTEST AGAINST MR. BOSE'S ARREST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, October 31.

At a meeting of the Calcutta Corporation Employees' Association under the presidency of Mr. J. C. Mukerji, Deputy Executive Officer, a resolution was passed viewing "with the deep regret the arrest of their able and popular Chief Executive Officer and expressing opinion that his immediate release would further the cause of

"GOVERNMENT HAS GONE MAD"

CONTEMPTUOUS DEFIANCE OF ASSEMBLY.

PANDIT MOTILAL ON BENGAL ARRESTS.

MONSTER PROTEST MEETING AT CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALAHABAD, Oct. 30.

A meeting of the Swaraj Party of the Legislative Council will be held at Gorakhpur along with the Political Conference on 2nd November.

Pandit Motilal Nehru, who was approached by a correspondent of the Associated Press and who was asked to state his views on the position in Bengal and the attitude of his Party, made the following statement:—"My view is that Government has gone mad, stark mad and the attitude of the Swaraj Party is that it will firmly adhere to its principles and policy whatever Government might do. The New Ordinance is clearly aimed at all the political Parties, and the individuals who have joined in condemning the Reforms. The immediate objective is undoubtedly the dismemberment of the Bengal Swaraj Party, which has brought about complete discomfiture of the Government of that Province and shown up Lord Lytton as a complete failure. Once the Party is laid low in Bengal they expect general demoralisation to follow. Lord Reading's emphatic declaration that "I and my Government will proceed as we are doing along the line of political development laid down in the declared policy of Parliament, reaffirmed by His Majesty's Government" is a clear challenge to all who have dared to condemn that line of political development.

It is significant that the India Office which has proved itself to be the mouthpiece of the Government of India has, in a recent memorandum, issued by it faithfully reproduced this challenge in the very words used by Lord Reading. Members of the Birtish Cabinet could hardly have found time in the throes of the General Election to attend to this little affair about India.

BUNGLING OF LORD LYTTON.

As for Lord Lytton, continued Pandit Motilal Nehru, His Lordship has, within a short time he has held his high office, bungled so often that his explanations have ceased to be taken seriously. The most remarkable fact is that the statements of Lord Reading and Lord Lytton fully recognise the existence of perfectly legitimate political organisations side by side with the secret revolutionary societies and while both protest strongly against the intention to interfere with the former, we find the names of prominent Swarajists among the very first victims of the New Ordinance. The foundation for the arrest of Mr. Das himself is well and truly laid in the statement of Lord Lytton, and if Mr. Das is to enjoy temporary freedom, His Lordship is not obviously to blame for it. Perhaps the very awkward fact, which could not be got over, was the arrest of Mr. Das which would destroy the last shred of pretence that the Ordinance is not directed against the Swarajya Party."

A CONTEMPTUOUS DEFIANCE.

Proceeding, the Pandit said: "Apart from the direct blow" the Ordinance deals to all political activities distasteful to Government. I take it to be a contemptuous defiance of the action taken by elected representatives of people at the last Simla Session of the Legislative Assembly in repealing the Criminal Law Amendment Act of 1908 (Part two). Government has now given its reply to this crushing defeat by reviving the Rowlat Act in its worse form. Will the Assembly pocket the insult lying down? The position for the Swarajya Party is clear and strong. It accepts the challenge thrown out by the Government and defies it to do its worst. It will fight the reactionary forces in India and in England to the bitter end. Ordinances and Regulations have no terrors for it. Jails and gallows are far more acceptable to it than the humiliation of living under the autocratic rule of irresponsible bureaucracy. It has openly put the honest programme of a thoroughly constitutional campaign against the bureaucracy and it means to push it through at all costs. The Swarajya Party stands to-day face to face with the bureaucracy determined to give battle to it on their own grounds at every point where it comes into conflict with the rights of the people. While no threats will cow it down, no provocation will drive it to violence of any kind. Self-sacrifice is the only weapon it will use. With this weapon it will fight to the last man."

OUTRAGE ON INDIA'S MANHOOD.

Concluding Pandit Motilal said:—"Let Government make no mistake about its numbers. Every Indian stands behind it, communal and political differences notwithstanding. We may break each other's heads and quarrel among ourselves on communal rights but when the very existence of people's Party, which the Swarajya Party undoubtedly is to-day, is threatened there will be no Indian outside the limited circle of persons known as Government so unpatriotic as not to stand by it. The Nation fully realises its clear duty and there is but one answer it can make to the last attack of the right of open trial conceded to the worst criminal in all duals sinking their differences, whether political or communal and standing shoulder to shoulder together to prevent this outrage on the manhood of India."

ALL-BENGAL DEMONSTRATION.

MONSTER MEETING IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, October 31.

A very largely attended public meeting was held to-day in the Town Hall to protest against he Bengal Ordinance. The assemblage that veered round the Town Hall was a sight to see the meeting was to be held at five, but from one o'clock people began streaming from the town and suburbs and at 3-30 the house represented a sea of human heads and the entrance was entirely blocked. Seven thousand people inside and seven thousand outside in an overflow meeting listened to the speeches that were made. Sir Nilratan Sarcar who presided said that repression failed in Egypt, Ireland and Russia. It would fail in India also. He personally did not believe that Revolutionary movement in Bengal was so widespread as to require application of extraordinary ordinance.

The following resolutions were passed:—"This public meeting of the citizens of Calcutta and its Suburbs:—

(1) Hereby enters its solemn and emphatic condemnation of (a) the revived repression by the Government through the application of an obsolete regulation reminiscent of barbarous despotism originally designed to meet internal commotion during a state of war with Powers or Potentates. (b) The issue in time of peace of an ordinance is more arbitrary than the Defence of India Act framed to meet exigencies of war conditions with no other conceivable object than to destroy the morale of the present constitutional and peacable freedom movement in the country which has become a menace to the irresponsible powers of a permanent officialdom that owns no manner of constitutional responsibility the people. (c) The indiscriminate arrest of a large number of honest and devoted social and political workers under these lawless laws as not only unwarranted and outrageous to every principle of civilised justice but calculated to defeat the very objects for which these drastic measures have been ostensibly taken.

(2) This meeting calls upon members of all parties in the Bengal Legislative Council to adopt a common and united policy to fight this new menace and to oppose with one voice the passing of the legislation proposed by the Governor with a view to make the provisions of the New Ordinance a part of the permanent laws of the province and it appeals to the electors in every constituency to take immediate steps to influence their representatives to accept courageously this new duty.

Mr. N. C. Banerji, Editor of the "Rangoon Mail" has sent the following telegram to Mr. C. R. Das:—

"Place services unreservedly at your disposal at this crisis. Awaiting mandate."—A.P.

PROTEST MEETING AT LUCKNOW.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, October 30.

At a meeting held here the new Bengal Ordinance was strongly condemned by almost all the Indians present.

The Swarajists; notably amongst them Chowdhury Khaliquzzaman, Pandit Harkarnath M.L.A., Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer M.L.A., Mr. Mukundilal M.L.C. and Babumohanlal Saxena M.L.C. expressed the opinion that the Ordinance was plainly directed against the Swaraj Party which has grown strong enough to give a good deal of uneasiness to the Government of India. They declared the Swaraj party has come to stay and will stay till the Government goal is reached in spite of all the attempts at repression and suppression.

The members of the Liberal Party, who were less scathing in their condemnation, however, were of opinion that the action was uncalled for and irritating.

"I.D.T'S" COMMENTS.

The "Indian Daily Telegraph," which had four leading articles in succession in criticism of the new Ordinance remarks that this is a unique demonstration that His Excellency Viceroy has given of his judicial spirit in the executive administration of

(Continued on next page.)

Numerous medical men and eminent oculists have testified to the excellent restful light given by incandescent gas burners: the light is soft and well distributed and does not cause damage to eyesight like lights of high intrinsic brilliance.

TORIES IN POWER.

(Continued from previous page.)

supporters "I am not downhearted, and have no intention of retiring from public life. I shall stand again."

MR. CHURCHILL.

One of the outstanding personalities in the contest has been Mr. Winston Churchill, the former Liberal Minister who stood as a constitutionalist candidate for Epping with the official support of the Conservatives. Mr. Churchill is one of the most vigorous opponents of Socialist. He had failed hitherto to secure re-election to the House of Commons since his defeat at the general election two years ago. To-day, he achieved a great victory defeating the Liberal and Labour candidates by a large majority.—B.O.W.

SIR GEORGE LLOYD.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The "Graphic" discussing the composition of the new Ministry mentions Sir George Lloyd as a probable member.—Reuter.

ANALYSIS OF VOTING.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

An analysis of the aggregate voting results yet known gives the Conservatives 75,98,000 Labour 55,02,,000, Liberals 31,05,000 and Communists 56,000 votes. Apart from Laby Atholl who has slightly increased the majority at Perth women's polls are conspicuously small. The total Liberal representation in Scotland is at present only six.—Reuter.

RISE IN EXCHANGE.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

New York.—The reult of elections in Great Britain has led the sterling exchange to rise to 4/52 dollars which is the highest figure in several months. Stocks and bonds have materially improved.—Reuter.

GERMAN PRESS SURPRISED.

FUTURE OF ANGLO-GERMAN RELATIONS.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Berlin.—The magnitude of the Conservative victory in Britain and the overwhelming Liberal losses have surprised the Press here which unanimously agree that Mr. Baldwin's Premiership will not mean any change in Britain's foreign policy as far as Germany is concerned and the fall of the Labour Government will not detrimentally affect Anglo-German relations except, possibly, with regard to commercial negotiations.—Reuter.

FRENCH PRESS COMMENTS.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Paris.—Commenting on the results of the British elections, "Le Journal" forecasts formation of a Government inspired with the sentiments which led to the birth of the Entente Cordiale. "Matin" says the return of political stability will benefit British trade and industry.

"Echo de Paris" says the advent of a Socialist Premier in Britain seriously affected the fortunes of parties in France, Italy and Belgium. The victory of the Conservatives will have entirely different effect.

"Gaulois" expresses the opinion that unless M. Herriot decides to put on the brake on the steep decline down which international events are pushing him, he will be swept away like Mr. Macdonald. "Homme Libre" says the victory of the Conservatives will not efface the memory of work of Mr. Macdonald at the London Conference. "Journal Industriale" says the British reaction will have most salutary effect on France and will render the greatest service to the Left parties which will now recognise better the necessity for a Policy of Reality. "Quotidien" says there is no analogy between the French and British situations. Mr. Macdonald fell because his hands were tied in internal affairs but M. Herriot has his hands free. He must pursue his policy with freedom and energy.—Reuter.

SOME IMPORTANT RESULTS.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Viltshire Suffolk has remained solidly Conservative.

Mr. Fanshawe (Conservative) has gained Clackmannan West from the Labour extremist, Mr. Johnston, with a majority of 294.

Mr. Scurr (Labour) has gained Mideland, defeating Colonel J. B. Dodge (Conservative) in a triangular fight, with a majority of 3,346.

Mrs. Simpson (Labour) has been defeated by a Conservative in Dorset West.

Commander Kenworthy has been elected

Mr. MacIntyre (Conservative) has gained Edinburgh West from Mr. Vivian Philips.

Mr. Mitchell (Conservative) has gained Lanark in a triangular contest, defeating Miss Mitchell (Liberal) and a Labour candidate.

Mr. Cowper (Conservative) has gained Marylill from Muir, Secretary to the Ministry of Pensions.

Mr. Raph Hall Caine (Conservative) has been elected in a triangular contest in Dorset East.

Mr. Dorwent Hall Caine (Labour) has been defeated in Clitheroe.

Both the above candidates are sons of the famous novelist, Sir Hall Caine, who in a recent speech on behalf of Derwent predicted that Derwent would be the future Prime Minister.

Captain Brass (Conservative) who has just returned from South Africa is the victor of Clitheroe.

Mr. Jack Jones has been elected.

Sharp (Conservative) 10,980 and Mr. Mephie (Labour) 3260.

Mrs. Wintringham (Liberal) has been defeated in a straight fight with a Conservative at Louth.

Lady Terrington (Liberal) has been defeated in a triangular fight at Wycombe.

At 3 o'clock, Conservatives had gained 40 seats from Labour and 62 from Liberals. Labour had gained 6 seats from Conservatives and 14 from Liberals. Liberals had gained 7 seats from Labour.

Mr. Ben Spoor, the Chief Government Whip has been elected, and Mr. Macdonald's son has been defeated.

Mr. John Wheatley, Minister of Health, has been elected for Shettleston with a majority of 630 in a straight fight against a Conservative.

The Duchess of Atholl (Conservative) has been elected for Kinross (Western) in a straight fight against Labour with a majority of 8,279.

The Liberal Chief Whip, Mr. Vivan Phillips, has been defeated.

Mr. C. K. Attlee, Under-Secretary of War, has been elected in a triangular contest at Limehouse with a majority of 6,021.

Commander Burney (Conservative), of the airship fame, has been elected for Uxbridge.

Mr. Ronald Macneill (Conservative) has been elected for Canterbury with a majority of 9,632 over a Liberal.

Major Tasker (Conservative) has gained Islington (East) in a triangular fight against Doctor Ethel Bentham (Labour) and Mr. A. S. Comyns Carr (Liberal).

Sir Alfred Mond has been elected

Sir Robert Sanders (Conservative) ex-Minister has gained Wells in a triangular contest with a Liberal and an Independent Liberal.

Mrs. Corner (Labour) has been defeated at Farnham by a Conservative.

Mr. J. C. Davidson, (Conservative) formerly Parliamentary Secretary to late Mr. Bonar Law has gained Hemel Hempstead in a triangular contest in which Miss Sayle (Labour) has been defeated.

Mr. E. Shinwell, Parliamentary Secretary, Mines Department, has been defeated.

Both Renfrew devisions are solidly Conservative.

Cumberland is now represented by three Conservatives and one Labour.

Mr. Asquith's Old Conservative antagonist, Sir Alexander Spret has gained North Lanark from Sullivan (Labour).

Miss Spurrell (Labour) has been defeated in a triangular contest at Totness which has been gained by a Conservative.

Mr. Shield (Labour) has gained Edinburgh East in a traingular fight, defeating J. M. Hogge, Liberal Whip.

Laura Sandeman (Conservative. has been defeated by Labour candidate in Aberdeen North.

Colonel Crookshank (Conservative) has gained Berwick and Haddington in a triangular contest.

Mr. Maxton's majority against a Conservative at Bridgeton is 6,000.

Mr. Harrison (Conservative) has gained Bodmin from the notable Liberal, Mr. Isaac Foot.

Mrs. Corbett Ashby (Liberal), Mrs. Berbore Gould (Labour), and Miss Picton Turnerville (Labour) have been defeated in triangular contests in Watford Northwich and Stroud respectively.

Colonel A. England (Liberal) has been elected for the Heywood and Radcliffe division in a straight fight against Labour. He is a constitutionalist ready to support Conservatives.

Major-General Seely (Liberal) has lost his seat in the Isle of Wight to a Conservative whose majority in a triangular contest is 5,402.

Sir Alfred Mond's son Henry Mond (Liberal) met with a similar fate in the Isle of Ely where the Conservative, Sir H. V. Lucas Tooth, aged 21 is successful in a triangular fight.

Sir Robert Horne has been elected for Hillhead and Sir John Simon for Spen Valley in straight fights with Labour.

Lord Wolmer (Conservative) has been elected for Hampshire Aldershot in a straight fight with Labour.

Mr. Will Thorne, founder of the Labour Party, has been elected for West Ham in a straight fight with a Conservative, but his majority has been reduced to 8,000.

The Deputy-Speaker, Mr. Robert Young (Labour) has been elected for Newton in a straight fight against a Conservative with a majority of 2,809.

Sir Laming Worthington-Evans (Conservative) has been elected for Colchester in a straight fight against Labour.

Mr. Wilson (Conservative) for Staffordshire Lichfield obtained 14,588 votes while Mr. Frank Hodges (Labour) the Civil Lord of Admiralty obtained 12,512. This is a Conservative gain.

In Carnarvan, Mr. Lloyd George (Liberal) obtained 18,058 votes and Professor Zimmern (Labour) obtained 3,401.

Shropshire and Essex are now solidly Conservative.

Viscount Sandom (Conservative)) gained a seat in a triangular fight at Shrewsbury where Mr. Lawley (Labour) who is blind was unsuccessful.

Miss Irene Ward (Conservative) has been beaten by Mr. Robert Smillie at Morpeth.

Mr. Beckett has regained Gateshead for Labour from Captain J. P. Dickie (Liberal) in a three-cornered fight with a majority of 9,336 over Captain Philipson (Conservative) whose wife succeeded him in the House of Commons when he was unseated on petition. Dickie was at the bottom of the poll.

Mr. Sidney Webb, President of the Board of Trade, Mr. William Graham Financial Secretary to the Treasury, and Mr. Noel Buxton, Minister of Agriculture have been elected.

Miss D. Jewson (Labour) has been defeated in Norwich.

Mr. Robertson (Labour) has been elected for Bothwell, defeating Mrs. Helen Shaw (Conservative) with a halved majority

Mr. K. Lunn, Secretary, Overseas Trade Department, has been elected for Rothwell in a straight fight with a Liberal.

Mr. Pringle, Liberal organiser, was at the bottom of the poll at Penistone where Smith (Labour) was returned with a majority of 1,237 over the Conservative.

"GOVERNMENT HAS GONE MAD."

(Continued from previous page.)

India. Government, it adds, have strengthened anarchy by this crude attempt to terrorise the Swarajists who have fought in the open and with a clean hand.

BENGAL ORDINANCE RULES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, October 31.

The "Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary" publishes the rules in connection with the new Bengal Ordinance defining the powers of the Commissioners and the President of the Commissioners. The President shall be nominated by the Local Government, shall determine the times of the sitting pronounce judgment and have power to regulate all matters incidental to any trial before them. The charge shall be read out and explained to the accused who shall be asked whether he is guilty of the offence charged or claims to be tried. He shall be given an opportunity of cross-examining each witness for the prosecution. If any accused person at any stage of the proceedings is prevented by illness or other cause from being present the Commissioners may direct that he be allowed to appear in court by a pleader and the trial shall thereupon proceed notwithstanding the absence of the accused. The Commissioners may detain in custody any accused person brought before them for trial.

EUROPEAN'S TRIBUTE TO MR. S. C. BOSE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, October 31.

There was again a police raid yesterday in the Saraswati Library which was searched on the 25th October and also in the Saraswati Press. This search was in connection with the prescribed booklet "She sher Shurita" by the late Mr. Sachindra Nath Das Gupta. No copies were found.

Mr. F. W. Slater, in the course of a letter to Mr. S. C. Bose, Alipore, Central Jail, writes:

Dear Subhas Babu,

My wife and myself are shocked to hear of what seems to be a most outrageous act against a man of such integrity as yourself. Knowing you as we do is to know that you are not grieving for one of those accidents which have occurred to most patriots throughout history. However, I felt it incumbent on me to write to express our united faith in your nobility of life and integrity of purpose. With our sincere wishes that you may soon be restored to liberty and the friends who believe in you.

I remain ever your most devoted friend.

F. W. SLATER.

The Anglo-Indian papers give pointed attention to Mr. Das's statement in the Corporation "I am not a revolutionary. If I believe it will lead to success I shall join it to-morrow. But I believe it will not succeed and that is why I do not join it.

WANTED--A UNITED STAND.

When His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught visited India four years ago to inaugurate the reforms most solemn declarations were made that the use of force in the governance of India had been definitely abandoned; how hollow these professions were is indicated in the clearest manner by the promulgation of Lord Reading's Ordinance. His Lordship in attempting a justification of his action repeats almost verbatim the statements made by the Government of Bengal, a government whose conduct during the last twelve months has entirely failed to inspire any confidence in its capacity or willingness to govern according to the will of the people.

The ordinance is a revised edition of the Rowlatt Act without the force of a legislative sanction behind it. It suspends many wholesome rules of procedure and evidence which alone can safeguard the life and liberty of the subject against executive aggressiveness; that even death sentence can be given by a body of commissioners none of whom need be a High Court Judge and one of whom not even a judicial officer is a measure of the ruthlessness and callous disregard of popular liberties behind this ordinance.

The preventive provisions of the ordinance are if possible even more drastic and ruthless; the will of the executive which will make the freedom of the people —will now dominate the unhappy province and the freedom and reputation of honest citizens will be completely at the mercy of those who have yet to deserve the title of "the Guardians of Law." The Swaraj Party had unequivocably declared during the elections last year that it would either compel the Government honestly to submit to the popular will or to throw off the mask of constitutionalism and govern by naked force; Government have accepted the latter alternative; to that extent it will clear the air and convince the mildest of Moderates that the reforms are a colossal sham and must be replaced by something which will make the freedom of the people impregnable against executive highhandedness the nation has now a solemn duty before it and that is to give the bureaucracy as clear and unequivocal an answer as the challenge which the Viceroy's ordinance has given to the manhood of the country. That must be done quickly and unhesitatingly and I would request all parties in the country to make a united stand against the onslaught which the bureaucracy has made against the freedom of the people of Bengal.

JAMNADAS MEHTA.

LORD READING'S BLUNDER.

MR. PATEL ON BENGAL REPRESSION

Mr. V. J. Patel [illegible]

Bengal Swaraj Party in the latest hour of trial. Those who have followed the course of events in Bengal for a year could have no doubt that the present campaign of repression is directed against the Swaraj Party, whose growing strength and popularity it has been found to be impossible to combat by any other method. In inaugurating this policy, the somewhat unguarded statements made by the leaders of the Swaraj Party, regarding the existence of a revolutionary conspiracy in Bengal, have been ingeniously and fully exploited and relied on by the Viceroy. He has deliberately ignored the fact that these statements were made more with a view to bring home to the Government the imperative need for conciliating public opinion. I refuse to believe that the conspiracy is so wide-spread and deep-rooted, as the Viceroy would have us believe. In any case there was no emergency which alone could justify, if at all, the issue of the Ordinance. It has been admitted that revolutionary activities in Bengal have revived in some form or other for the last two years, and there was no special reason why this particular moment was selected for the inauguration of this policy. There were several meetings of the Bengal Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly during the course of the last two years, and yet the Government would not care to consult the Legislature. The Viceroy claims that he and his Government will proceed, as they are doing along the line of political development laid down in the declared policy of Parliamentary Reforms by His Majesty's Government. The issue of this Ordinance in the absence of any emergency and behind the back of the Legislature brought into being by virtue of that policy, is proof enough, if one were needed, that the Viceroy has acted in clear violation of that policy. This again is an illustration of the hollowness of that policy.

FLOUTING PUBLIC OPINION.

Lord Reading further claims that all other methods to meet the situation have been tried and found wanting, and as a last resource he has made use of the special emergency powers. Is that really so? The answer to this question is emphatically "No." Lord Reading knows too well that revolutionary activities and anarchical crimes thrive most where public opinion does not discourage them. It is incumbent on Government, therefore so to regulate its conduct as to enlist public support in its favour and against such conspiracies and crimes. Lord Reading however, since the fateful Bardoli days has consistently flouted public opinion. He flouted the Moderate public opinion by certification of the Salt Tax, the Protection of the Princes Bill and the demand for the grant for the Public Services Commission in spite of the fact that the Moderates supported the Government in ruthlessly suppressing the Non-Co-operation movement. He flouted public opinion, as represented by the active movement of Non-Violent Non-Co-operation by inaugurating a policy of repression, unparalleled in the history of British rule in India. And last, but not the least, he flouted public opinion as represented by the Swarajists by refusing to convene a Round Table Conference, and yet strangely enough he says he and his Government are entitled to the support and co-operation of public opinion in his new policy. He forgets that peace cannot be manufactured by force; he can only do it by mutual understanding. He says he wants peace. All political parties in the country also desire peace. If we were convinced that this repressive policy would bring about peace in this country we would have gladly supported Lord Reading. But he knows, as well as we, that there can be no peace in the country, so long as he and his Government continue to flout public opinion. Past experience has shown that repression makes matters worse. You cannot cure the disease by merely treating the symptoms. What is needed is a radical cure of the disease itself. So long as the disease is there symptoms are bound to appear and reappear from time to time in some form or other. Non-Violent Non-Co-operation, Council obstruction, and revolutionary conspiracy are but symptoms of the same disease. What is essential, therefore, is a radical remedy for the disease, and the symptoms will vanish. But, Lord Reading has all along consistently refused to touch the disease and engaged himself and his Government in ingeniously manufacturing remedies to treat the symptoms. If there is any recrudescence of anarchy in the country, Lord Reading is in no small measure responsible for it. He knows that all political parties in the country believe in the efficacy of non-violent methods for achieving freedom. The Congress supported the great movement of Non-Violent Non-cooperation at a time when the Khilafat and the Punjab wrongs were about to lead large masses of people to violent methods. Lord Reading is responsible for suppressing that movement and if he finds to-day that more people have lost faith in the efficacy of non-violent methods and taken to revolutionary activities he is mainly responsible for the situation. He and his Government also detest the Swarajist methods of peaceful and constitutional obstruction, and if as a result of this new policy the hold of the Swaraj Party is weakened, the party believing in the efficacy of violent methods is bound to gain additional encouragement and strength. I have already stated that the only effective method of dealing with the situation and checking the revolutionary activities is to conciliate public opinion, and enlist it in favour of Government and against such methods. I am glad to find that in the statement issued by the Viceroy, along with the Ordinance, he recognises the truth of this. He says "I believe myself and my Government to be entitled to the support and co-operation of all those who have truly at heart the peace and prosperity and the political future of India." May I, therefore, hope that Lord Reading will lose no time in convening a Conference of leading public men of all communities and consider how best to conciliate public opinion so as to secure its support and co-operation in putting down all kinds of violent activities? This, in my opinion, he should have done before he issued the Ordinance. But

the solution will be found satisfactory both to the people and the Government.

LORD READING SEES RED.

Lord Reading, as natural mouthpiece of British Imperialism in India today, at psychological moment, is up in arms against what he fancies danger. What is this danger (?) against which "Britain in India" has declared war?

IT IS THE SUCCESS OF THE SWARAJISTS.

The Swarajists, following the rules of "Council game" outplayed, and thus showed up, Reforms in their naked nudity. There is none so obtuse as to believe in Reforms to-day. The Assembly and the various Councils are but demonstrations of this nudity, and Ministers "who were" and ministers "who are" tell the same tale; and even a Setalvad to-day stands disillusioned. This is a "negative" success of Swarajists.

The 'positive' success of the Swarajists and the Nationalists consist in capturing such power as is available in Municipalities, and in the escaping of this power, "Britain-in-India" scents danger. Britain knows that the genesis of her Empire in India is not unlike the mythical mermaid—half rulers and half traders—and that the basis of her Empire is trade. Does not business follow the flag or 'vice-versa?'

On the other hasd Indians through long drawn agony have learnt that Britain is not here for altruistic purpose, surely not for benefit of her health, and the continuance of the Excise Duty is "day-to-day-reminder" of the financial Jallianwalla that is committed and is a badge of financial slavery worse than political serfdom.

That being the position, the success of Swarajists in Municipalities has tilted the balance. With a Bose at an Executive Officer of the Calcutta Municipality, Junior Nehru as President of the Allahabad Corporation, Mr. Vakhbhai Patel as President at Ahmedabad and his redoubtable brother, better known as "Baroos" at Bombay are they not factors that scent danger. No longer business on "graft-favor-me-terms" is possible, and have not all the above Municipalities, and others, passed and are acting boycott policy of purchasing British goods.

And as a Britisher is a "Business-man—more business than man,—and reads in this change of mentality his funeral sermon, he cries "death". He knows that the pyramid of Empire rests on the apex of commerce based on goodwill and acquiescence of buyer, and when that is gone what remains?

That is the genesis of "danger" (?) and he who runs can read it. Can Lord Reading fail his name, and not read it?

Hence he has come out to destroy the Swarajists at a most psychological moment, at a time when Election in Britain is on and when Danger in India may help Labour out. If this succeeds as an Election Cry, he will be much mistaken if he believes that the "show of the tushes of power and penal statutes" will succeed in quelling the spirit referred to above.

From his point of view Lord Reading may have done his duty by his countrymen—though such a policy is short-sighted—but the question is whether Indians will do their duty by Bengal, as challenge to Bengal is, and must be considered, a challenge to whole of India.

The duty of Indians during this crisis is clear viz., forgetting all differences not only to stand by Bengal, but all Indians must stand by each other, and in this struggle which the Viceroy has commenced, nothing can defeat the people but themselves.

Will India stand together as *one* against this onslaught or fail, and failing lose the respect of all who love their country as themselves?

LAKHMIDAS ROWJEE TAIRSEE.

VICEROY CONDEMNS HIMSELF.

MR. JAYAKAR ON BLACK ORDINANCE.

To publicists, who are aware of the history of previous enactments, Ordinances and Regulations of a kindred nature, the Ordinance will come as a great surprise. The statement of the Viceroy, though carefully worded, is unconvincing as to the necessity of this drastic step. The public do not know what facts were placed before him, but *ex hypothesi* they can be only *ex parte* statements. One may doubt how many of them can bear the light of an open enquiry in a Court of Law. The Viceroy says that he was fully persuaded that all other means for dealing with the emergency had been exhausted. May we know what these means were and when they were tried? In the same paragraph he goes on to add that at a previous stage of what he calls revolutionary conspiracy, he was persuaded to authorise the confinement of certain leaders of Criminal Associations in Bengal under the provisions of Regulation III of 1818, but he admits that, as a result of this extraordinary step the movement was only *temporarily* checked, since new leaders were found to carry on its operations. Ought not this experience to teach the Viceroy the true secret of dealing with these conspiracies? In the early part of his statement he admits that during the years 1920-22 the leaders of these alleged conspiracies were drawn into the Non-Cooperation Movement, to which they adhered, presumably with a hope that their political aspirations would meet with a satisfactory response, with the aid of the methods Mahatma Gandhi preached, and that it was only when these agonized spirits discovered, at the end of 1922, that their ambitions had no chance of being thus satisfied, that they turned in despair to violent methods. This is the Viceroy's own reading of the situation, and if it is true, what does it indicate? It shows that (1) these young men have been driven to this movement by sheer despair, (2) during the full force of Mr. Gandhi's preachings, he had actually succeeded in the difficult task of weaning them away from their course of violence and crime, and (3) the way, in which the Government dealt with the aspi[illegible] the Gandhi movement,

a situation arising out of widespread despair is going to be met by greater repression. One knows how panicky the Government can be when persuaded by the *ex parte* reports of Police Officers, and one also knows how easily Government are reconverted to saner views after the events are over, and misery and bitterness overtake the Province. I will not here refer to the view entertained by many that the Ordinance is only a clever device for striking at the growing influence of the Swarajists in Bengal, though one sees enough grounds for such a view in the statement of Lord Lytton. But where this Ordinance will surely cause the greatest hardship is in the drastic powers it puts in the hands of the Police. It is in many respects even more drastic than the Rowlatt Act. One has only to read Clause 12 of the Ordinance to realise all the possibilities of mischief and harassment, which it opens up. Similarly, Clauses 14 and 15 add to the mischievous nature of these powers, and the last sentence of Clause 15 permits the use by an Officer of any and every means necessary for enforcing an Order made under the previous Section. Clause 10 contradicts all accepted canons of justice and equity, on which, statements, made by witnesses who are dead or cannot be found, are admissible in a judicial trial. It is not difficult to imagine how its provisions are likely to be misinterpreted and misused.

EXPLANATION UNSATISFACTORY.

In the light of these provisions and the whole tenor of the Ordinance, one is struck with the *narrete*, with which the Viceroy feels assured that this Ordinance will, in no way, touch or affect the interests or liberties of any citizen engaged in public affairs and that his Government will proceed, as they have been doing, along the lines of political development laid down in the declared policy of Parliament reaffirmed by His Majesty's Government. Does the Viceroy imagine that the atmosphere of terror, harrassment and suspense which the Ordinance will create in Bengal, will make it possible for public affairs to be conducted in their usual manner or that the interests and liberties of citizens, engaged in political activities which, though legitimate, are of a militant character and therefore distasteful to the Government, will not be jeopardised? Although very carefully worded, the Vicregal statement furnishes no satisfactory ground why the ordinary laws were found insufficient to deal with the situation. If the situation is a result of despair and disappointment, these feelings are largely due to the acts of the Viceroy's Government in overriding the Legislative Assembly in such a vital matter as the enhancement of the salt duty. This more than anything else proved to the country that the Government of India were resolved to circumvent the Reformed Legislature. Their attitude towards the Indianisation of the Army, has been another cause of deep disappointment. It is a pity that this Ordinance should be passed by Lord Reading. There was, perhaps no Viceroy who came out in the past, and few will arrive in future, who had such singular opportunities of being useful to Indians in training their ambitions, in guiding their aspirations and leading them an along the lines of Responsible Government. The present head of the Government of India had these chances, because of the great reputation, which he had created for himself and which preceded him in India. But with every month that has gone by, he has either done or failed to do something, which has added to the bitter disappointment of Indians. His last act, in issuing the Ordinance only a few weeks after the Legislative Assembly had closed its session and behind the back, so to say, of that Body, adds to the unpleasant odour of his entire regime. The Viceroy's statement indicates that this matter must have been before his Government for many days. If so, may one ask, what did he do to consult public opinion either openly or privately through the agency of the several leading men, who are gathered in the Assembly? Did he at all consult them with a view to seek help and co-operation? He could very easily have brought this matter before the Legislative Assembly and convinced that Body to give him the necessary powers. But he bestirs himself only after the Assembly is prorogued and will not meet for another few months. This is a very serious interference with the rights of the Legislative Assembly and I do hope that those members of that Body, who value their self-respect, will take note of this circumstance. As for the merits and the effect of the Ordinance, it needs no prophet to say that it will fail of its purpose, and will only drive revolution and crime underground. In a country like India, it is impossible to check these disorders by repression or by putting more power into the hands of the Police. That remedy has been tried and found unsuccessful. This will only add one more instance to such failure. But it is possible that it may lead to one good result viz., it may combine all the elements of political thought in India, and teach Indians to combine against the common attack on their liberties. If it has that effect, the Ordinance would not have been promulgated in vain, and the Viceroy's name will live in our future annals as the one man who, by his ill-advised action, brought about a combination amongst the scattered forces in India, more lasting and forceful than any known within recent years.

In my opinion, the action of the Governor-General has much simplified the political situation. To-day, the one question before the country is to meet this menace of using Emergency Powers in place of the normal judicial processes. It cuts at the very root of civilized, not to say, constitutional government. And if this is allowed to pass unchallenged, then, we must bid good-bye to any near chances of constitutional reform. The next session of the Indian National Congress at Belgaum must devote its entire attention to this question to the exclusion of everything else, because, if we do not make our voices heard effectively in protests against this great reaction, we shall deservedly prove ourselves unworthy of national existence. Will all parties unite in making this ener-

TORIES IN POWER.

(Continued from page 10.)

h for Scotland, has been elected for
ollox.
pt. Craig (Conservative) has gained
e defeating Hemmerde (Labour),
ster, with a majority of 3,628.
. Chapple (Liberal) has lost Dumfries
eneral Charteris (Conservative) in a
gular fight by a majority of 4 243.
Dollan (Labour) came at the bottom
e poll.
mmander Hilton Young (Liberal)
ain J. Fairfax (Conservative) have
d Norwich, defeating Mr. Smith,
tary to the Board of Agriculture and
Dorothy Jewson.
s. Hilton Philipson (Conservative) has
elected in a triangular contest at Ber-
-on-Tweed.
. W. Adamson, Secretary for Scotland,
een elected for Cannock.
. Middleton (Conservative) has been
ted at Wansbeck by a Labour candi-

jor Gwylym Lloyd George, son of Mr.
l Lloyd George, has been defeated in
angular fight at Pembroke which has
gained by a Conservative.
. MacAndrew (Conservative) has gain-
yr, and Buteshire Kilmarnock from
r with a majority of 11,000.
dmiral Sir Henniker Hughan (Con-
tive) has gained Gallsway from
al.
Forgrend Barr (Labour) has gained
rwell from Orangeman Ferguson.
Dorvin (Republican) has been de-
l in Belfast North by a majority of
).
Republican Mr. Murney has been
ed in Down by a majority of 19,836.
Fleming (Conservative) has gained
arton from Labour with a majority
851.
jor-General Seely's son has been de-
l in a triangular contest in Norfolk
which is a Conservative gain.
Conservative has gained Linlithgow
Shinwell.
McKee (Sinn Fein) has been de-
l at Armagh by a majority of 17,265.
. Mrs. Brodrick (Conservative) has
defeated by Mr. Davies (Liberal) at
gh.
Templeton (Conservative) has gained
shire in a triangular contest.
Hutchinson (Conservative) has gain-
orth Midlothian from Labour.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Morgan Jones (Labour), Secretary the
of Education,, has been elected for
illy with hismajority reduced to a

P. J. Ford (Conservative) has gained
urgh North in a triangular fight, de-
Miss Stewart (Labour) and Liberal.
Murchison (Conservative) has gained
lton from Costello (Liberal).
el Headlam (Conservative) has gained
rd Castle from Labour.
tain Darcy Hall (Conservative) has
d Brecon Radnorshire in a triangular
t.
Murnin (Labour) has gained Stirling
k from Sir George MacRae (Liberal).
. Shaw (Conservative), Mrs. Simpson
Mrs. Pesny both (Labour) have been de-
d.
Victor Lacrosser, (Conservative) has
d Bosworth in a triangular fight.
Robert Lynn (Conservative) has been
cted for Belfast West in a triangular
st. Mr. Nash, (Republican) was at the
m of the poll, securing only 2,686 out
er 50,000 votes.
Malcolm Macnaughten has been re-
d for Londonderry with a majority of
over MacWhinney, (Republican).
. Stamford, (Labour) has retained Leeds
) in a triangular fight after four re-
s, resulting in a majority of three votes
a Conservative.
J. Pringle (Conservative) and Sir C
(Conservative) have gained seats in
n, defeating Mr. McCartan and Mr.
gan (Republicans) with majorities of
) votes.
e outstanding University polls will be
ared between 1st November and 13th
ember. / Argyll, Fermanagh and Tyrone
31st October/ Inverness (Western Isles), on
November, and Inverness 2 or 3 days
co.—Reuter.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The Sheffield Hallam election result
ned on Thursday should read:—
Sir Frederick Sykes has retained Sheffield
llam, defeating Mr. Snelgrove (Labour)
h a majority of 6,739.

DIFFERENT CONSTITUENCIES.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

COVENTRY.

Following results are announced:—

Major Boyd Carpenter (Conserva-tive) ...	22,712
urcell (Labour) ...	17,888
isborne (Liberal) ...	12,953
Conservative gain from Labour.	
KENT MAIDSTONE.	
ellairs (Conservative) ...	16,124
ox (Labour) ...	8,192
OXFORD HENLEY.	
apt. Henderson (Conservative) ...	14,830
ennet (Liberal) ...	8,060
CAMBRIDGE.	
ir Douglas Newton (Conserva-tive) ...	12,628
irth (Labour) ...	6,744
alter (Liberal) ...	4,670
LEEDS CENTRAL.	
rs. Charles Wilson (Conserva-tive) ...	16,182
eep (Labour) ...	10,971
LEEDS NORTH.	
r Gervase Beckett (Conserva-tive) ...	18,592
oore (Labour) ...	7,920
LEEDS SOUTH.	
Sharleton (Labour) ...	12,857
(Conservative) ...	11 004
(Liberal) ...	3,766
EAST SUSSEX EASTBOURNE.	
Georga Lloyd (Conservative)	17,533
ies (Liberal) ...	4,168
vis (Labour) ...	4,138
LANCASTER WIDNES.	
Clayton (Conservative) ...	15 476
ter (Labour) ...	13,326
NORTHAMPTON PETRBOROUGH.	
Henry Brassey (Conserva-tive) ...	14,135
(Labour) ...	9,168

ESSEX ROMFORD.

Charles Rhys (Conservative) ...	15,520
Davies (Labour) ...	13,312
Mason (Liberal) ...	5,957
CHESTER STALYBRIDGE AND HYDE.	
Wood (Conservative) ...	16,412
Fowden (Labour) ...	13,509
J. L. Tattersal (Liberal) ...	8,201
Conservative gain from Liberal.	
ROTHERHAM.	
F. W. Lindley (Labour) ...	18,860
Temple (Conservative) ...	15,701

CABLED CORRECTIONS.

In Wolverhampton East result issued early last evening read Williams (Labour) 5188 instead of 918.

In last section of last night towards end read Cambridge shire for Cambridge.

PERTH.

Skelton (Conservative) ...	13,022
Mitchell (Liberal) ...	7,998
Roberts (Labour) ...	5,316
Conservative gain from Liberal.	
CUMBERLAND PENRITH.	
Dixey (Conservative) ...	11,431
Tate (Labour) ...	5,404
NORTHAMPTON KETTERING.	
Lt.-Col. Sir Manningham-Buller (Conservative) ...	16,042
Perry (Co-operative) ...	14,801
Conservative gain from Labour.	
CHESTER CITY.	
Sir Charles Cayzer (Conserva-tive) ...	12,491
Llewellyn (Liberal) ...	5,538
Beardsworth (Labour) ...	5,451
NORTHAMPTON DAVENTRY.	
Hon. Edward Fitzroy (Conserva-tive) ...	12,683
Lrool Kerr (Liberal) ...	12,483
LEEDS NORTHEAST.	
Birchall (Conservative) ...	16,396
Mrs. Penny (Labour) ...	8,984
Woodcock (Liberal) ...	3,007
HORNSEY.	
Captain Wallace (Conservative) ...	21,017
Dr. Burgin (Liberal) ...	13,217
Healy (Labour) ...	4,277
EAST SUFFOLK EYE.	
Lord Huntingfield (Conservative)	13,450
Sir Thomas Bethell (Liberal) ...	7,441
Kendall (Labour) ...	4,329
EAST SUFFOLK LOWESTOFT.	
Rentoul (Conservative) ...	13,422
Mellanby (Labour) ...	6,570
Paterson (Liberal) ...	6 532
SOUTH AYRSHIRE.	
Brown (Labour) ...	11,313
Captain Dubs (Conservative) ...	11,136
HANTS AIDERSHOT.	
Viscount Wolmer (Conservative)	14,081
Captain Beaumont (Labour) ...	4,313
NORTH CUMBERLAND.	
Captain Howard (Conservative)	10,586
Holte (Liberal) ...	6,821
Brooke (Labour) ...	2,125
SOMERSET YEOVIL.	
Major Davies (Conservative) ...	14,477
Lt.-Col. Cohen (Liberal) ...	9,326
Lt.-Col. George (Labour) ...	6,179
BUCKINGHAM.	
Captain Bowyer (Conservative) ...	15,129
Pay (Labour) ...	8,939
Johnson (Liberal) ...	5,144
WILTS WESTBURY.	
Captain Shaw (Conservative) ...	11,559
Darbishire (Liberal) ...	9,848
Ward (Labour) ...	4,731
Conservative gain from Liberal.	
SOMERSET BRIDGWATER.	
Wood (Conservative) ...	14,283
Morse (Liberal) ...	10 842
Boltz (Labour) ...	1,966
Conservative gain from Liberal	
YORK NORTH RIDING CIEVELAND.	
Sir Park Goff (Conservative) ...	16,578
Mansfield (Labour) ...	11,155
Sir Charles Starmer (Liberal) ...	10,260
Conservative gain from Liberal.	
WEST SUFFOLK SUDBURY.	
Col. Burton (Conservative)	10 579
Loverseed (Liberal)	9,168
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
EAST SURREY.	
Galbraith (Conservative)	15,999
Mennell (Labour)	5,249
LANCASTER NEWTON.	
Young (Labour)	12,875
Major Watts (Conservative)	10,066
SURREY EPSOM.	
Sir George Bludes (Conservative)	20,017
Butler (Labour)	5,149
WILTS DEVIZES.	
Percy Hurd (Conservative)	12 157
MacEndven (Liberal)	7,807
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
NORTHAMPTON WELLINGBOROUGH.	
Cove (Labour)	11,381
Rphael (Conservative)	8,900
Paul (Liberal)	8,223
WANDSWORTH PUTNEY.	
Samuel (Conservative)	17,341
Allen (Labour)	6,609
ANGLESEY.	
Sir Robert Thomas (Liberl)	13,407
Jones (Labour)	7 580
WALLSEND.	
Sir Patrick Hastings (Labour)	17,274
Howard (Conservative)	15,672
ESSEX MADDON.	
Major Ruggles Brise (Conservative)	13,209
Crittall (Labour)	9,323
Major Brooks (Liberal)	2,724
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
ESSEX CHELMSFORD.	
Sir Curtis Bennett (Conservative)	15,875
Robinson (Liberal)	10,244
Moller (Labour)	2.904
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
ESSEX HARWICH.	
Sir Frederick Rice (Conservative)	12,219
Hillary (Liberal)	9,904
Barton (Labour)	1.604
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
STEPNEY LIMEHOUSE.	
Attlee (Labour)	11,713
Jones (Conservative)	5.692
Marks (Liberal)	2,869
GATESHEAD.	
Beckett (Labour)	23,514
Capt Hilton Philipson (Conservative)	14 178
Captain Dickie (Liberal)	9,185
(Labour gain from Liberal).	
LANARK BOTHWELL.	
Robertson (Labour)	14.591
Mrs. Shaw (Conservative)	11,314
GLOUCESTER THORNBURY.	
Captain Gunston (Conservative)	12.500
Rendall (Liberal)	10,283
Elton (Labour)	6,376
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
LINCOLN GAINSBOROUGH.	
Captain Crookshank (Conservative)	10.281
Knowles (Labour)	5.958
Sir Richrd Winfrey (Liberal)	5,590
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
NOTTINGHAM WALDON.	
Foot Mitchell (Conservative)	12.289
Cash (Labour)	6.340
Mathews (Liberal)	5,195
WEST SUFFOLK BURY ST EDMUNDS.	
Lt.-Col. Guiness (Conservative)	16,073
Day (Liberal)	9,392
ESSEX SOUTHEAST.	
Looker (Conservative)	19,731
Hoffman (Labour)	13 820
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
YORK WEST RIDING ROTHWELL.	
Lunn (Labour)	16.640
Wilson (Liberal)	10,240
ESSEX COLCHESTER.	
Sir Laming Worthington Evans (Conservative)	14.283
Captain Reiss (Labour)	10.953
YORK WEST RIDING PONTEFRACT.	
Briggen Ingham Brook (Conservative)	13,745
Smith (Labour)	13,044
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
KESTEVEN AND RUTLAND GRANTHAM.	
Sir Victor Warrender (Conservative)	14,746
Lyle Samuel (Liberal)	7,730
Moore (Labour)	7,279
WILTS CHIPPENHAM.	
Cazalet (Conservative)	15,227
Benwick (Liberal)	11,015
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
YORK WEST RIDING HEMSWORTH.	
Guest (Labour)	15,593
Brown (Conservative)	6,902
STEPNEY MILE END.	
Scurr (Labour)	8,306
Lt.Col Dodge (Conservative)	4.960
Solomon (Liberal)	3 872
STEPNEY WHITECHAPEL.	
Gosling (Labour)	12,547

EAST SUFFOLK WOODBRIDGE.

Sir Arthur Churchann (Conservative)	13419
Elliston (Liberal)	7,008
Mayer (Labour)	3,998
LANCASTER CHORLEY.	
Hacking (Conservative)	17,844
Hutchinson (Labour)	13.074
DORSET SOUTH.	
Yerburgh (Conservative)	13.900
Risdon (Labour)	5,821
SOMERSET FROME.	
Captain Peto (Conservative)	16,397
Gould (Labour)	14,632
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
DEVON TORQUAY.	
Williams (Conservative)	18,119
Thompson (Liberal)	11,958
Moyle (Labour)	2,753
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
KENT TONBRIDGE.	
Spender Clay (Conservative)	17 392
Toynbee (Labour)	6.564
Tucker (Liberal)	5,898
CUMBERLAND WORKINGTON.	
Cape (Labour)	15,353
Davies (Conservative)	12,243
BUCKS AYSLESBURY.	
Lt.Col. Sir Alan Burgoyne (Con servative)	18,152
Keens (Liberal)	11,574
Watkins (Labour)	2,655
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
GLAMORGAN ABERAVON.	
Ramsay MacDonald (Labour)	17,724
Captain Williams (Liberal)	15,624
DORSET WEST.	
Colfox (Conservative)	12.426
Mrs. Simpson (Labour)	5,764
EAST SUSSEX RYE.	
Courthope (Conservative)	14.871
Ellis (Liberal)	7,289
NOTTINGHAM NEWARK.	
Marquis of Titchfield (Conservative)	14,129
Varley (Labour)	5,076
Haslam (Liberal)	4,124
STIRLING WEST.	
Fanshawe (Conservative)	10.943
Johnston (Labour)	9,749
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
LEEDS SOUTHEAST.	
Sir Henry Slesser (Labour)	15,133
Whiteley (Liberal)	10,704
HERTFORD.	
Rear Admiral Suator (Conservative)	14,582
Davies (Liberal)	5,828
Selley (Labour)	3.885
HERTFORD ST. ALBANS.	
Fremantle (Conservative)	18,004
Herbert (Labour)	8.682
KENT GRAVESEND.	
Albery (Conservative)	15,410
Isaacs (Labour)	10,969
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
RUTLAND AND STANFORD.	
Smith Carrington (Conservative)	13,286
Captain Wheeler (Labour)	6,633
HEREFORD.	
Roberts (Conservative)	13,210
Whitehouse (Liberal)	8.604
SOMERSET WELLS.	
Sir Robert Sanders (Conservative	12 642
Hobhouse (Liberal)	8,668
Young (Independent Liberal)	2,726
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
SURREY FARNHAM.	
Samuels (Conservative)	18.272
Mrs. Corner (Labour)	4,613
CHESTER CREWE.	
Craig (Conservative)	18,333
Hemmerde (Labour)	14,705
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
CHESTER WIRRAL.	
Grace (Conservative)	17.705
Dodds (Liberal)	11 697
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
HANTS PETERSFIELD.	
Nicholson (Conservative)	14.646
Spencer (Liberal)	3.755
Desmond (Labour)	2.582
SALOP WREKIN.	
Oakley (Conservative)	14.003
Nixon (Labour)	11,125
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
NORTHUMBERLAND HEXHAM.	
Major Clifton Brown (Conservative)	10 741
Finney (Liberal)	6 551
Flynn (Labour)	5.089
((Conservative gain from Liberal).	
HERTS HEMEL HEMPSTEAD.	
J C Davidson (Conservative)	12.985
Dunn (Liberal)	7 994
Miss Sayle (Labour)	1,553
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
ISLE OF WIGHT.	
Captain Macdonald (Conservative)	19.346
Major-General Seely (Liberal)	15,944
Major Wheeler (Labour)	3 620
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
KENT ISLE OF THANET.	
Esmond Harmsworth (Conservative)	21.130
Luxmoore (Liberal)	6 779
Major Aman (Labour)	4.202
HOLLAND WITH BOSTON.	
Dean (Conservative)	15.459
White (Labour)	10,689
Wintrey (Liberal)	6.413
SALOP SHREWSBURY.	
Viscount Sandon (Conservative)	13,220
Sunlight (Liberal)	8,945
Lawley (Labour)	1,614
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
MID BEDFORD.	
Briggen Warner (Conservative)	12 317
Linfield (Liberal)	11,356
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
YORK WEST RIDING SOWERBY.	
Captain Shaw (Conservative)	11.181
Williams (Liberal)	9.480
Dawson (Labour)	8,881
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
SALOP OSWESTRY.	
Bridgeman (Conservative)	14,316
Capt. Sidebottom (Liberal)	6.148
Morris (Labour)	5,503
KENT CANTERBURY.	
Ronald MacNeill (Conservative)	16 693
Col. Carnegie (Liberal)	7.061
HANTS FAREHAM.	
Sir John Davidson (Conservative)	19,108
Baker (Labour)	6,304
YORK NORTH RIDING THIRSK.	
Turton (Conservative)	13.564
Sessions (Liberal)	7,072
HERTS HITCHIN.	
Kindersley (Conservative)	14,019
Taylor (Labour)	5,775
Rev MacFadyen (Liberal)	3.881
EAST SUSSEX EAST GRINSTEAD.	
Sir Henry Cautley (Conservative)	18,365
Mowatt (Liberal)	5,604
Morgan (Labour)	4.479
LINCOLN HORNCASTLE.	
Haslam. (Conservative)	10,912
Pattinson (Liberal)	9,743
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
NOTTINGHAM MANSFIELD.	
Varley (Labour)	19,411
Major Hannington (Conservative)	13,535
KENT ASHFORD.	
Major Steel (Conservative)	15,159
Humphrey (Liberal)	5,487
Noble (Labour)	4,473
YORK WEST RIDING SKIPTON.	
Bird (Conservative)	14 924
Waffendeu (Liberal)	8,947
Willey (Labour)	8,626
KENT SEVENOAKS.	
Captain Styles (Conservative)	15,125
Major Williams (Liberal)	9,311
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
KENT DOVER.	
Major Astor (Conservative)	21,186
George (Labour)	7,627
STOKE NEWINGTON.	
Jones (Conservative)	10,688
Spero (Liberal)	4 758
Silkin	3,420
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
WANDSWORTH STREATHAM.	
Sir Lane Mitchell (Conservative)	15,936
Parsloe (Liberal)	4,111
Wall (Communist)	3,204
WANDSWORTH CENTRAL.	
Sir H. Jackson (Conservative)	13,234
Latham (Labour)	8,235
MERTHYR TYDVIL ABERDARE.	
G. H. Hall (Labour)	24,343
Bowen (Liberal)	15.201
GLAMORGAN GOWER.	
D R Grenfell (Labour)	15.374
Nothercoat (Conservative)	11,516
GLASGOW HILLHEAD.	
Sir Robert Horne (Conservative)	14,572
Kinloch (Labour)	8,987

RENFREW EASTERN.

MacRobert K.C. (Conservative)	13,716
Robert Nicholl (Labour)	10,903
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
RENFREW WESTERN.	
Colonel McInnes Shaw (Conservative)	13,267
Murray (Labour)	11,252
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
BUTE AND NORTH AYRSHIRE.	
Sir Aylmer Hunter-Weston (Conservative)	16,203
Stephen (Labour)	10,075
WEST HAM SILVERTOWN.	
Jack Jones (Labour)	15,962
Doran (Constitutionadist)	3.732
WEST HAM STRATFORD.	
Groves (Labour)	13,264
Captain Balfour (Conservatives)	10,414
WANDSWORTH CLAPHAM.	
Sir John Leigh (Conservative)	16,404
Diamond (Labour)	9,204
ISLINGTON SOUTH.	
Cluse (Labour)	12,347
Howard (Conservative)	8,668
Ratcliffe (Liberal)	5.158
GLASGOW KELVINGROVE.	
Captain Elliott (Conservative)	18,924
Kerr (Labour)	12,844
GLASGOW GOVAN.	
MacLean (Labour)	15,132
Stanley (Conservative)	8.815
SOMERSET WESTON-SUPER-MARE.	
Lord Erskine (Conservative)	17.987
Murrell (Liberal)	12 895
Next (Labour)	1,343
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
LINCOLN LOUTH.	
Heneade (Conservative)	12,674
Mrs. Wintringham (Liberal)	11,330
((Conservative gain from Liberal).	
YORK WEST RIDING SPEN VALLEY.	
Sir John Simon (Liberal)	18,474
Myers (Labour)	13,999
MONMOUTH.	
Sir Forestier Walker (Conservative)	16,510
Bateman (Labour)	6,469
BUCKS WYCOMBE.	
Major-General Sir Alfred Knox (Conservative)	20,820
Lady Terrington (Liberal)	12,596
Young (Labour)	4,626
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
KINGSTON UPON HULL CENTRAL.	
Foxworthy (Liberal)	15,224
Gaunt (Conservative)	12,904
DEVON TOTNES.	
Major Harvey (Conservative)	19,771
Vivian (Liberal)	14 786
Miss Spurrell (Labour)	2,240
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
SURREY CHERTSEY.	
Sir Philip Richardson (Conservative)	18,310
Smith (Liberal)	7,471
YORK WEST RIDING COLNE VALLEY.	
Philip Snowden (Labour)	14.215
Thorpe (Conservative)	10.972
Walker (Liberal)	7,651
MIDDLESEX UXBRIDGE.	
Burney (Conservative)	13 525
Small (Labour)	8,459
Jones (Liberal)	5,976
NOTTINGHAM BASSETLAW.	
Sir Ellis Hume Williams (Conservative)	12,732
MacDonald Junior (Labour)	11.283
Neal (Liberal)	3.505
DURHAM JARROW.	
Wilson (Labour)	18,203
Baucher (Conservative)	13.527
DURHAM SEAHAM.	
Sidney Webb (Labour)	22,399
Ross (Conservative)	11,775
WORCESTER KIDDERMINSTER.	
Milne (Couservative)	18.040
Leigh (Labour)	6.792
Purchase (Liberal)	5.667
CHESTER NORTHWICH.	
Lord Crichton Stuart (Conservative)	14.545
Mrs. Gould (Labour)	11 689
Mort (Liberal)	7,465
LANCASTER MOSSLEY.	
Hopkinson (Independent)	15,435
Mercer (Co-operative)	10,769
Jounison (Liberal)	5,162
CHESTER ALTRINGHAM.	
Atkinson K. C. (Conservative)	24,439
Alstead (Liberal)	15,654
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
NORFOLK NORTHERN.	
Noel Buxton (Labour)	11 978
Cook (Conservative)	9,974
Alexander (Liberal)	2,637
LEICESTER HARBOROUGH.	
Col. Windy (Conservative)	13,024
Hyder (Labour)	6.032
Black (Liberal)	5,726
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
STAFFORD LICHFIELD.	
Wilson (Conservative)	14,588
Frank Hodges (Labour)	12.512
(Conservative gain from Labour).	
KENT CHISLEHURST.	
Smithers (Conservative)	14,440
Thomson (Labour)	3,757
Nevill (Liberal)	3,647
CHESTER KNUTSFORD.	
Briggon Makins (Conservative)	18,199
MacDougal (Liberal)	11,885
STAFFORD LEEK.	
Bromfield (Labour)	14.256
Hon T Cholmondeley (Conservative)	13,303
LANCASTER LONSDALE.	
Lord Bainied (Conservative)	13,460
Maden (Liberal)	10002
(Conservative gain from Liberal.)	
LEICESTER LOUGHBOROUGH.	
Rye (Conservative)	11114
Winterton (Labour)	9751
Briggon Spears (Liberal)	7040
(Conservative gain from Liberal.)	
LEITH.	
Wedgwood Benn (Liberal)	16568
Wilson (Labour) b	11250
GLASGOW SPRINGBURN.	
Hardie (Labour)	15635
Guild (Conservative)	12043
DURHAM BISHOP AUCKLAND.	
Ben Spoor (Labour)	15786
Bainbridge (Liberal)	12868
LANARK MOTHERWELL.	
Rev. Barr (Labour)	12,816
Ferguson (Independent Conservative)	11776
Labour gain from Conservative.)	
LINCOLN BRIGG.	
Sir Berkeley Sheffield (Conservtive)	15125
Quitwell (Labour)	11669
HERTS WATFORD.	
Herbert (Conservative)	15271
Elvin (Labour)	7417
Mrs. Corbett Ashby (Liberal)	5295
DURHAM BLAYDON.	
Whiteley (Labour)	17670
Dorson (Conservative)	10549
EAST DORSET.	
Caine (Conservative)	14479
Glassey (Liveral)	8828
Stocker (Labour)	4205
LANCASTER ORMSKIRK	
Blundell (Conservative)	13392
Walker (Labour)	10402
GLASGOW GORBALS	
Buchanan (Labour)	19480
McLellan (Conservative)	10092
WEST HAM UPTON	
Captain Holt (Conservative)	13410
Gardner (Labour)	11443
(Conservative gain from Labour)	
HERKS NEWBURY.	
Briggen Clifton Brown (Conservative)	14759
Stranger (Liberal)	10444
Jacques (Labour)	1219
(Conservative gain from Liberal	
WEST SUSSEX CHICHESTER.	
Major Courtald (Conservative)	20716
Lt-Col Radlein (Liberal)	12416
Lt-Commander Hope (Labour)	1765
(Conservative gain from Liberal)	
HANTS NEW FOREST.	
Lt-Col. Ashley (Conservative)	17945
Boulton (Liberal)	6681
Brighton (Labour)	3137
KINGSTON UPON HULL NORTH-WEST.	
Col. Lambert Ward (Conservative)	15072
Sir John Barron (Liberal)	8080
Karran (Labour)	5151
KINGSTON UPON HULL SOUTH-WEST.	
Grotrian (Conservative)	11190
Entwistle (Liberal)	8155
Arnott (Labour)	7965
(Conservative gain from Liberal)	
YORK, WEST RIDING PENNISTONE.	
Smith (Labour)	10,997
Col. Hodgkinson (Conservative)	9,718
Tringle (Liberal)	7,707

DEVON, BARNSTAPLE.

Peto (Conservative) ...	15,479
Tudor Rees (Liberal) ...	14,284
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
DERBY, CLAY CROSS.	
Duncan (Labour) ...	14,618
Lt.-Col. Sherood Kelly Conservative) ...	8,069
DERBY, HIGH PEACK.	
Sir Samuel Hillwood (Conservative) ...	14,580
MacDougall (Liberal) ...	12,772
WARWICK, NUNEATON.	
Captain Holt (Conservative) ...	15,242
Smith (Labour) ...	12,679
Wilson (Liberal) ...	12,550
(Conservative gain from Liberal)	
YORK, NORTH RIDING SCARBOROUGH.	
Capt. Herbert (Conservative) ...	18,921
Mitchell (Liberal) ...	11,223
Rowntree (Labour) ...	2,713
BEARKS, WINDSOR.	
Somerville (Conservative) ...	20,370
Crisp (Labour) ...	5,514
WARWICK, RUGBY.	
Capt. Margesson (Conservative) ...	14,434
Brown (Liberal) ...	10,524
Yates (Labour) ...	3,768
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
GLOUCESTER, FOREST OF DEAN.	
Wignall (Labour) ...	11,048
Beaumont (Conservative) ...	9,739
BREDFORD, LUTON.	
O'Connor (Conservative) ...	15,443
Howard (Liberal) ...	11,495
Millwood (Labour) ...	5,850
(Conservative gain from Liberal)	
DURHAM, CHESTER-LE-STREET.	
Lawson (Labour) ...	22,700
McCarthy (Conservative) ...	9,259
CORNWALL BODMIN.	
Harrison (Conservative) ...	14,163
Foot (Liberal) ...	13,548
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
DERBY, NORTHEAST.	
Lee (Labour) ...	13,420
Major Bowden (Conservative) ...	9,914
Guedella (Liberal) ...	6,529
DERBY, HELPER.	
Wragg (Conservative) ...	14,706
Lees (Labour) ...	10,618
WORCESTER STOWERBRIDGE	
Pielon (Conservative) ...	16,023
Wallock (Labour) ...	14,113
Mander (Liberal) ...	10,418
DERBYSHIRE, WEST.	
Marquis of Hartington (Conservative) ...	15,324
Mallison (Liberal) ...	11,612
NORTHUMBERLAND BERWICK-ON-TWEED.	
Mrs. Philipson (Conservative) ...	12,130
Captain Robson (Liberal) ...	8,165
Adams (Labour) ...	3,521
STAFFORD CANNOCK.	
Adamson (Labour) ...	16,347
Thornycroft (Conservative) ...	15,166
CHESTER, MACCLESFIELD.	
Remer (Conservative) ...	17,171
Williams (Labour) ...	10,187
Nield (Liberal) ...	6,434
DERBYSHIRE, SOUTH.	
Grant (Conservative) ...	16,448
Gooders (Labour) ...	15,033
Sereuson Taylor (Liberal) ...	5,647
DURHAM, CONSETT.	
Reverend Dunnice (Labour) ...	18,842
Davis (Conservative) ...	14,836
NORFOLK, KINGSLYNN.	
Lord Farmey (Conservative) ...	17,710
Lt.-Col. Woodwark (Liberal) ...	9,184
Capt. Stevenson (Labour) ...	7,280
(Conservative gain from Liberal)	
YORK, EAST RIDING BUCKROSE.	
Sir Guy Grant (Conservative) ...	13,906
Briggs (Liberal) ...	10,962
LANCASTER CLITHEROE.	
Capt. Brass (Conservative) ...	16,637
Derwent Hall Caine (Labour) ...	14,011
CORNWALL ST. IVES.	
Hawke K. C. (Conservative) ...	11,159
Sir Clifford Cory (Liberal) ...	9,912
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
SOMERSET, THORNTON.	
Lt.-Col. Gault (Conservative) ...	13,930
Hope Simpson (Liberal) ...	10,381
Rev. Woods (Labour) ...	2,441
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
ISLE OF ELY.	
Sir Lucas Tooth (Conservative) ...	13.344
Mond (Liberal) ...	11,387
Freyer (Labour) ...	4,255
(Conservative gain from Liberal).	
LANCASTER.	
Sir G. Stirckland (Conservative) ...	15,245
O'Neill (Liberal) ...	11,085
Watkins (Labour) ...	4,572
(Conservative gain from Liberal)	
CORNWALL, NORTH.	
Williams (Conservative) ...	12,639
Sir Croydon Marks (Liberal) ...	10,927
(Conservative gain from Liberal)	
HEREFORD, LEOMINSTER.	
Shepperson (Conservative) ...	12,470
Edinger (Liberal) ...	6,897
DEVON, TIVERTON.	
Col. Troyte (Conservative) ...	13,601
Acland (Liberal) ...	11,942
(Conservative gain from Liberal)	
STAFFORD, BURTON.	
Gretton (Conservative) ...	20,550
Thoresby (Labour) ...	7,141
DURHAM.	
Ritson (Labour) ...	15,032
Streatfield (Conservative) ...	9,614
McKeog (Liberal) ...

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EAST AND WEST.

LABOUR INQUISITION.

WHITEHALL AND DELHI.

THE BAN ETERNAL.

(By ARTHUR FIELD.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.

England is now in the opening stage of a general Parliamentary election, caused by the defeat of the Labour Government last night. The Conservatives and Liberals combined on a vote of censure, condemning the Government for withdrawing from a public prosecution of the editor of a Communist weekly. The Cabinet and the Attorney-General defended the withdrawal of the prosecution on technical grounds. A direct censure motion by the Conservatives was abandoned in favour of a Liberal amendment, which was more diplomatically constructed and called for a Committee of Inquiry. By 364 votes to 198 the Government of "office without power" was defeated, thus fulfilling the predictions of all who criticised the tacit Liberal-Labour pact of the past eight months. It is greatly to be regretted that, at this juncture, there is no representative Indian organisation at work, taking advantage of the election contests.

THE LABOUR INQUISITION.

While the Labour Government resents an Inquiry as an "inquisition," the Labour Party has set up in its own ranks an inquisition much more despotic and questionable. The attitude of the Party towards the Communist Party again came up for consideration at the Labour Party Conferences, and the "card votes" on the various questions are highly instructive. It must be remembered that five or six huge unions decide all votes, by reason of the mechanical value of the card vote. On the proposal that the Communist Party be not admitted to affiliation there was a majority of 16 to 1. On a resolution to refuse endorsement as a Labour candidate to any member of the said Party there was a majority of less than 4 to 1. On a proposal to exclude all members of the Communist Party from the Labour Party there was a comparatively narrow majority. The resolution was carried by 1,804,000 to 1,540,000, a majority of 264,000. That is to say 53 per cent voted for, but 47 p. c. voted against. A vote of 1½ millions for accepting all sections, Communists included, to the Labour Party, ought to have some significance for the die-hard bureaucrats of the Party.

While far from agreeing that the card vote is a correct reflex of the views of the memberships, the narrow majority for the complete exclusion of one important section of workers from the inclusive organisation of their class is a feature of grave moment. The prominent unionist Mr. Harry Pollitt regards it as the first step towards a split in the Labour movement.

The first effect of the resolution is to withdraw "official support" (little as it is) from local labour parties which have the temerity to run candidates like Mr. Shapurji Saklatwala, the Parsi Labour candidate for North Battersea. Local Labour parties will tend to cast over such men,—and the effect of losing such a candidate as Saklatvala, is very great for the cause of Indian freedom. The latest news, however, is that North Battersea still intends to adhere to its own choice, for the candidature at the approaching election.

QUESTION OF THE DAY.

To Muslims, the world over, the most interesting matters that have arisen in the last week must necessarily be—the Hedjaz, —the negotiations over the Mossul frontier,—and the struggle in the Riff (Morocco). Nevertheless, another subject has come up and overshadowed all others, the prospect of the defeat of the Government, and the holding of General Elections to Parliament ("appeal to the country").

Even the last-named question has an interest for the Muslim world. Over and beyond the India Office statement issued late on October 2nd reiterating Mr. MacDonald's "warning as to the uncompromising attitude of H. M. Government towards threats of *revolutionary violence*," the Muslims of India must have been delighted at Mr. MacDonald's references to "Mohammedans" in his speech at the Labour Party Conference on Oct 7. In his effort to explain, or rather to apologise for, recognising the Russian Government, Mr. MacDonald (according to the "Daily Telegraph") said: "In pursuance of the Government's policy of pacification we recognised the Government of Russia—because it is the Government of Russia; for exactly the same reason that Christian foreign secretaries have recognised Mohammedans, and people whose religious persuasion was of somewhat more doubtful quality even than that."

There is no doubt of the accuracy of the above report, as "The Times" of Oct 8, published its report in practically identical words with that in the "Daily Telegraph." "The Times" reports the words: "Mahomedans and peoples whose religious persuasion was of a somewhat more doubtful quality even then that." The Conference greeted this libel with what is reported as ("Laughter.").

Mr. MacDonald went on:—

"If my colleagues and myself are to be accused of being Bolsheviks because we recognised Russia, of what *an infinity of crimes and misdemeanours* is my predecessors in office, the pre-eminently respectable ing come to an agreement *with Turkey* at Lausanne (Cheers.)"

While the Prime Minister is associating Turkey, by inference, with a moral inferiority to Christian peoples, Governments or statesmen an "interview" appears in that super-saturated Christian magazine, the "Review of Reviews." In this he adopts a benevolent and humanitarian attitude. He says: "At this time yesterday I felt happy. I was tired, for there had been hard and delicate negotiations on the Turkish question; yet, as we had reached a basis, a satisfactory basis, for a settlement I felt almost elated." (One fears that, if he felt happy and elated, it's all up with the people of Moussoul). Then follows the other side of the picture, the "white man's burden" of a Prime Minister. "In the afternoon came this Liberal party amendment for a Select Committee to investigate and report upon the circumstances of the withdrawal of the Campbell prosecution."

That depressed him. But not for long. He was soon making a fighting speech full of "no surrender."

WHITEHALL AND DELHI.

On October 2nd, a statement appeared in the Daily News, from an Anglo-Indian correspondent. It was chiefly based on a report that revolutionary Indians were meeting in the bazaars of Calcutta inciting "the mob", and distributing leaflets labelled "Red Bengal." It further said that Lord Olivier's retention of the Secretaryship did not meet with the entire approval of Delhi, mainly because of his failure to utter an unqualified warning to the revolutionaries, who think the Labour Government will not intervene.

An India Office communique was issued late in the evening of October 2nd, reiterating Mr. MacDonald's "warning as to the uncompromising attitude of H. M. Government towards threats of *revolutionary violence*"; and declaring that there is no divergence between H. M. Government and the Indian Government on any question affecting the Constitution, nor in regard to any question of immediate practical movement.

NO DIVERGENCE OF VIEW.

While this unanimity is no doubt very touching, and while doubtless the expression "revolutionary violence" might (for all we know) be legitimately applied to the small but active band of literary terrorists called "Red Bengal," it is an unfortunate fact that Mr. MacDonald's message to India indicted, as revolutionary, all sorts of patriotic movements, some of which were pacific and eminently legitimate. That is one aspect of the question. The other question is that the understanding and unanimity existing between Whitehall and Delhi extends to other matters than "Red Bengal" leaflets. It includes the ban of perpetual banishment on Mr. B. G. Horniman. Delhi, which declares it waits on the opinion of Bombay, could not keep Mr. Horniman out, if the Passport Office gave him his passport. The latter, an adjunct of the Foreign Office, will not grant it, until it consults the India Office, The India Office will not grant it if the Indian Government says 'No.' This it will continue to say, until the Bombay Government says 'Yes.'

THE BAN AGAINST MR. HORNIMAN.

Some months ago a number of British Members of Parliament, editors etc., sent a memorial to the Prime Minister (as Foreign Minister) in favour of the granting of the passport. The memorial was signed by Conservatives, Liberals, Labourites and Communists. It had, therefore, no party complexion. After some months the request of the memorialists has been refused, without any reason being accorded.

When the Prime Minister denounces the despotic and arbitrary non-parliamentarism of Moscow,—the pettifogging conspiracy and backstairs wirepulling,—are we to regard the Horniman treatment as an example of the Socialism of the Labour Party? He says: "Never was it more necessary for our Labour movement to raise as its own flag the banner of democracy, of freedom, of progress by reason: and condemnation of tyranny by power." To which category does the Labour Premier's refusal of a passport to Horniman belong?

While the Premier is talking about backstairs wirepulling, the following comments appears in "The Monthly Circular" of the Labour Research Department (October):—

"Summary of the Month":—"Not least of events in the public eye was the discovery of £30,000 shares belonging to the Prime Minister in McVitie and Price Ltd., and the explanation thereof. Mr. MacDonald received these shares in gift for life from his old friend Mr. Alexander Grant, in order to enable him to keep a Daimler car. Three months later Mr. Grant received a baronetcy in recognition of a munificent gift made by him the previous year to the Scottish National Library. The indiscretion of the Prime Minister has caused considerable perturbation among his supporters."

So it appears that there are a few people, among the huge agglomeration of unquestioning hero-worshippers known as the Labour Party, who are not prepared to keep silence on this astounding political [illegible]

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THE WEATHER.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS. GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, October, 30.

Means of observations taken at 6. a. m., 10 a.m. 2 p. m., 4 p.m., and 10 p. m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. inches.		29.900
Temperature of Air	.. ..	80.9 degree
Wet Bulb Thermometer	.. ..	72.4 „
Dew Point	.. ..	67.6 „
Relative humidity of Air	..	66% „
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10)	..	2.8 „
Maximum temperature of Air	..	88.9 „
Minimum	.. ..	74.4 „
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		E, ESE, ENE, NNW.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	.. .. ..	159 miles

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER Bombay mean Time.		Depth on Still.		Day of Month.	LOW WATER Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Still.	
	Oct.	h.	m.	ft.	in.	Oct.	h.	m.	ft.	in.
F.	31	0	13	30	2	31	6	18	17	0
	Nov	12	11	28	6	Nov	18	24	13	9
at.	1	0	58	30	1	1	7	4	17	5
		12	56	28	0		19	7	14	4
Sun.	2	7	1	25	8	2	0	20	18	11
		19	27	25	1		14	1	18	10
M.	3	3	35	27	11	3	10	8	19	7
		15	38	25	2		21	42	17	9
Tu.	4	8	50	27	3	4	2	40	16	0
		21	19	27	9		15	24	17	6
W.	5	5	57	26	7	5	13	2	19	2
		18	32	24	6		..		..	
Th.	6	7	15	26	5	6	0	48	19	4
		14	58	25	3		14	2	18	5

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

Nov 1 (Sat) Sunrise 6h 38m, Sunset 6h 0m.
Nov 2 (Sun) Sunrise 6h 39m, Sunset 6h 6m.
Nov 3 (Mon) Sunrise 6h 39m. Sunset 6h 5m.
Nov. 4 (Tues.) Sunrise 6h. 40m. Sunset 6h. 5m.
Nov. 5 (Wed.) Sunrise 6h. 40m. Sunset 6h. 4m.
Nov. 6 (Thu.) Sunrise 6h. 41m. Sunset 6h. 4m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 31st October 1924, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are in general clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess in the north of the province. Maximum temperature was as usual; the minimum was above normal in the northwest of the division.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded and the air is locally damper than usual. Temperature was very nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are mostly clear. Moisture in the air is in defect at Bikaner and locally in excess elsewhere. Temperature did not differ much from the normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear and humidity is locally in defect. Day temperature was almost normal in the division; night temperature was lower than usual at Dwarka and Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded over the east Central Provinces and clear elsewhere. The air is damper than usual at Khandwa. Maximum temperature was almost normal in the division; the minimum was lower than usual at Khandwa and Chanda.

The Konkan—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded over the south of the division and clear over the north. Moisture in the air is in defect in the central parts of the division. Maximum temperature was higher than usual at Ratnagiri and Karwar the minimum was below normal at the latter station only. Temperature attained yesterday at Bombay a maximum value of 88deg.9 (1deg. above normal) and a minimum value of 74deg.4 (2deg. below normal).

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are heavily clouded in the neighbourhood of [illegible] Mostly cloudy in the south of the division. Maximum temperature was as usual; the minimum was generally below normal.

General Remarks.—There has been local rain in the Madras Deccan and southeast Madras with a few falls in Malabar. The chief amounts are:—Cuddapah 0.55 inches, Trivandrum 0.22 inches, Madras 0.12 inches and Negapatam 0.72 inches.

N.B.—The publication of the Bombay Daily Weather Report will be stopped for six months from the 1st November 1924 and will be resumed again on the 1st May 1925. Difficulties were experienced this session in supplying back numbers of the report; subscribers for the next session are therefore requested to enlist themselves fairly in advance.

Daily Weather Telegram for the 30th October 1924 issued from Simla.

Rainfall has been confined to the extreme south of Madras and of Burma. The chief amounts were:—Mergui three inches; Calicut, Trivandrum, Tinnevelly two. A feeble western depression is causing cloud in Kashmir and the frontier.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS O[N] FRIDAY THE 31ST OF OCT, 1924.

STATIONS.	RAINFALL. Past 24 hours.	Total 1st June to date.	Normal, 1st June to date.	Departure, 1st June to date.
Punjab—				
Multan	.. ..	9.15	5.08	+4.07
Rawalpindi	.. ..	23.86	23.01	+0.85
Lahore	.. ..	14.38	15.10	—0.72
Hissar	.. ..	10.27	11.69	—1.42
Ambala	.. ..	..	..	..
Delhi	.. ..	30.02	23.04	+6.98
United Provinces—				
Agra	.. ..	28.02	24.43	+3.59
Mainpuri	.. ..	33.09	24.01	+9.08
Jhansi	.. ..	..	..	..
Cawnpore	.. ..	44.82	33.26	+1156
Allahabad	.. ..	38.03	36.36	+1.67
Sind—				
Jaccobabad	.. ..	1.50	2.32	—0.82
Karachi	.. ..	2.25	5.90	—3.65
Rajputana—				
Ajmer	.. ..	32.43	18.62	+1381
Jaipur	.. ..	46.02	21.98	+2404
Kotah	.. ..	48.66	26.26	+2240
Mount Abu	.. ..	65.83	58.55	+7.28
Kathiawar—				
Bhuj	.. ..	7.20	13.79	—6.58
Dwarka	.. ..	3.81	12.79	—8.98
Veraval	.. ..	15.42	18.07	—2.6[illegible]
Rajkot	.. ..	23.81	25.35	—1.5[illegible]
Bhavnagar Para	.. ..	16.74	20.13	—3.3[illegible]
Gujrat—				
Surat	.. ..	43.81	40.23	+3.58
Ahmedabad	.. ..	24.27	27.97	—3.70
Deesa	.. ..	29.90	23.75	+6.15
Central India West—				
Neemuch	.. ..	35.11	27.53	+7.58
Indore	.. ..	37.09	31.26	+5.74
Central Provinces—				
Jubbulpore	.. ..	56.93	51.28	+5.65
Sangor	.. ..	38.91	42.02	—3.11
Hoshangabad	.. ..	40.76	46.05	—5.29
Khandwa	.. ..	38.25	27.72	+10.53
Akola	.. ..	34.09	28.64	+5.45
Amraoti	.. ..	27.82	29.97	—2.15
Nagpur	.. ..	36.21	44.79	—8.58
Chanda	.. ..	33.58	47.69	—8.11
Raipur	.. ..	34.23	46.72	—12.[illegible]
Konkan—				
Bombay	.. ..	51.81	69.03	—17.[illegible]
Ratnagiri	.. ..	99.12	97.31	+1.81
Mormugao	.. ..	87.87	89.25	—1.38
Karwar	.. ..	115.21	114.13	+1.08
Bombay Deccan—				
Malegaon	.. ..	22.36	20.14	+2.22
Ahmednagar	.. ..	20.20	19.48	+0.72
Poona	.. ..	23.49	24.02	—0.53
Sholapur	.. ..	24.44	25.08	—0.64
Bijapur	.. ..	12.98	17.17	—4.19
Belgaum	.. ..	45.78	43.59	+2.19
Hyderabad—				
Aurangabad	.. ..	21.30	24.83	—3.53
Nizamabad (Indur)	..	30.84	36.77	—5.93
Hyderabad	.. ..	27.38	27.67	—0.29
Malabar—				
Mangalore	.. ..	134.39	114.38	+2001
Calicut	.. ..	141.69	97.85	+4384
Cochin	.. 0.01	134.51	86.37	+481[illegible]
Ceylon—				
Colombo	.. 0.32	50.58	35.36	+1522
Madras (Excluding Malabar) & Mysore.				
Masulipatam	.. ..	29.03	32.16	—3.13
Bellary	.. ..	16.96	15.02	+1.94
Cuddapah	.. 0.55	18.98	23.97	—4.99
Madras	.. 0.12	23.20	27.18	—3.98
Bangalore	.. ..	22.26	25.83	—3.57
Coimbatore	.. ..	29.27	12.17	+1710
Trichinopoly	.. 0.04	14.93	18.05	—3.[illegible]
Negapatam	.. 0.72	12.64	21.03	—8.[illegible]

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	26 × 2 3/8	Rs. 10/- each,
	26 × 2½	according to grade.
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ALL-INDIA MU[SIC] CONFERENCE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read [the] letter of Music-Lover," of Tard[eo] Road in the "Bombay Chronicle" of 8th [inst]ant and am emboldened to write the fo[llow]ing for publication, and I am sure that I [am] voicing the sentiment of many who are [situ]ated in the same position as myself, i.e. [de]ep lovers and students of the beautif[ul] cult of music, and having acquired som[e] ing of it under strenuous difficulties ha[ve] aid myself out to teach music in my [o]ll way, for I thing that is the least [ser]vice we can do towards its preservation.

Re. the [co]-coming Music Conference show in L[uc]ow what a shocking bad taste it is throw away thousands of rupees Conference of this kind? There is need for it and no use of it. The Chi[efs] and Talukdars are rich enough to hold y Conferences in their palaces for their pleasure and enjoyment, but to ma[ke] a public concern and to say th[at] they are serving the cause of music not right.

Fir[st] the programme given by Raja Umar[ao] Bali is so technical that it is more uited for a few learned pandits to meet together and unravel the difficult poin[ts]. The programme is exclusive and person[al] and not popular. Secondly, the Confer[ence] will only be attended by th[ose] who can afford to take the trip and th[ey] away a few hundreds and it is just li[ke] attending a highly pensive concerter. [Th]ly, for the sake of carrying out the pro[gra]me a few learned Pandits will read [pa]rs and for their own personal benefit will meet and discuss a few intricate [po]nts which may or may not be unravelled.

All energies, therefore should be [dir]ected to founding a great Academy of [In]dian Music, and Conferences, etc., should [be] held under the auspices of the Academy [an]d not otherwise. Lastly, at this critical [jun]cture when we are all striving with [ou]r might to serve the country's cause in [ev]ery way it is not right that such a show [sh]ould be held in Lucknow. I appeal to all who have got it up either to change the programme or not have it at all.

May I take this opportunity of offering the services of a group of enthusiasts like myself to Ativa Begum in her noble idea of founding an Academy of Indian Music, and may I suggest to her that she should select Bombay as the centre of such an institution? I have read her scheme and noting the gradual but sure change in the general conference I think the outlook is very hopeful.—

Yours, etc.,
G. S. DHURANDHAR
Sangit Visharad.

"BANDE MATARAM'S" APPEAL.

ADMITTED BY PUNJAB HIGH COURT.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Oct. 29.

An appeal under clause 10 of the Letters Patent preferred by the Punjab Akhbarat Co. Ltd. which owns the "Bande Mataram" newspaper came on for preliminary hearing to-day at the Lahore High Court before Sir Shadi Lal, Chief Justice, and Justice Le Rossignol. It will be remembered that the suit which was for damages for libel was filed by Mr. C. M. G. Ogilvie, I.C.S., then Deputy Commissioner of Shahpur in the court of Mr. Bawa Kashiram, sub-judge, Lahore, claiming Rs. 15,000 as damages. The sub-judge held that Mr. Ogilvie had not proved that he had been held up to universal odium and as substantial portion of the article was true, the plaintiff was not entitled to any special damages and awarded nominal damage of Rs. 100 only.

FATE OF THE APPEAL.

Against that decree Mr. Ogilvie appealed and appeal was heard before Mr. Justice Martineau and Mr. Justice Motisagar who pronounced judgments differing in their findings. Mr. Justice Motisagar was for dismissal of Mr. Ogilvie's appeal while Mr. Justice Martineau accepted the appeal and enhanced the damages to rupees ten thousand. The question arose whether the procedure laid down in the Civil Procedure Code or the Letters Patent would prevail whereupon the judges following the Privy Council ruling reported in 45 Bombay, held that the opinion of the Senior Judge, Mr. Justice Martineau would prevail. Against that decision a Letters Patent appeal was filed as above and Mr. Bakhshi Tekchand, Advocate for the appellant, contended before their Lordships that the Privy Council ruling was wrongly applied as the original right of appeal arose under the Civil Procedure Code and corresponding section of the Punjab Courts Act and not under the Letters Patent. He cited a Bombay and Burma ruling in support of his contention.

Their Lordships admitted the appeal and directed notice to issue.

BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, Oct. 30.

The Governor General in Council has accepted the resignation of the Honourable Mr. Justice Pinshah Faridunji Mulla, M.A., LL.B., of his office of Acting Additional Judge of the High court of Bombay, with effect from the 20th October 1924.

A Govt. of India Home Department Notification says, the Governor General in Council has appointed Mr. Justice Vicaji Faridunji Taraporevala, Barrister-at-Law, to act as an additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, with effect from the 20th October 1924 up to the 10th June 1925, inclusive.

Mr. J. A. Arratoon, Assistant Secretary to Government in the Political Department is appointed to be Passport Officer to the Government of Bombay, in addition to his own duties with effect from the 25th October 1924, vice Mr. H. Dow, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. R. T. F. Kirk, I.C.S, Acting District and Session Judge, Larkana, is granted leave on average pay for four months and on half average pay for five and half months with effect from the 14th December 1924, or the date of relief.

Mr. C. H. Bristow, I.C.S., is granted, with effect from 20th March 1925, or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved, leave on average pay for eight months.

Mr. H. V. Date, Acting Huzur Deputy Collector, Broach, is granted, with effect from 3rd October 1924, leave on average pay for two months and twenty-one days on medical certificate and is permitted to affix the Christmas holidays to it.

Mr. H. W. Starte, on return from leave, is appointed to be Assistant to the Divisional Forest Officer, Surat.

Mr. W. A. H. Miller, on return from leave is appointed to be Divisional Forest Officer, Poona, pending further orders.

Mr. Madan Lal Khanna, on relief by Mr. W. A. H. Miller, to be Assistant to the Divisional Forest Officer, Poona.

Mr. J. B. T. Brooks, on return from leave, to be Divisional Forest Officer, North Thana.

Mr. G. S. Butterworth, Divisional Forest Officer, North Thana, to be Divisional Forest Officer, E. D. Kanara, vice Mr. D. Sothers, proceeding on leave.

Mr. F. A. B. Coelho, Assistant to the Divisional Forest Officer, N. D. Kanara, to be Assistant to the Divisional Forest Officer Kolaba.

Mr. P. Muthuswamy, Assistant to the Divisional Forest Officer, Kolaba, to be Assistant to the Divisional Forest Officer, N. D. Kanara.

Mr. D. G. Sowani, Special Assistant Land Manager, Development Directorate, is granted leave on average pay with effect from the 16th October to 26th November 1924, both days inclusive.

The leave on average pay for eight months granted to Miss H. V. Twells, Inspectress of Girls' Schools, in Sind, is extended by leave on half average pay for two months and twelve days.

Mr. S. G. Sathe, Professor of Logic and Moral Philosophy, Deccan College, Poona, is appointed to be Professor of Logic and Moral Philosophy, Elphinstone College, Bombay.

Mr. V. M. Griffiths, Acting Chief Engineer for Irrigation and Joint Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, is granted leave on average pay for two months and fifteen days, combined with leave on half average pay for eleven months and six days, with effect from the 21st November 1924 or the subsequent date of relief.

Mr. C. C, Inglis, B.I.E, (Dub,) Executive Engineer, is granted leave on average pay for eight months combined with leave on half pay for one month and eight days, with effect from the 31st January 1925 or subsequent date of relief.

"EXPENSIVE LITIGATION."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Please permit a member of the much abused Bar a few lines in answer to the criticism that is being levied against it in your columns for some time past. The Bombay Bar has the privilege to rank among its members undoubted men of talent and public spirit whose names will readily occur to every persons in touch with public affairs. It ranks among its numbers men of undoubted uprightness of purpose, men whom Government has deligated to honour and the people to esteem. It is, therefore, a mistake to try to run down the Bar as a whole. At the same time, I would be departing from truth did I not admit that there is already grave dissatisfaction in the Bar itself with certain of its rules, particularly those which tend to make the rich richer and the poor poorer, in other words, those abuses whereby work is secured for the senior members at the expense of the junior. I refer to the habit of certain senior Counsel to accept briefs for far more work than they can possibly or fairly attend to, hoping to muddle through it some how as exigencies may permit. Owing to this practice, the litigants do not get from them the attention and care that they are paying for, the Court does not get the assistance that it is entitled to call for, and the juniors are deprived of the chance to "come out" or even to scrape a living. This unhealthy and undesirable state of things is not desirable from any standpoint. If any inquiry is to be held into the state of things at the Bar, I trust, the one on which I have dealt, and one which I submit is of vital importance to a large section of the Bar now vegetating without employment, will not be lost sight of.—Yours, etc.,

A MEMBER OF THE BAR.

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It was stated that he died from blood-poisoning—caused by a trifling burn on the little finger which he laughed at.
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NEVER assume an indifference to ordinary cuts, burns, and abrasions! Never be so foolish as to think such injuries of little account and allow them to go neglected for days! That's how limbs, and even lives, are sacrificed to this blood-poison peril.

In time of accident you need help quickly, and Zam-Buk is always the safest, and most reliable antiseptic first-aid to have handy. Whether it be a cut finger or a gashed knee, scratched arm, burnt hand, sprain, insect bite, bruise or open wound, Zam-Buk can always be depended upon to swiftly banish pain and soreness, and ensure the utmost safety with clean perfect healing.

Zam-Buk's valuable antiseptic property, not only guards exposed tissues against infection, but quickly removes any trace of poison already there. Thus suppuration, inflammation and ulceration are completely averted.

Being a pure refined balm, scientifically prepared from precious herbal extracts, Zam-Buk provides a perfectly invaluable remedy for all manner of skin troubles. It is absolutely free from the pore-clogging animal fats and crude drugs found in common ointments and dressings.

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INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

Mr. Barton, M.L.C., President of Bengal Anglo-Indian Association who is on a visit to Allahabad conferred with the Committee of the local Association on the subject of amalgamation with the central body. At a public meeting he deprecated aloofness complained of as existing between the European and the Anglo-Indian. Mr. Justice Walsh who presided advocated joining with some organised central body as the only step to successful working of the Association.—A. P.

* * * *

Colonel Crawford, Secretary of the European Association, addressed a meeting of Indians at Madras on Wednesday and explained the aims and policy of the European Association. Col. Crawford said in the past most Indians looked upon the European Association as anti-Indian. He wanted them to dispel that notion from their minds at once and pointed out that their ideal was to secure in India a representative form of Government. By which he did not mean transfer of power from one class o rsection to another but transfer of control to the people.

Sir K. V. Reddy, Mr. G. A. Natesan and Prof. Mr. Ratnaswami expressed the opinion that such frank expression of views and exchange of opinions would undoubtedly help in bringing the two races closer.—A. P.

Commenting to-day on the Bengal Ordinance and the recent arrests the "Pratap" of Lahore says: Lord Reading has revealed himself in his true colours by inaugurating Czarist policy in Bengal. This is an overt attempt to crush the Swaraj Party. The whole country will at this juncture, unite under the banner of the Congress and repel the blow aimed at it and the Swaraj Party by the bureaucracy.

The "Zemindar" says: Government should take courage in both hands and try violent suspects in open courts otherwise people will think that the Viceroy has used his emergency powers to discredit and weaken the Swaraj Party.

* * * *

The "Karmavir" says: Government has once more enforced the Rowlatt Act in a new form. It hopes that the country will take up this challenge and trusts that repression will not damp the patriotic spirit of the Bengalis.—A. P.

* * * *

To perpetuate the memory of his revered father, the late Mr. Daji Hari Wadegaonker, Rao Bahadur N. D. Wadegaonker, M.A., District and Sessions Judge, Nagpur, has paid a sum of Rs. 1,500 to the Nagpur University for a gold medal to be awarded every year to the student who stands first in M.A. Examination in Sanskrit and is placed either in the first or second division. Failing such student the medal shall be awarded to the student who obtains the highest percentage of marks at the M.A. Examination of the year in Marathi and Hindi and is placed in the first or second division. The vice-Chancellor has thankfully accepted the offer.—A.P.

* * * *

His Excellency the Viceroy will arrive by special train at Rajkot at eight o'clock on the morning of November 24th and will receive visits from the First and Second Class Ruling Chiefs and on the following morning attend the social gathering at the Rajkumar College. A durbar attended by the Ruling Chiefs Talukdars, Officers and the elite of the Northern Bombay States will be held in the Connaught Hall at which His Excellency the Viceroy will make a formal announcement of the reorganisation scheme bringing Cutch, Kathiawar and Palanpur under the direct political control of the Government of India. The Viceroy and the party will leave Rajkot for the Gir Forest by special train at 10 p.m.—A. P.

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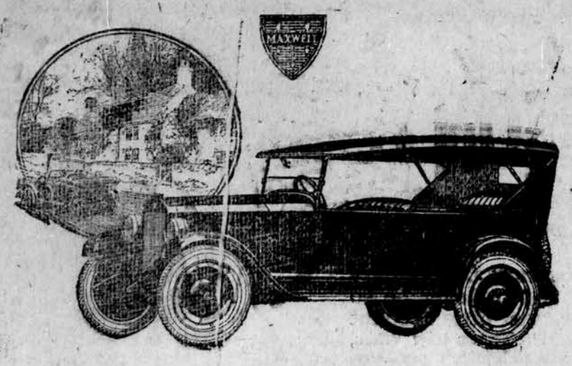

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BEWARE OF FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS.

PLAY GROUNDS FOR CHILDREN.

NEED OF OPEN SPACES.

COMMITTEE'S REPORT AND SUGGESTIONS.

DISCUSSION IN CORPORATION.

A meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held on Thursday, Mr. V. J. Patel presiding.

The Corporation considered the report of a Committee regarding the question of providing open spaces and gardens for the use of the public in the B and C Wards of the city. The Committee was informed that in the B Ward there were three open spaces, and they now asked that the Babula Tank site might be improved. About C Ward it was suggested that the site of the Mumbadevi Tank, if the tank were filled in, might afford a good open ground. The Committee recommended the Commissioner to approach the Trustees of the Tank with a view to filling it in and keeping it as an open ground.

Mr. R. S. Asavale moved that the report be adopted. He said by using the dirty water in the tank disease was being spread throughout the city. It would be a good thing to keep the space vacant after filling the tank, for the benefit of the residents of the locality. He was sure if there was any objection on the part of the residents to having the tank filled in, they would have sent letters opposing the scheme.

Mr. K. S. Dhondy seconded.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai moved an amendment that the report be adopted as far as the recommendations about B Ward were concerned, and as far as C Ward was concerned the report should be recorded. He said they had filled in almost all the tanks in the city, and this was one of the few tanks left. Instead of filling it in, it would be better to clean the tank and keep the water pure. If the public knew that they were going to fill in the tank, he was sure there would have been thousands of protests from Hindus. Was it absolutely necessary to fill the tank, and was there no other place available? Thousands of Hindus used the water of the tank: it was no use complaining that the water was dirty, when they had made no affort at all to keep the water clean.

Mr. S. D. Navalkar seconded.

WANTED MANY OPEN SPACES.

Mr. B. N. Motiwalla said there were about two lakhs of people living in C Ward, and they wanted many open spaces there. He did not think that the Trustees would ever consent to the tank being filled in. Both the Mumbadevi and Bhuleshwar Tanks were plague-spots in that locality, because the Trustees were not doing their duty properly. These places were breeding mosquitos and he felt disgusted even to touch the water and he hoped the Commissioner would compel the Trustees to keep these tanks clean. He thought if they could get possession of Mr. Sobani's piece of land it would be a good thing for the residents of that Ward.

Mr. Gulabchand Devchand did not think the Trustees would ever allow the Mumbadevi tank to be filled in. If they wanted open spaces in C Ward there the Corporation must pay for them.

Mr. V. A. Dabholkar supported the amendment for recording the report as far as C Ward was concerned. He thought the report was a hasty one, and he asked the Commissioner whether he had ever taken steps to keep the tank clean. Mumbadevi Tank was being used by the people of Bombay and they could never think of filling it in. Mr. Asavale, who was not living in the locality, of course, could not realise the feelings of the residents of C Ward.

Dr. Jehangir Cursetji opposed the amendment.

Mr. J. G. Nensey said the members of the Committee who had adopted the report were not perhaps aware of the feelings of the Hindu members. If the water of the tank was dirty, why were the Municipal Officers not taking any steps to keep it clean? Instead of corresponding with the Trustees of the Mumbadevi Tank, it would have been better for the Corporation to have taken steps to clean the waters of the tank, he said.

The amendment was carried as a substantive proposition.

PLAY GROUNDS FOR CHILDREN.

The Corporation considered the report of the Sanitary Measures Committee for the provision of open spaces, play grounds and directed games for children. The suggestion of Mr. N. M. Joshi was to "have two play-grounds in the City of Bombay to begin with which should contain the necessary apparatus and equipment for the children to play with. There should be one properly trained Director for each play-ground to guide the children and take charge of the games. He also said that the Y.M.C.A. could provide the Municipality with trained Directors and that in his opinion the two play-grounds should be situated in the midst of crowded localities in the City and reserved for children only. Mr. Bryant said that the Y.M.C.A. had undertaken this kind of work in Deccan Hyderabad and in Madras and that they hoped to make a beginning in Bombay as an experimental measure at least for a year to demonstrate to the public its usefulness. They were ready to provide Directors for the two play-grounds which they had suggested. The selection of the sites for these play-grounds would be left entirely to the Corporation. Mr. Bryant added that the cost of the apparatus would come to about Rs. 6,000 per each play-ground and that about 500 children could be accommodated in each of them. As regards the provision of a Director for each play-ground, Mr. Bryant informed the Committee that the Y.M.C.A. would willingly give to the Municipality the services of trained Directors provided the Corporation gave them a grant of Rs. 200 per month. In his opinion it was quite essential that each play-ground should have a well-trained and responsible person who should be able to take charge of the children both healthy and defective and that complete success of their scheme would depend upon the character, training and resourcefulness of the Directors. The Commissioner pointed out that under the present conditions of the City it would be quite impossible to provide large areas as play-grounds which according to Mr. Bryant's proposal would be required to be reserved exclusively for children as play-grounds for all the time but that it could be arranged to keep an open space reserved as a play-ground for children for some hours only during the day.

The Committee have carefully considered the question, in consultation with the Commissioner, and they beg to recommend that the experiment of directed games as suggested by Mr. Bryant be tried under the direction of the Y.M.C.A., Bombay, at two places viz. (1) the site of the Willingdon Memorial play ground at Ripon Road and (2) the reclaimed site of the Gilder tank and that the Commissioner be requested to make the necessary arrangements for the purpose. The Committee also recommend that the experiment should be carried on subject to the condition that the apparatus for the play-grounds should be purchased and erected by the Municipality in consultation with the Y.M.C.A. authorities and that spectators should not be prohibited from entering the play-grounds provided they are well behaved."

Mrs. Harry Hodgkinson moved that the report be approved and adopted and that a copy be sent to the Commissioner for necessary action. She said the report of the Committee was unanimous, as they recognised the necessity of having playgrounds for children, who were now handicapped for want of them.

Mr. A. K. Pai seconded and the motion was adopted.

SUCCESSFUL INDIAN SCIENTIST.

News has been received from London that Mr. Kaikhusho Kabraji, son of Mr. J. K. N. Kabraji, I C S, Retired, has passed the M Sc. Examination of the London University with distinction. His thesis on Crystallography was highly appreciated and will be very shortly published by the University Young Mr. Kabraji, who is the first Parsi and one of the very few Indians to acquire the coveted London Degree, proposes to complete his higher Scientific Education in Paris. It will be emembered that Mr. Kabraji was one of the leading young Indians in England who worked strenuously on behalf of the stranded and other Russians who had come to grief owing to Bolshevik propaganda and for whom a relief fund was started by Professor Vinogradoff in England and Dr Tagore in India. Mr. Kaikhushro's brother Mr F Kabraji is one of the patriotic students working at Shantiniketan under Dr. Tagore's guidance.

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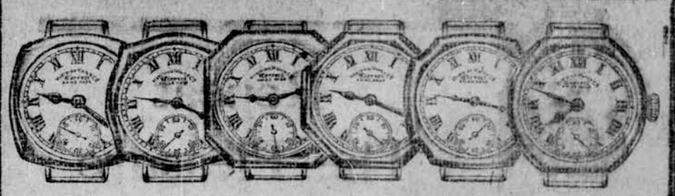

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नकली मालावरुल सावध रहा.
اصل اوڈی کولن واٹر طلب کرو نقل مال سے پرہیز کریں یہ پہچان ہے اصل جرمنی کی ساختہ ہے

AN UNSEEMLY CONTROVERSY

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Will you kindly permit me to set-forth a few thoughts on an unseemly controversy which has been, of late, raising its head in the Larnatic, in the columns of your powerful paper?

You are aware, Sir, that a few months back, it was decided, after much discussion not unmixed with some acrimony, that the Congress should meet this year at Belgaum. For many years past, the Belgaum District has been—I think unjustifiably—open to the suspicious of being too favourably inclined towards Marathi, to the neglect of language of the province to which it belongs—viz., Kanarese. Because of this reason, the Reception Committee is now being accused of giving undue predominance to Marathi and the matter threatens to assume alarming proportions and lead to undesirable consequences, unless our leaders tackle it without further delay.

The reason as to the foothold which Marathi has obtained in our district is two-fold. In the first place, we Belgaumians are on the border land between Maharashtra and the Carnatic. Naturally most of us know both the languages fairly well. Secondly, up to recent times, that is to say till 1920, Carnatic drew its inspiration and guidance from the masterful and magnetic personality of the Late Lokmanya Tilak, and his recognised organ the "Kesari". And this fact contributed not a little to the spread of Marathi in our province.

During the past three or four years, however, a great change has come over us. The Carnatic has been recognised as a separate and self-sufficient province by the Indian National Congress. We are no longer willing to be led by the nose, by our marathi brithren, as was the case in the past. Our district was, is, and will continue to be an integral part of the Carnatic, and the fears of our friends in the other districts of this province—and of those from Dharwar in particular—are without any foundation in fact. We are second to none in our love of and pride in the Canarese language and literature. I trust that the Reception Committee will prove into the change brought against it and if the allegation is found to be true, smooth matters by giving Canarese its due predominance. It is important to bear in mind, none-the-less that to be pro-Canarese is not necessarily to be anti-Malathi. Let us close up ranks and under the inspiring leadership of Mahatma Gandhi, endeavour to make the Belgaum Congress a land-mark in the history of India.—Yours, etc.,

B. D. B

Belgaum Oct. 12.

MRS. BESANT ON VILLAGE SYSTEM.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, Oct. 29.

Dr. Annie Besant speaking at the Convocation of the Mysore University this morning traced at some length the history of literature and education during the Hindu, Buddhistic and the Mohamedan ages and said that the destruction of the village system in 1816 in Madras after the advent of the British left the schools uncared for, and the imposition of rents on the cultivators who had their share in the land of the village community made them poorer and the school master no longer provided for disappeared. Matters were however improved once again and the Indian languages were, at last, beginning to come into their own. The fundamental reform needed in the schools was the teaching of all the subjects in the mother tongue and English as a second language in the middle and the high schools. Indian history written by Indians must be studied to arouse and cultivate civic emotion and broadminded patriotism. To estore the village community with the village school, the village industries, the right system of land-holding, and irrigation were the tasks for statesmen, but the work of the University was to prepare young men and women of the nation to take up these heavy duties demanding noble character, trained brain, loving well-disciplined heart and stalwart active body.

A Bangalore, message of October 29th says:—The appeal preferred in the Chief Court, Bangalore against the acquittal of Mr. S. D. S. Iyengar, until lately Chief Electrical Engineer, Sivasamudram has been withdrawn by the Government. The case had reference to an alleged defalcation of nearly a lakh of rupees of Government money. The Government Commission found Mr. Iyengar guilty and Government suspended him from the service and ordered the repayment to them of nearly Rs. 50,000.

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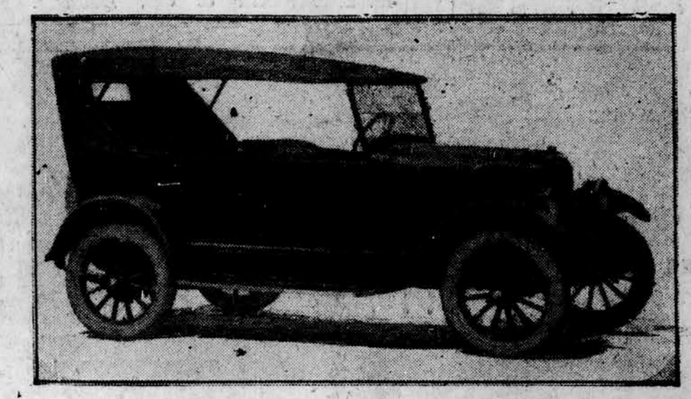

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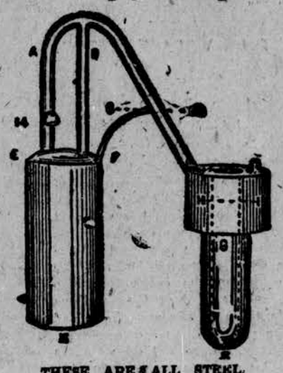

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